English 8
Required
Sayreville Middle School

Full Year

Date Curriculum Approved/ Revised:

M. Provenza & K. Williams

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### Statement of Purpose

<u>Summary of the Course:</u> The course of study is designed to expose students to the basic foundations of great classic literature while gaining a new perspective for different types of writing including: argumentative and analytical. Language Arts Literacy at the 8<sup>th</sup> grade level is all about the creation of a working relationship between the student and the texts that are studied. Responding to various types of literature through writing and creation enables the student to create a self-identity that can be expressed without judgement or bias. With a collection of seven units of study, the student will gather a true appreciation for reading and writing; this is the primary goal of the curriculum. Some of the core units of study involve decoding the classic work of Shakespeare, defining and utilizing analytical writing, learning how to create an argument and effectively implement it through writing, and finally, exploring his/her own identities through classic literary pieces and making comparisons along the way.

In order to demonstrate a cohesive and complete implementation plan, the following general suggestions are provided:

- The use of various formative assessments are encouraged in order to provide an ongoing method of determining the current level of understanding the students have of the material presented.
- Homework, when assigned, should be relevant and reflective of the current teaching strategies taking place in the classroom.
- Instruction should be differentiated to allow students the best opportunity to learn and grow based on their own particular strengths.
- Assessments should be varied and be focused on topics of instruction that were focused on in class.
- Modifications to the curriculum should be included that address students with Individualized Educational Plans (IEP), English Language Learners (ELL), and those requiring other modifications (504 plans

### **Unit 1: Close Reading and Interacting With Text**

**Summary of the Unit:** In this unit students will review strategies for close reading that will help them think about and interact more deeply with the texts that they read. Through repeated practice with a variety of different texts, students will gain confidence in their abilities to comprehend, annotate, and discuss literature, poetry, nonfiction, and the elements that make them up. The unit will culminate in the creation of a portfolio that showcases students' close reading abilities across multiple genres and text types.

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

- Specific strategies can be used in order to enable a close, critical reading of texts through annotation and careful analysis.
- Reading gives us the unique opportunity to examine the world as well as the people who live in it.
- Due to the different life experiences that we carry with us, no two people will ever look at a text in the exact same way.

#### **Essential Questions:**

- What is annotation?
- How do I meaningfully annotate a text?
- What are the six signposts and why do we use them?
- How do I effectively discuss literature with another?

### Summative Assessment and/ or Summative Criteria to demonstrate mastery of the Unit

• Close Reading Portfolio - This portfolio will allow students to show their mastery of close reading in both fiction and nonfiction. They will submit work related to a short story, an Achieve3000 article, and a poem.

#### **Resources:**

### **Texts**

• Notice and Note – Strategies for Close Reading by Kylene Beers and Robert E. Probst

#### **Short Stories**

- "A Girl I Knew" by J.D. Salinger
- "Harrison Bergeron" by Kurt Vonnegut
- "A Sound of Thunder" by Ray Bradbury

- "Shooting an Elephant" by George Orwell
- Excerpts from *The Illustrated Man* by Ray Bradbury

### **Poetry**

- "The Raven" by Edgar Allen Poe
- "Annabel Lee" by Edgar Allan Poe
- "Hope" Is The Thing With Feathers" by Emily Dickinson

Topic/ Selection	Suggested Timeline per topic	General Objectives	Instructional Activities	Suggested Benchmarks/ Assessments	NJSLS Standards
Introduction to Annotation / Contrast and	1 Week	SWBAT cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an	* All short stories listed with activities are suggested titles.  Teachers may swap them out for other short stories on the list as desired. *	Have students annotate the given texts.	NJSLS RL8.1 NJSLS
Contradiction Signpost		analysis of what "Harrison Bergeron"/"The Man" says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	<ul> <li>Introduction to Annotation</li> <li>Class Discussion/Presentation on Annotation</li> <li>Why do we annotate?</li> <li>What are the different types of annotation?</li> <li>What benefits does annotation give us?</li> </ul>	Have students complete comprehension questions.	RL8.2 NJSLS RL8.3
		SWBAT determine a theme or central idea of "Harrison Bergeron"/ "The Man" and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting,	<ul> <li>What format should our annotations take?</li> <li>2. Teacher Modeling of Annotation (Suggested Text: "Harrison Bergeron" by Kurt Vonnegut)</li> <li>Hand out a copy of the story to all students.</li> <li>The teacher will read aloud and annotate the text in real time for the students, explaining choices and thoughts as they go along.</li> </ul>	Have students respond to texts through various means (open ended responses, journal entries)	NJSLS W8.4 NJSLS W8.9A NJSLS L8.5A-C
		and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.	<ul> <li>3. Student Annotation Practice</li> <li>Students will finish reading the end of the text and annotate as they go.</li> </ul>	Have students create a double sided journal for the	

SWBAT analyze how
particular lines of
dialogue or incidents in
"Harrison Bergeron"/
"The Man" propel the
action, reveal aspects of a
character, or provoke a
decision.
SWBAT determine the
meaning of words and
mbmagag ag thay and yaad in

SWBAT determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in "Harrison Bergeron"/
"The Man", including figurative and connotative meanings.

SWBAT analyze the impact of specific word choices in "Harrison Bergeron"/ "The Man" on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

SWBAT write routinely over extended time frames (research/reflection, metacognition/selfcorrection/revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks • Students will sort their own annotations, looking to see if they favored one type over another. Students should work to be making a variety of annotations as they read.

#### 4. Comprehension Questions

- Students will work in groups to answer comprehension questions about the text.
- The teacher will review answers with the class and have a general discussion about the story.

#### 5. Respond to Text

- Response Option: Having finished reading "Harrison Bergeron", should we strive for a fair society or an equal one?
- 6. Contrasts and Contradictions (Suggested Text: "The Man" by Ray Bradbury)
  - Review the poster for the Contrasts and Contradiction Signpost.
  - Model the correct format for annotating a contrast and contradiction, making sure that students know that they need to answer the question that is attached to the signpost (Why is the character doing that?), not just note that they found one.

### 7. Reading the Text

- 1<sup>st</sup> Read General Annotation and Discussion
  - Students will keep a log of their annotations as they read the text.
  - Students will work in groups to answer comprehension questions about the text.

Contrasts and Contradiction Signpost.

		and purposes relating to "Harrison Bergeron"/ "The Man".	<ul> <li>The teacher will review answers with the class and have a general discussion about the text.</li> </ul>		
		SWBAT engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners about "Harrison Bergeron"/ "The Man", building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Read – Contrast and Contradictions Double Sided Journal         <ul> <li>Students will create a double sided journal.</li> <li>Left Side: Quote showing the example of Contrast and Contradictions</li> <li>Right Side: Answer to the question "Why would the character act this way?"</li> </ul> </li> <li>8. Respond to Text         <ul> <li>Response Option: Having looked closely at character in this story, do you believe we are meant to feel sorry for Captain Hart at the end?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Aha Moment	1 Week	SWBAT cite the textual	* All short stories listed with activities are suggested titles.	Have students	NJSLS
and Tough Questions		evidence and make relevant connections that	Teachers may swap them out for other short stories on the list as desired. *	annotate the given texts.	RL8.1
Signposts		most strongly supports an	nst as desired.	given texts.	NJSLS
		analysis of what "The	1. Aha Moment (Suggested Text: "The Veldt" by Ray	Have students	RL8.2
		Veldt"/"The Visitor" says	Bradbury)	complete	
		explicitly as well as	Review the poster for the Aha Moment.	comprehension	NJSLS
		inferences drawn from the text.	Model the correct format for annotating an Aha	questions.	RL8.3
		text.	Moment, making sure that students know that they need to answer the question that is attached to the	Have students	NJSLS
		SWBAT determine a	signpost (How might this change things?), not just	respond to the	W8.4
		theme or central idea of	note that they found one.	text through	
		"The Veldt"/"The Visitor"	-	various means	NJSLS
		and analyze its	2. Reading the Text	(open ended	W8.9A
		development over the	• 1 <sup>st</sup> Read – General Annotation and Discussion	responses,	NICLC
		course of the text, including its relationship	<ul> <li>Students will keep a log of their annotations</li> </ul>	journal entries)	NJSLS L8.5A-C
		merading its relationship	as they read the text.	••••	L0.3A-C

to the characters, setting,
and plot; provide an
objective summary of the
text.

SWBAT analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in "The Veldt"/"The Visitor" propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.

SWBAT determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in "The Veldt"/"The Visitor", including figurative and connotative meanings.

SWBAT analyze the impact of specific word choices in "The Veldt"/"The Visitor" on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

SWBAT write routinely over extended time frames (research/reflection, metacognition/self-

- Students will work in groups to answer comprehension questions about the text.
- The teacher will review answers with the class and have a general discussion about the text.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Read Aha Moment Double Sided Journal
  - o Students will create a double sided journal.
    - Left Side: Quote showing the example of an Aha Moment
    - Right Side: Answer to the question "How might this change things?"

### 3. Respond to Text

- Response Option: Who should we blame for the events at the end of the story, the kids or the parents?
- 4. Tough Questions (Suggested Text: "The Visitor" by Ray Bradbury)
  - Review the poster for Tough Questions
  - Model the correct format for annotating Tough Questions, making sure that students know that they need to answer the question that is attached to the signpost (What does this question make me wonder about?), not just note that they found one.

### 5. Reading the Text

- 1<sup>st</sup> Read General Annotation and Discussion
  - Students will keep a log of their annotations as they read the text.
  - Students will work in groups to answer comprehension questions about the text.

Have students create a double sided journal for the Aha Moment and Tough Questions Signposts.

		correction/revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks and purposes relating to "The Veldt"/"The Visitor".  SWBAT engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners about "The Veldt"/"The Visitor", building on	<ul> <li>The teacher will review answers with the class and have a general discussion about the text.</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Read – Tough Questions Double Sided Journal</li> <li>Students will create a double sided journal.</li> <li>Left Side: Quote showing the example of a Tough Question.</li> <li>Right Side: Answer to the question "What does this question make me wonder about?"</li> <li>Respond to Text</li> <li>Response Option: How does this story demonstrate the dangers of greed?</li> </ul>		
Words of the Wiser and Again and Again Signposts	1 Week	others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.  SWBAT cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an analysis of what "The Rocket"/"The Rocket Man" says explicitly as well as inferences drawn	* All short stories listed with activities are suggested titles.  Teachers may swap them out for other short stories on the list as desired. *  1. Words of the Wiser (Suggested Text: "The Rocket" by Ray Bradbury)  • Review the poster for the Words of the Wiser Signpost	Have students annotate the given texts.  Have students complete comprehension question	NJSLS RL8.1 NJSLS RL8.2 NJSLS RL8.3
		from the text.  SWBAT determine a theme or central idea of "The Rocket"/"The Rocket Man" and analyze	<ul> <li>Model the correct format for annotating Words of the Wiser, making sure that students know that they need to answer the question that is attached to the signpost (What is the life lesson and how might it affect the character?), not just note that they found one.</li> </ul>	Have students respond to texts through various means	NJSLS W8.4 NJSLS W8.9A

including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.  SWBAT analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in "The Rocket"/"The Rocket Man" propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.  SWBAT determine the meaning of words and	<ul> <li>1st Read – General Annotation and Discussion         <ul> <li>Students will keep a log of their annotations as they read the text.</li> <li>Students will work in groups to answer comprehension questions about the text.</li> <li>The teacher will review answers with the class and have a general discussion about the text.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2nd Read – Words of the Wiser Double Sided Journal         <ul> <li>Students will create a double sided journal.</li> <li>Left Side: Quote showing the example of Words of the Wiser</li> <li>Right Side: Answer to the question "What is the life lesson and how might it affect the character?"</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	(open ended responses, journal entries)  Have students create a double sided journal for the Words of the Wiser and Again and Again Signposts.	NJSLS L8.5A-C
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		SWBAT write routinely over extended time frames (research/reflection, metacognition/self-correction/revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks and purposes relating to "The Rocket"/"The Rocket Man".  SWBAT engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners about "The Rocket Man", building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	<ul> <li>1st Read – General Annotation and Discussion         <ul> <li>Students will keep a log of their annotations as they read the text.</li> <li>Students will work in groups to answer comprehension questions about the text.</li> <li>The teacher will review answers with the class and have a general discussion about the text.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2nd Read – Again and Again Double Sided Journal         <ul> <li>Students will create a double sided journal.</li> <li>Left Side: Quote showing the example of Again and Again</li> <li>Right Side: Answer to the question "Why does this keep showing up again and again?"</li> </ul> </li> <li>Respond to Text         <ul> <li>Response Option: Is The Rocket Man a good person?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Memory Moment Signpost and Annotating Poetry	1 Week	SWBAT cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an analysis of what "Marionettes, Inc."/"The Raven" says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	* All short stories listed with activities are suggested titles.  Teachers may swap them out for other short stories on the list as desired. *  1. Memory Moment (Suggested Text: "Marionettes, Inc." by Ray Bradbury)  • Review the poster for the Memory Moment Signpost • Model the correct format for annotating Memory Moments, making sure that students know that they	Have students annotate the given texts.  Have students complete comprehension question answers.	NJSLS RL8.1 NJSLS RL8.2 NJSLS RL8.3

	need to answer the question that is attached to the		NJSLS
SWBAT determine a	signpost ("Why might this memory be important?"),	Have students	W8.4
theme or central idea of	not just note that they found one.	respond to	
"Marionettes, Inc."/"The		texts through	NJSLS
Raven" and analyze its	2. Reading the Text	various means	W8.9A
development over the	• 1 <sup>st</sup> Read – General Annotation and Discussion	(open ended	
course of the text,	<ul> <li>Students will keep a log of their annotations</li> </ul>	responses,	NJSLS
including its relationship	as they read the text.	journal entries	L8.5A-C
to the characters, setting,	<ul> <li>Students will work in groups to answer</li> </ul>	)	
and plot; provide an	comprehension questions about the text.		
objective summary of the	<ul> <li>The teacher will review answers with the</li> </ul>	Have students	
text.	class and have a general discussion about the	create a double	
	text.	sided journal	
SWBAT analyze how		for the	
particular lines of	• 2 <sup>nd</sup> Read – Memory Moment Double Sided Journal	Memory	
dialogue or incidents in	<ul> <li>Students will create a double sided journal.</li> </ul>	Moment	
"Marionettes, Inc."/"The	<ul> <li>Left Side: Quote showing the example</li> </ul>	Signpost.	
Raven" propel the action,	of Memory Moment		
reveal aspects of a	<ul><li>Right Side: Answer to the question</li></ul>		
character, or provoke a	"Why might this memory be		
decision.	important?"		
SWBAT determine the	3. Respond to Text		
meaning of words and	<ul> <li>Response Option: Did Braling have a morally</li> </ul>		
phrases as they are used in	acceptable reason to have a Marionette created?		
"Marionettes, Inc."/"The			
Raven", including	4. Annotating Poetry (Suggested Text: "The Raven" by		
figurative and connotative	Edgar Allan Poe)		
meanings.	<ul> <li>Briefly review poetry terms and concepts with</li> </ul>		
	students.		
SWBAT analyze the	• The teacher will read aloud and annotate the first five		
impact of specific word	stanzas in real time for the students, explaining		
choices in "Marionettes,			

	Inc."/"The Raven" on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.  SWBAT write routinely over extended time frames (research/reflection, metacognition/self-correction/revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks and purposes relating to "Marionettes, Inc."/"The Raven".  SWBAT engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners about "Marionettes, Inc."/"The Raven", building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	<ul> <li>choices and thoughts as they go along.</li> <li>5. Reading the Text <ul> <li>Students will keep a log of their annotations as they read the text.</li> <li>Students will work in groups to answer comprehension questions about the text.</li> <li>The teacher will review answers with the class and have a general discussion about the text.</li> </ul> </li> <li>6. Respond to Text <ul> <li>Response Option: What is the mood of this poem? How does the author make us feel this way?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		NICL C
Annotating 1 Wee Poetry and Nonfiction Annotation	k SWBAT cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an	<ul> <li>1. Annotating Poetry Continued (Suggested Text: "Annabel Lee" by Edgar Allan Poe)</li> <li>Students will keep a log of their annotations as they read the text.</li> </ul>	Have students complete comprehension	NJSLS RL8.1

analysis of what "Annabel Lee"/"The Raven" says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.  SWBAT determine a theme or central idea of "Annabel Lee"/"The Raven" and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.	<ul> <li>Students will work in groups to answer comprehension questions about the text.</li> <li>The teacher will review answers with the class and have a general discussion about the text.</li> <li>Respond to Text <ul> <li>Response Option: Compare and contrast "The Raven" and "Annabel Lee".</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. Nonfiction Annotation (Suggested Text: Articles from Achieve 3000) <ul> <li>Briefly review nonfiction text features and how they can be annotated with students.</li> <li>The teacher will read aloud and annotate the text in real time for the students, explaining choices and thoughts as they go along.</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. Reading the Text</li> </ul>	question answers.  Have students respond to texts through various means (open ended responses, journal entries)  Have students complete the Achieve3000 article's Thought Question	NJSLS RL8.2 NJSLS RL8.3 NJSLS W8.4 NJSLS W8.9A NJSLS L8.5A-C
3		*	
SWRAT determine a	±	_	NISI S
	Raven and Annaber Lee .	responses,	
-		3	
	/	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
_ =			
		_	L8.5A-C
objective summary of the	<u> </u>	article's	
text.		_	
SWBAT analyze how	4. Reading the Text	Question	
particular lines of	• Students will keep a log of their annotations as they read the text.		
dialogue or incidents in "Annabel Lee"/"The	Students will answer the multiple choice questions		
Raven" propel the action,	that go with the article.		
reveal aspects of a	The teacher will review answers with the class and have a general discussion about the text.		
character, or provoke a decision.	and the discontinuous and the continuous and the co		
uccision.	5. Respond to Text		
SWBAT determine the	Response Option: Achieve 300 Thought Question		
meaning of words and			
phrases as they are used in "Annabel Lee"/"The			
Raven", including			
)	L	1	ı

figurative and connotative meanings.	
SWBAT analyze the	
impact of specific word choices in "Annabel	
Lee"/"The Rayen" on	
meaning and tone,	
including analogies or	
allusions to other texts.	
and storing to other texts.	
SWBAT determine the	
central idea of an article	
from Achieve3000 and	
analyze its development	
over the course of the text,	
including its relationship	
to supporting ideas;	
provide an objective	
summary of the text.	
SWBAT analyze how an	
article from Achieve3000	
makes connections among	
and distinctions between	
individuals, ideas, or	
events (e.g., through	
comparisons, analogies, or	
categories).	
CWD ATE 1 ( ) (1	
SWBAT determine the	
meaning of words and phrases as they are used in	
pinases as mey are used in [	

		articles from Achieve3000, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.  SWBAT analyze the impact of specific word choices in articles from Achieve3000 on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.  SWBAY write responses to the Thought Questions from Achieve3000 articles.  SWBAT engage			
		effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups,			
		and teacher-led) with diverse partners about			
		"Annabel Lee"/"The Raven"/Achieve3000			
		articles, building on			
		others' ideas and			
		expressing their own			
D44: '4 11	1 337 - 1	clearly.	1 Commention Assessment	TI4 1 4	NICL C
Putting it all Together:	1 Week	SWBAT cite the textual evidence and make	1. Summative Assessment	Have students create a Close	NJSLS RL8.1
rogemer.		relevant connections that	Close Reading Portfolio – This portfolio will allow students to show their mastery of close reading in	Cicate a Ciose	KL0.1

Summative	most strongly supports an	both fiction and nonfiction. They will submit work	Reading	NJSLS
Assessment	analysis of what a Unit 1	related to a short story, an Achieve3000 article, and a	Portfolio.	RL8.2
	text says explicitly as well	poem.		
	as inferences drawn from	<ul> <li>Short Story Requirements</li> </ul>		NJSLS
	the texts.	<ul><li>Annotations</li></ul>		RL8.3
		<ul> <li>Answers to comprehension questions</li> </ul>		
	SWBAT determine a	<ul> <li>Achieve3000 Article Requirements</li> </ul>		NJSLS
	theme or central idea from	<ul><li>Annotations</li></ul>		W8.4
	a Unit 1 text and analyze	<ul> <li>Multiple choice answers</li> </ul>		
	its development over the	<ul> <li>Completed Thought Question</li> </ul>		NJSLS
	course of the text,	<ul> <li>Poem Requirements</li> </ul>		W8.9A
	including its relationship	<ul><li>Annotations</li></ul>		
	to the characters, setting,	<ul> <li>Answers to comprehension questions</li> </ul>		NJSLS
	and plot; provide an			L8.5A-C
	objective summary of the			
	text.			NJSLS
				W10
	SWBAT analyze how			
	particular lines of			NJSLS
	dialogue or incidents in a			RL8.10
	Unit 1 text propel the			
	action, reveal aspects of a			
	character, or provoke a			
	decision.			
	SWBAT determine the			
	meaning of words and			
	phrases as they are used in			
	a Unit 1 text, including			
	figurative and connotative			
	meanings.			

SWBAT analyze the		
impact of specific word		
choices used in Unit 1		
texts on meaning and		
tone, including analogies		
or allusions to other texts.		
SWBAT cite the textual		
evidence and make		
relevant connections that		
most strongly supports an		
analysis of what a Unit 1		
text says explicitly as well		
as inferences drawn from		
the text.		
SWBAT determine the		
central idea of a Unit 1		
text and analyze its		
development over the		
course of the text,		
including its relationship		
to supporting ideas.		
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SWBAT analyze how a		
Unit 1 text makes		
connections among and		
distinctions between		
individuals, ideas, or		
events (e.g., through		
comparisons, analogies, or		
categories).		

SWBAT determine the	
meaning of words and	
phrases as they are used in	
a Unit 1 text, including	
figurative, connotative,	
and technical meanings;	
SWBAT analyze the	
impact of specific word	
choices used in Unit 1	
texts on meaning and	
tone, including analogies	
or allusions to other texts.	
or anusions to other texts.	
SWBAT write routinely	
over extended time frames	
(research/reflection,	
metacognition/self-	
correction/revision) and	
shorter time frames (a	
single sitting or a day or	
two) to create a	
Summative Portfolio.	
Summative Foliono.	

### Suggested Modifications for Special Education, English Language Learners and Gifted Students:

- Modifications for any individual student's IEP or 504 plan must be met.
- Alter assignment lengths if necessary.
- Provide additional examples of annotation and the signposts.
- Allow additional time when in full class discussing for processing and discussion.
- Students should be provided with graphic organizers during annotations and discussions.
- Check for understanding by conferencing with teacher.
- Students may chose a partner or teacher may chose a partner to work that student is comfortable with.
- Repeat and clarify any directions given.
- Allow for preferential seating within groups and whole class.

### **Suggested Technological Innovations/ Use:**

- 8.1.8. E.1: Effective use of digital tools assists in gathering and managing information.
- 8.2.8. F.2: Technology is created through the application and appropriate use of technological resources.
- 8.2.8. D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.
- Peer reviews are to be commented on mini papers through Google Documents
  8.2.8. D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology

### Cross Curricular/ 21st Century Connections:

systems.

- 9.1 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
  - o 9.1.8.A.1: Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
  - 9.1.8.B.2: Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., cross-cultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions.
  - o 9.1.8.C.2: Demonstrate the use of compromise, consensus, and community building strategies for carrying out different tasks, assignments, and projects.
  - o 9.1.8.D3: Use effective communication skills in face-to-face and online interactions with peers and adults from home and from diverse cultures.
  - o 9.1.8.F.1: Demonstrate how productivity and accountability contribute to realizing individual or group work goals within or outside the classroom.

### **Unit 2: Analytical Writing in the 21st Century**

**Summary of the Unit:** In this unit students will work to apply analytical writing skills to personal areas of interest and authority in order to write fresh and authentic analysis. As students explore mentor texts in a variety of genres, they will begin to see that analytical writing is all around them. It is in the sports articles they read about their favorite team's chances at the Super Bowl and in the video game reviews they read before deciding which game is worth spending money on. It is in podcasts and blogs, websites and Twitter feeds, being consumed by students without even being aware of what they are spending their time on. By bringing this more 21<sup>st</sup> century type of analytical writing to the forefront, we provide a real world connection and high student interest to an important genre of writing. We encourage students to write from an area of strength and passion, which allows for a deeper and more insightful level of analysis. The unit will culminate in the creation of an article about a topic and text of the student's choice that has been researched and analyzed.

### **Enduring Understanding:**

- Analytical writing is all around us and is being consumed and created at a voracious rate across many different types of platforms.
- The skills that you use in literary analysis are not applicable solely to literature; you can use those same skills to analyze other texts as well.
- The ability to critically analyze all types of media is crucial for 21st century citizenship and careers.

### **Essential Questions:**

- How can my personal interests and passions shape my writing?
- How do I apply analytical skills to multiple genres or texts?
- How do I create analysis that is authentic and meaningful?
- How do I write an analytical article?

### Summative Assessment and/ or Summative Criteria to demonstrate mastery of the Unit

• Analytical Article: Students will write an analytical article on a self-selected topic. The students will complete their own research to find the evidence they need to support their analysis.

### **Resources:**

#### **Texts**

- Beyond Literary Analysis: Teaching Students to Write with Passion and Authority About Any Text by Allison Marchetti and Rebekah O'Dell
  - o Chapter on Movie and Television Analysis (Pg. 168)
  - o Chapter on Music Analysis (Pg. 178)
  - o Chapter on Sports Analysis (Pg. 191)

- o Chapter on Video Game Analysis (Pg. 204)
- o Chapter on Literary Analysis (Pg. 220)

#### **Articles**

- "Writing Is the Process of Abandoning the Familiar" https://www.theatlantic.com/entertainment/archive/2015/05/by-heart-writing-means-wandering-into-the-unknown/393602/
- "Layers of Fear Review: A Paint-by-Numbers Horror Game That Can't Capitalize on Its Concept" <a href="http://www.ign.com/articles/2016/02/14/layers-of-fear-review">http://www.ign.com/articles/2016/02/14/layers-of-fear-review</a>

#### Misc.

- Analytical Writing Vocabulary Sheet <a href="https://docs.google.com/document/d/1qJ7IyUOy-TpWJQws5-ELZsJxgY\_I3Qu5nNyEFwt-uzo/edit?usp=sharing">https://docs.google.com/document/d/1qJ7IyUOy-TpWJQws5-ELZsJxgY\_I3Qu5nNyEFwt-uzo/edit?usp=sharing</a>
- Digital Reading Log Assignment Sheet https://docs.google.com/document/d/1JkRzT8ZruHjMpaa0IA-CKnnOJUweexgu9HkLaRfrhQQ/edit?usp=sharing
- Copy of Research Tables
  - o Movies and Television Analysis (Can also be found on Pg. 174-175)
  - o Music Analysis (Can also be found on Pg. 187)
  - o Sports Analysis (Can also be found on Pg. 200)
  - o Video Game Analysis (Can also be found on Pg. 216)
  - o Literary Analysis (Can also be found on Pg. 233-234)

 $\underline{https://docs.google.com/document/d/1AjpAs0OoD0hEilI1OAldo29QjdNf9UzBrWUf9t-3PzM/edit?usp=sharing} \\$ 

Text/Not a Text Chart (Also found on Pg. 65)
 <a href="https://docs.google.com/document/d/1CB12e1JdDBD\_SxwC8Q1UxiufL\_J3vEoB5KTG62QEwmQ/edit?usp=sharing">https://docs.google.com/document/d/1CB12e1JdDBD\_SxwC8Q1UxiufL\_J3vEoB5KTG62QEwmQ/edit?usp=sharing</a>

Topic/ Selection	Suggested Timeline per topic	General Objectives	Instructional Activities	Suggested Benchmarks/ Assessments	NJSLS Standards
Introduction	1-2 Day	SWBAT read	1. What is analysis?	Have students respond	NJSLS
to Analysis	_	closely to	<ul> <li>Have students answer the following questions?</li> </ul>	to questions about	W.8.2A-E

in the 21 <sup>st</sup>	determine what	O What does the word analysis mean?	analysis and what it	NJSLS
Century	the article,	<ul> <li>What experience do you have with analytic</li> </ul>	means to them.	W.8.9B
	"Writing Is the	writing?	(What is analysis?)	NJSLS
	Process of	<ul> <li>How do you feel about starting our unit on</li> </ul>	•	W.8.8
	Abandoning the	analytic writing?	Have students annotate	
	Familiar"/	<ul> <li>What do you think of when I say the words</li> </ul>	the article "Writing Is	NJSLS RI
	"Layers of Fear	analytic writing?	the Process of	8.1
	Review: A Paint-	<ul> <li>Share student responses with the class.</li> </ul>	Abandoning the	NJSLS RI
	by-Numbers		Familiar" and answer	8.3
	Horror Game	2. "Writing Is the Process of Abandoning the Familiar"	questions about the text.	NJSLS RI
	That Can't	Distribute text to students and have them read and	("Writing Is the Process	8.8
	Capitalize on Its	annotate.	of Abandoning the	
	Concept" says	Have students answer the following questions about	Familiar")	NJSLS
	explicitly and to	the text.		L.8.1
	make logical	<ul> <li>What about this text is similar to other analytic</li> </ul>	Have students annotate	NJSLS
	inferences and	writing that you have done?	the article <i>Layers of</i>	L.8.3
	relevant	<ul> <li>What about this text is different than other</li> </ul>	Fear Review: A Paint-	NJSLS
	connections from	analytic writing that you have done?	by-Numbers Horror	L8.2
	it.	<ul> <li>What does Anna North have to say about the</li> </ul>	Game That Can't	NJSLS
		Odyssey in this piece?	Capitalize on Its	L.8.5
	SWBAT cite	<ul> <li>What does Anna North have to say about</li> </ul>	Concept" and answer	
	specific textual	writing in this piece?	questions about the text.	
	evidence when	<ul> <li>Review student answers.</li> </ul>	(" <u>Layers of Fear</u>	
	writing or	<ul> <li>Point out all the ways that this text is an example of</li> </ul>	Review: A Paint-by-	
	speaking to	literary analysis, even though it doesn't feel like it.	Numbers Horror Game	
	support	(Pg. 5-13 of Beyond Literary Analysis breaks down	That Can't Capitalize on	
	conclusions	the piece and offers talking points about the text)	Its Concept")	
	drawn from			
	"Writing Is the	3. Not Only Literature		
	Process of	Give students the following definition: Authentic		
	Abandoning the	analysis is a piece of writing that explores a text.		
	Familiar"/	• Inform students that in this day and age, people who		
	"Layers of Fear	engage in analytic writing have broadened the		

Davison A Daint	magning of the word tout Cive students the definition	
Review: A Paint-	meaning of the word text. Give students the definition	
by-Numbers	of the word text, defining it as: Anything that has a	
Horror Game	beginning, middle, and an end and can be broken	
That Can't	down into smaller pieces.	
Capitalize on Its		
Concept".	4. "Layers of Fear Review: A Paint-by-Numbers Horror	
	Game That Can't Capitalize on Its Concept"	
SWBAT	<ul> <li>Distribute text to students and have them read and</li> </ul>	
determine central	annotate.	
ideas or themes	Have students answer the following questions about	
of "Writing Is	the text.	
the Process of	• What is being analyzed in this text?	
Abandoning the	<ul> <li>What is being that year in this text.</li> <li>What is author Chloi Rad saying about the</li> </ul>	
Familiar"/	game Layers of Fear?	
"Layers of Fear	<ul> <li>What evidence does she give to back up her</li> </ul>	
Review: A Paint-	claim?	
by-Numbers	<ul><li>In what ways is this piece similar to and</li></ul>	
Horror Game	different from "Writing Is the Process of	
That Can't		
Capitalize on Its	Abandoning the Familiar"	
	" A 1 ' 377'' 77 1 1	
Concept" and	5. Analytic Writing Vocabulary	
analyze their	Hand out the Analytic Writing Vocabulary sheet and	
development;	review both the terms and the student example.	
summarize the		
key supporting		
details and ideas.		
SWBAT read		
and comprehend		
literary		
nonfiction at		
grade level text-		
complexity or		

		ماء مديم جيناهاء			
		above, with			
		scaffolding as			
		needed.			
		SWBAT write			
		routinely over			
		extended time			
		frames (research/			
		reflection/			
		revision) and			
		shorter time			
		frames (a single			
		sitting or a day			
		or two) for a			
		range of tasks,			
		purposes related			
		to analytical			
		writing and			
		"Writing Is the			
		Process of			
		Abandoning the			
		Familiar"/			
		"Layers of Fear			
		Review: A Paint-			
		by-Numbers			
		Horror Game			
		That Can't			
		Capitalize on Its			
		Concept".			
Exploring	2 Days	SWBAT write	1. Exploring Our Passions	Have students create a	NJSLS
Our Passions	2 Days	routinely over		heart map.	W.8.2A-E
Our rassions		extended time	Inform students that they will spend two days  amorging themselves in what they are possionate.	(Heart Map)	NJSLS
			emerging themselves in what they are passionate	(Heart Map)	W.8.9B
		frames (research/	about in order to find a topic they might be interested		W.O.9D

reflection/	in writing about.	Have students answer	NJSLS
revision) and		questions to help them	W.8.8
shorter time	2. Heart Map	recall childhood	,,,,,,,,,
frames (a single	Have students create a Heart Map by drawing a large	passions.	NJSLS RI
sitting or a day	heart on a piece of paper and then filling it with all the	(Mine Childhood	8.1
or two) for a	things that they care about and/or are important to	Experiences Activity)	NJSLS RI
range of	them.		8.3
tasks/purposes		Have students create a	NJSLS RI
related to their	3. Mine Childhood Experiences Activity (Pg. 50-51 of	zoomed in heart map to	8.8
passions/hobbies.	Beyond Literary Analysis)	help focus on a specific	
	Have students answer the following questions to help	interest in more detail.	NJSLS
SWBAT create a	students recall childhood passions.	(Zoomed in Heart Map)	L.8.1
Heart Map,	• What did you want to be when you grew up?	_	NJSLS
Zoomed in Heart	(At three or four? At nine or ten?)	Have students create a	L.8.3
Map, and answer	<ul> <li>What were your favorite toys, games, or</li> </ul>	digital reading log that	NJSLS
questions about	activities?	will keep track of the	L8.2
their childhood	<ul> <li>What did you watch over and over and over</li> </ul>	articles they have read	NJSLS
to help them	again?	and their commentary	L.8.5
discover what	• What did you enjoy pretending?	on them.	
they are	Owhat did you know everything about?	(Digital Reading Log)	
passionate about.	• What were your favorite childhood books?		
	<ul> <li>What were your favorite sections in the</li> </ul>		
SWBAT read	library?		
closely to	<ul> <li>What did you like learning about from an older</li> </ul>		
determine what	sibling or friend?		
an article says			
explicitly and to	4. Zoomed in Heart Map (Pg. 47-48 of Beyond Literary		
make logical	Analysis)		
inferences and	<ul> <li>Have students select one area of their heart map to</li> </ul>		
relevant	zoom in on.		
connections from	<ul> <li>Have students create a second heart map that is</li> </ul>		
it when	focused solely on that topic, examining all the things		
completing their	that they like or are interested about surrounding that		

Digital Reading	topic.	
Log.		
	5. Digital Reading Log (Adapted from the assignment on Pg.	
SWBAT cite	52 – 56 of Beyond Literary Analysis)	
specific textual	• Students will spend the remainder of the first day and	
evidence when	all of the second reading more about the topic that	
writing or	they find most interesting.	
speaking to	<ul> <li>Students will keep a log of the articles they</li> </ul>	
support	have read along with a short commentary for	
conclusions	each article.	
drawn from an	<ul> <li>Each log entry should include</li> </ul>	
article on their	<ul><li>The article title</li></ul>	
Digital Reading	<ul><li>A link to the article</li></ul>	
Log.	<ul> <li>Their commentary on the article</li> </ul>	
SWBAT		
determine central		
ideas or themes		
of an article and		
analyze their		
development		
while completing		
their Digital		
Reading Log.		
SWBAT		
SWBA1 summarize the		
key supporting		
details and ideas		
of nonfiction		
articles while		
completing their		

		Digital Reading Log.  SWBAT conduct short research projects to find articles and information about a topic they are passionate about, drawing on several sources and generating additional related questions that allow for			
		multiple avenues of exploration.			
Turning	1 Day	SWBAT write	1. What options are out there?	Have students Question-	NJSLS
Passion Into		about and	Share possible topic options with students. You can	Flood a chosen topic	W.8.2A-E
Product –		develop their	find examples and mentor texts for various types of	that they are interested	NJSLS
What will I		topic by	analysis on the pages listed below.	in analyzing.	W.8.9B
analyze?		Question-	o General Types of Analysis (Pg. 14)	(Question-Flooding	NJSLS
What do I		Flooding and	o Music and Television Analysis (Pg. 177)	Your Topic)	W.8.8
want to say?		analyzing the	o Music Analysis (Pg. 189-190)	Harra atradantata -	NICI C DI
		Text or Not a	O Sports Analysis (Pg. 202-203)	Have students write a	NJSLS RI 8.1
		Text Chart.	O Video Game Analysis (Pg. 218-219)	paragraph about what	8.1 NJSLS RI
		SWBAT write	o Literary Analysis (Pg. 236-237)	they are analyzing, why	8.3
		about their	*** Come of the mentor toyte and former displayed in the	they chose it, and what	8.3 NJSLS RI
		chosen topic and	*** Some of the mentor texts and forms displayed in the	their claim is going to be.	8.8
		claim to explain	tables may be too advanced depending upon the student	(Topic Selection)	0.0
		Ciailli to expialli	and/or the level of the class. Teachers can choose which parts	(Topic Selection)	

		why they have selected it to analyze.	of the tables to show students based on what will work best for their classes.  2. Question-Flooding Your Topic ( Pg. 66 of Beyond Literary Analysis)  • Have students select a topic that they are interested in analyzing.  • Present the following question stems to students and have them flood their topic with different questions.  • How has impacted?  • How does impact me?  • What is the meaning behind?  • How has changed over time?  • How is related to?  • How does do?  • How does do?  • Why does work this way?  • Why does have this effect?  3. Topic Selection  • Hand out and review the Text or Not a Text chart.  • Have students check to ensure that the topic they have chosen is not too broad and meets the definition of a text.	NJSLS L.8.1 NJSLS L.8.3 NJSLS L8.2 NJSLS L.8.5.
Research – Finding Evidence and Expert Mentors	2 Days	SWBAT read closely to determine what an article says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from	1. A Place to Start  Hand out and review with students tables filled with websites to aid in their research. Tables include information for  Movie and Television Analysis  Music Analysis  Sports Analysis  Video Game Analysis  Literary Analysis	NJSLS W.8.2A-E NJSLS W.8.9B NJSLS W.8.8

it when		NJSLS RI
researching their	2. Research	8.1
topic.	Students will spend two days researching their chosen	NJSLS RI
topic.	topics. They can search both for evidence to use in	8.3
SWBAT cite	their analysis as well as mentors who are writing the	NJSLS RI
specific textual	same type of analysis as they are.	8.8
evidence when	same type of analysis as they are.	0.0
writing or		NJSLS
speaking to		L.8.1
support		NJSLS
conclusions		L.8.3
drawn from an		NJSLS
article while		L8.2
		NJSLS
researching their		L.8.5
topic.		L.6.5
SWBAT		
determine central		
ideas or themes		
of an article and		
analyze their		
development		
while		
researching their		
topic.		
topic.		
SWBAT		
summarize the		
key supporting		
details and ideas		
of nonfiction		
articles while		

Mini	9 D	researching their topic.  SWBAT conduct short research projects to find articles and information about their topic, drawing on several sources and generating additional related questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.			NIGI G
Mini- Lessons and Work Periods	8 Days	SWBAT produce a clear and coherent analytical article in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.  SWBAT develop and strengthen writing as needed by	<ul> <li>In Beyond Literary Analysis, teachers can find both activities and examples of techniques to help students in many different areas. These activities can become mini-lessons for the whole class, small groups, or used when conferencing with individual students. Some helpful topics include:         <ul> <li>Techniques for Articulating Claims (Pgs. 79 – 82)</li> <li>This and That</li> <li>They Say, I Say</li> <li>Shifts and Changes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Techniques for Discussing Evidence (Pgs. 82 – 88)</li> </ul>	Have students complete activities and work with examples from assorted mini-lessons as needed. (Mini-Lessons)  Students will write an article which analyses a self-chosen text. (Work Periods)	NJSLS W.8.1A-E NJSLS W.8.9B NJSLS W.8.8  NJSLS RI 8.1 NJSLS RI 8.3 NJSLS RI 8.8  NJSLS RI 8.8

planning,	<ul> <li>Talk Back to Evidence</li> </ul>	NJSLS
revising, editing,	<ul> <li>Introduce Evidence with Discussion</li> </ul>	L.8.3
1 1 2 2 1	<ul> <li>Combine Evidence and Discussion</li> </ul>	NJSLS
trying a new		L8.2
rewriting, or	<ul> <li>Combine Evidence and Discussion</li> <li>Leads (Pgs. 103 – 113) <ul> <li>Sticky Note Choices</li> <li>Claim Up Front</li> <li>The Single Paragraph Claim</li> <li>The TA-DA! Claim</li> <li>Drop the Reader into a Scene</li> <li>Make a Personal Connection</li> <li>Immerse the Reader in Media</li> </ul> </li> <li>Artful Transitions (Pgs. 114 – 117) <ul> <li>Use a Conjunction</li> <li>Make a Smooth Segway</li> <li>Question and Answer</li> </ul> </li> <li>Paragraphing (Pgs. 117 – 124) <ul> <li>One Idea: Multiple Paragraphs</li> <li>Mini Paragraphs</li> <li>List-a-Graphs (Paragraphs in List Form)</li> <li>Sections with Subheadings</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	NJSLS
conventions of standard English	<ul> <li>Sections without Subheadings</li> </ul>	
grammar and	o Conclusions (Pgs. 124 – 128)	
usage when	■ Soft Echo	
writing their	<ul><li>End with an Image</li></ul>	
analytical article.	Zoom Out	

SWBAT	○ Tone/Voice (Pgs. 146 – 142, 146 – 147, 160 -	
demonstrate	163)	
command of the	<ul> <li>Tone Inquiry</li> </ul>	
conventions of	■ Tone Switch	
standard English	<ul> <li>Voice Inquiry</li> </ul>	
capitalization,	■ Tell the Truth	
punctuation, and	<ul><li>Show Vulnerability</li></ul>	
spelling when	■ Talk to Your Reader	
writing their		
analytical article.	<ul> <li>Revising</li> </ul>	
	■ Eliminate the Wishy-Washy	
	■ Breaking the "Rules"	
	Sentence Fragments	
	Start With a Coordinating  Conjugation	
	Conjunction	
	Capital Letters	
	<ul> <li>Proper Nouning</li> </ul>	
	2. Work Periods	
	Students will work on writing their analytic article.	
	During this time students should be drafting, editing,	
	and revising with the aim to have a completed article	
	ready for submission by the assigned due date.	

### Suggested Modifications for Special Education, English Language Learners and Gifted Students:

- Modifications for any individual student's IEP or 504 plan must be met.
- Alter assignment length if necessary.
- Aid in student research.
- Provide additional mentor texts and examples.

### **Suggested Technological Innovations/ Use:**

- 8.1.8. E.1: Effective use of digital tools assists in gathering and managing information.
- 8.2.8. F.2: Technology is created through the application and appropriate use of technological resources.

- 8.2.8. D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.
- Peer reviews are to be commented on mini papers through Google Documents 8.2.8. D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.

### **Cross Curricular/ 21st Century Connections:**

- 9.1 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
  - 9.1.8.A.1: Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
  - o 9.1.8.B.2: Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., cross-cultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions.
  - o 9.1.8.C.2: Demonstrate the use of compromise, consensus, and community building strategies for carrying out different tasks, assignments, and projects.
  - o 9.1.8.D3: Use effective communication skills in face-to-face and online interactions with peers and adults from home and from diverse cultures.
  - o 9.1.8.F.1: Demonstrate how productivity and accountability contribute to realizing individual or group work goals within or outside the classroom.

### Unit 3: Reading for Theme: Exploring One's I-DENTITY Through Classic Literature - An Analytical Perspective

**Summary of the Unit:** One's place in this world is huge thought/a discussion piece. Where do we fit in? Where do we belong? Through this unit, students will analyze and critique key critical literary pieces that give us just a little insight into identity and how powerful of a force it can be for the human being when faced with adversity. From Anne Frank and Frederick Douglass to Guy Montag and Jeanne Wakatsuki, human beings are tested beyond measure to stay true to themselves even in the face of extreme opposition and struggle. Students will experience these journeys made by the people in these novels and evaluate their own life through their journeys and their own individual perspective.

### **Enduring Understanding:**

• Identity is something that is defined as the following: **the fact of being who or what a person or thing is.** A simple definition indeed; however, much harder to navigate through when faced with struggle. We as a people have to understand and embrace the fact that our identity is shaped by many different dynamics and at the true core of it all is the "self" and the maintenance of this.

#### **Essential Questions:**

- Who are you? How do you know this?
- Who or what has helped to shape your identity?
- What is the ultimate roadblock when it comes to staying true to who you are?
- Who in your life has stayed true to themselves? How do you know this?
- Fitting in: Difficult or Easy? Why? What are some tools that we could use to help us build the bridge to assimilation?

### Summative Assessment and/ or Summative Criteria to demonstrate mastery of the Unit

- Option 1: The concept of Identity is truly challenged by Julio Noboa in the poem entitled, "I-DENTITY". Students will work with this poem analyze and critique accordingly, and then write a poem of their own (5 Stanzas in Full) Illustrate and Color Accordingly.
- Option 2: With each of the four novels mentioned below, comes the journey that a particular person took; a road map if you will. So, on the thought of road map and destination, "A Journey Through My Life" comes to mind/life. Students will plan a road map to show where they have come and where they are going.

Resources:		_
Texts		

- The Narrative of the Life of Frederick Douglass
- Fahrenheit 451
- The Diary of Anne Frank (Play Version)
- Farewell to Manzanar
- "Identity" by Julio Noboa Polanco
  - o Please use guide below to assist you with the poem:
    - https://commonlit.s3.us-west-2.amazonaws.com/texts/student\_pdfs/000/001/017/original/commonlit\_identity\_student\_%281%29.pdf?X-Amz-Algorithm=AWS4-HMAC-SHA256&X-Amz-Credential=AKIAJFHNPJSC66AVBG5Q%2F20180725%2Fus-west-2%2Fs3%2Faws4\_request&X-Amz-Date=20180725T195553Z&X-Amz-Expires=30&X-Amz-SignedHeaders=host&X-Amz-Signature=cd1f49f2ed510875a75540eebaa24871d3215fc84848cdd4af5361aab32eb3aa

#### **Articles**

- "Lullaby": A Native American Story by Leslie Silko (Use with *The Narrative of the Life of Frederick Douglass*)
  - o <a href="http://www.webpages.uidaho.edu/engl484jj/SilkoLullaby001.pdf">http://www.webpages.uidaho.edu/engl484jj/SilkoLullaby001.pdf</a>
- "Why 'Fahrenheit 451' Is the Book for Our Social Media Age" (Use with Fahrenheit 451)
  - o <a href="https://www.nytimes.com/2018/05/10/books/review/fahrenheit-451-ray-bradbury.html">https://www.nytimes.com/2018/05/10/books/review/fahrenheit-451-ray-bradbury.html</a>
- The Significance of Anne Frank's Private Humanity (Use with *The Diary of Anne Frank*)
  - o https://blog.bookstellyouwhy.com/the-significance-of-anne-franks-private-humanity

#### Misc.

- Interactive Tour of Ellis Island
  - o <a href="http://teacher.scholastic.com/activities/immigration/tour/index.htm">http://teacher.scholastic.com/activities/immigration/tour/index.htm</a>
- Anne Frank The Whole Story (Video to be used with *The Diary of Anne Frank*)
  - o <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3QJ7RbGG7mg">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3QJ7RbGG7mg</a>
- Biography.com page on Frederick Douglass
  - o https://www.biography.com/video/frederick-douglass-full-episode-2186641949

Topic/ Selection	Suggested Timeline per topic	General Objectives	Instructional Activities	Suggested Benchmarks/ Assessments	NJSLS Standards
"Identity" by	1-3 Days	SWBAT determine the meaning	Read the poem "Identity"	Critical Interpretation of poem is	NJSLSA.R.4
Noboa Polanco		of words and phrases (including figurative and connotative meanings) while reading the	and have students determine the significance to them and their constructed identities.	to be documented by completing all the activities associated with the website listed under	NJSLS.RL.8.2
		poem "Identity"		resources.	NJSLSW.8.4
		SWBAT analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts while reading "Identity".  SWBAT determine the theme or central idea from "Identity" and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot.	Complete discussion questions following the reading of "Identity" along with a vocabulary check.  Interpret lines of the poem in order to start collaborating on an "Identity" reflection poem of their own.	Summative Assessment Option 1	NJSLS.RL.8.1
		SWBAT use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events described in "Identity".			
<b>Novel Option 1:</b>	4-5	SWBAT engage effectively in a	Introduce the novel with a	Watch a historical bio pic on	NJSLS.SL.8.1
The Narrative of	Weeks	range of collaborative discussions	biography of Frederick	Douglass/ Create a Web Quest	
the Life of		(one-on-one, in groups, and	Douglass (lending into a	with questions that follow. Use	NJSLS.W.8.7
Frederick		teacher-led) with diverse partners	multi-cultural activity/unit).	the link under resources.	NICIC DI 04
Douglass		on topics read/reviewed in <i>The</i>			NJSLS.RL.8.4

	Narrative of the Life of Frederick	Follow link to the Tour of	React to slave songs by writing	
(An 1845 memoir	Douglass.	Ellis Island which will help	reflection pieces in your literary	NJSLS.RL.8.3
and treatise on abolition written by		focus on immigration which	journals.	
famous orator and	SWBAT conduct short research	plays a major role in the	- "Follow the Drinkin' Gourd"	NJSLS.RL.8.1
former slave	projects (drawing on several	story.	- "Go Down Moses"	
Frederick Douglass	sources and generating additional		- "Let Us Break Bread Together"	
during his time in Lynn, MA)	related, focused questions that	Read and discuss selected	- "Swing Low, Sweet Chariot"	
Lyiii, WA)	allow for multiple avenues of	passages from the work and	Swing Bow, Sweet charlet	
*** Also an option	exploration) to gain background	create conference circles on		
in Unit 7 ***	knowledge on topics related to	elected topics.	Utilizing "Lullaby", have	
	The Narrative of the Life of		students respond to questions that	
	Frederick Douglass.	Create Literary Journal for	fulfill the requirements by	
		students to react to material	connecting the two pieces.	
	SWBAT determine the central	being read in class, respond	Summer time Assessment Oution 2	
	idea of The Narrative of the Life	to questions and seek out	Summative Assessment Option 2	
	of Frederick Douglass and	information.		
	analyze its development over the	Deed and intermed a class		
	course of the text, including its	Read and interpret a slave		
	relationship to supporting ideas.	song and answer the		
	SWBAT analyze how <i>The</i>	following question: What is the purpose of these songs?		
	Narrative of the Life of Frederick	Cultural relation by song		
	Douglass makes connections	Cultural relation by song		
	among and distinctions between	Complete discussion		
	individuals, ideas, or events (e.g.,	questions following each		
	through comparisons, analogies,	section along with a		
	or categories).	vocabulary check.		
	or eucegories).	vocabulary check.		
	SWBAT cite the textual evidence	Read aloud the short story		
	that most strongly supports an	entitled "Lullaby" which		
	analysis of what the text says	will provoke discussion		
	explicitly as well as inferences	about gender roles in the		
		Native American Culture.		

Novel Option 2: Fahrenheit 451  Weeks  SWBAT engage effectively in a mange of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on topics read/reviewed in Fahrenheit 451.  SWBAT conduct short research projects (drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration) to gain background knowledge on topics related to Fahrenheit 451.  SWBAT determine the central idea of Fahrenheit 451 and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas.  SWBAT analyze how Fahrenheit 451 makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).		drawn from The Narrative of the			
or categories). through discussion or written expression.	Fahrenheit 451  (A dystopian novel by American writer Ray Bradbury, published in 1953. It takes us on a journey through the eyes of the protagonist, Guy Montag. Self-discovery and redemption lead the way for this classic work.)	Life of Frederick Douglass.  SWBAT engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on topics read/reviewed in Fahrenheit 451.  SWBAT conduct short research projects (drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration) to gain background knowledge on topics related to Fahrenheit 451.  SWBAT determine the central idea of Fahrenheit 451 and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas.  SWBAT analyze how Fahrenheit 451 makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g.,	passages from the work and create conference circles on elected topics.  Create Literary Journal for students to react to material being read in class, respond to questions and seek out information.  Complete discussion questions following each section along with a vocabulary check.  Investigate and respond to each of the three sections of the book and acknowledge the connecting tissues between each of them.  Think about the question posed by Clarisse to Guy, "Are you happy?" This is a tough question that could be	while completing quizzes and tests associated with novel.  Digest topics from novel through analysis and group discussion. (Technology and Stimulation)  Tough Question: Create a written narrative/exposition piece on the topic of happiness and its true meaning  Embrace the article in the resources section and respond through written/oral expression.	
that most strongly supports an		or categories).  SWBAT cite the textual evidence	through discussion or		

		analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from <i>Fahrenheit 451</i> .	Read the article listed in the resources section that justifies Bradbury's accuracy about predictions and issues with technology.	
Novel Option 3: The Diary of a Young Girl  (A book of the writings from the Dutch language diary kept by Anne Frank while she was in hiding for two years with her family during the Nazi occupation of the Netherlands. It is also known as The Diary of Anne Frank.)  *** Also an option for Unit 6 ***	4-5 Weeks	swbat engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on topics read/reviewed in <i>The Diary of a Young Girl</i> .  swbat conduct short research projects (drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration) to gain background knowledge on topics related to <i>The Diary of a Young Girl</i> .  swbat determine the central idea of <i>The Diary of a Young Girl</i> and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas.  swbat analyze how <i>The Diary of a Young Girl</i> makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through	Read and discuss selected passages from the work and create conference circles on elected topics.  For the literary journal piece, students can create a collection of "post-its" on one particular character and have a constant flow of analytical perspective with that character.  Complete discussion questions following each section along with a vocabulary check.  In association with the play, article in sources describes the significance of the play in regards to the human compass and discusses the true nature of the play.	Interpret the sections of the novel while completing quizzes and tests associated with novel.  Digest topics from novel through analysis and group discussion. (Technology and Stimulation)  Create an on-going creation that connects students to characters by showing a connection/response to actions and thoughts of characters.  Utilize the article listed in the resources section to have students write a written response in relation to what was stated.  Summative Assessment Option 2

		comparisons, analogies, or categories).  SWBAT cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from The Diary of a Young Girl.			
Novel Option 4: Farewell to Manzanar  (A book describing the experiences of Jeanne Wakatsuki and her family before, during, and following their imprisonment at the Manzanar concentration camp due to the United States government's internment of Japanese Americans during World War II.)	4-5 Weeks	SWBAT engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on topics read/reviewed in Farewell to Manzanar.  SWBAT conduct short research projects (drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration) to gain background knowledge on topics related to Farewell to Manzanar.  SWBAT determine the central idea of Farewell to Manzanar and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas.  SWBAT analyze how Farewell to Manzanar makes connections	Read and discuss selected passages from the work and create conference circles on elected topics.  For the literary journal piece, students can create a collection of "post-its" on one particular character and have a constant flow of analytical perspective with that character.  Complete discussion questions following each section along with a vocabulary check.  Interpret and respond to each of the chapters associated and acknowledge the connecting tissues between each of the acts.	Interpret the sections of the novel while completing quizzes and tests associated with novel.  Digest topics from novel through analysis and group discussion. (Technology and Stimulation)  Utilize link from the resources section to complete a written assessment associated with the novel and the interview.  Summative Assessment Option 2	

among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).  SWBAT cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an	Utilize the link in the resources section to analyze the director's message from the book after viewing the interview.	
that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from <i>Farewell to Manzanar</i> .		

#### Suggested Modifications for Special Education, English Language Learners and Gifted Students:

\*Consistent with individual plans, when appropriate.

- Students will be issued a graphic novel variation of the text if needed.
- Allow additional time when in full class discussing for processing and discussion.
- Although all lengths should be attempted, teacher should reduce work on written assignments depending on special needs.
- Students should be provided with graphic organizers during annotations, discussions, and when having to formulate any mini papers.
- Check for understanding by conferencing with teacher.
- Students may chose a partner or teacher may chose a partner to work that student is comfortable with.
- Repeat and Clarify any directions given
- Use of audio tapes when applicable
- Allow for preferential seating within groups and whole class
- Allow for additional time on tests and quizzes
- Teacher made modifications on quiz and test questions.

## **Suggested Technological Innovations/ Use:**

- Mini Papers to be types on Chrome Books/Laptops
- 8.1.8.E.1: Effective use of digital tools assists in gathering and managing information.
- 8.2.8.F.2: Technology is created through the application and appropriate use of technological resources.
- 8.2.8.D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.
- Peer reviews are to be commented on mini papers through Google Documents
- 8.2.8.D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.

- 8.1.8.C.1: Digital tools and environments support the learning process and foster collaboration in solving local or global issues and problems.
- WebQuest
- 8.2.8.D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.
- Prezi
- 8.1.8.A.3: The use of technology and digital tools requires knowledge and appropriate use of operations and related applications.
- Virtual Tour
- 8.1.8.C.1: Digital tools and environments support the learning process and foster collaboration in solving local or global issues and problems.

#### **Cross Curricular/Social Studies Connections:**

- 6.2 World History/Global Studies: All students will acquire the knowledge and skills to think analytically and systematically about how past interactions of people, cultures, and the environment affect issues across time and cultures. Such knowledge and skills enable students to make informed decisions as socially and ethically responsible world citizens in the 21st century.
  - o 6.2.12.A.4.c: Analyze the motivations, causes, and consequences of the genocides of Armenians, Roma (gypsies), and Jews, as well as the mass exterminations of Ukrainians and Chinese.
  - o 6.2.12.D.1.e: Assess the impact of economic, political, and social policies and practices regarding African slaves, indigenous peoples, and Europeans in the Spanish and Portuguese colonies.

## **Cross Curricular/ 21st Century Connections:**

- 9.1 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
  - o 9.1.8.A.1: Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
  - o 9.1.8.B.2: Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., cross-cultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions.
  - o 9.1.8.C.2: Demonstrate the use of compromise, consensus, and community building strategies for carrying out different tasks, assignments, and projects.
  - o 9.1.8.D3: Use effective communication skills in face-to-face and online interactions with peers and adults from home and from diverse cultures.
  - o 9.1.8.F.1: Demonstrate how productivity and accountability contribute to realizing individual or group work goals within or outside the classroom.

## **Unit 4: Writing An Argument**

**Summary of the Unit:** In this unit, students will explore the different components that make up an effective argument and discover where we find examples of argument in real life. Both verbally through debate and classroom discussion and in writing, students will be asked to examine different scenarios, make claims about those scenarios, and then provide the evidence and reasoning needed to support their claims. This exploration will culminate in the creation of an argumentative essay on a self-selected and researched topic of interest where they will defend their claim with strong and appropriate evidence as well as provide counterclaims to address other sides of their issues.

## **Enduring Understanding:**

- The ability to create an effective argument as well as to break down and analyze the arguments of others is a powerful skill needed to succeed in today's world.
- In order to stand a chance at influencing the opinion of a reader, an argument must contain evidence and reasoning to support that evidence strong opinions and passionate writing alone are not enough.
- The stance that you start arguing for does not have to be the stance that you end with. Keeping an open mind while researching can allow writers to examine issues and topics in ways that may change what they previously believed.

#### **Essential Questions:**

- What components make up an effective argument and why is each important?
- How do I take a topic and determine what my stance on it is?
- How do I provide evidence and reasoning to support my claim?
- What role does research play in creating an effective argument?

## Summative Assessment and/ or Summative Criteria to demonstrate mastery of the Unit

• **Argumentative Essay:** Students will write an argumentative essay on a self-selected topic. The students will complete their own research to find the evidence they need to support their claim.

#### **Resources:**

#### **Texts**

- Writing to Persuade by Karen Caine
- Teaching Argument Writing by George Hillocks, Jr.

#### **Articles**

- "Old Tactic Gets New Use: Public Schools Separate Girls and Boys" <a href="https://www.nytimes.com/2014/12/01/education/single-sex-education-public-schools-separate-boys-and-girls.html">https://www.nytimes.com/2014/12/01/education/single-sex-education-public-schools-separate-boys-and-girls.html</a>
- "Boys and Girls Together, Taught Separately in Public School" <a href="https://www.nytimes.com/2009/03/11/education/11gender.html?rref=collection%2Ftimestopic%2FSingle-Sex%20Education&mtrref=www.nytimes.com">https://www.nytimes.com/2009/03/11/education/11gender.html?rref=collection%2Ftimestopic%2FSingle-Sex%20Education&mtrref=www.nytimes.com</a>
- "Coed versus single -sex ed" <a href="http://www.apa.org/monitor/2011/02/coed.aspx">http://www.apa.org/monitor/2011/02/coed.aspx</a>

#### Misc.

- Slip or Trip Scenario (Pg. 17 of *Teaching Argument Writing*) https://docs.google.com/document/d/18VsubNsH9PA6FUZ-mtV2QpNg5eYYLkK9GEzOkSy0bBk/edit?usp=sharing
- The Lunchroom Murder Scenario (Pg. 31-32 of *Teaching Argument Writing*) https://docs.google.com/document/d/1\_Gg\_rLj2TU6w74EURfb8a1Zt3hp4PPFLdYMvA-ExX6g/edit?usp=sharing
- The Case of the Dead Musician Scenario (Pg. 34-36 of *Teaching Argument Writing*) https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Qd6LIVhV3IExEgh0ulzI8HOPijpQQ3Vf4JormM9QKa0/edit?usp=sharing
- Great Mascot Debate Presentation https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1vw2g8bueEo3JVEyIulPkbS6uv799yFuO72Ag7idEMHw/edit?usp=sharing
- Giraffe Award Criteria (Pg. 115 of *Teaching Argument Writing*) https://docs.google.com/document/d/1tjJBSLsJCYIA3hS\_muLzd1oWjm60llhx6VOL7qjVLc/edit?usp=sharing
- Giraffe Award Scenarios https://docs.google.com/document/d/1zgF0RUOE\_uVXEZiZ6DES\_DGMg9nr3sP4lhCQ2GM0yUo/edit?usp=sharing
- Curfew Conundrum Scenario
   https://docs.google.com/document/d/1KJMzyfcF045MTjdWZ3BF\_JbZMTDjACqZ0lB0O0aoj70/edit?usp=sharing

Parent Reasons – Curfew Conundrum Scenario https://docs.google.com/document/d/19SaxaQLb\_mrU\_hULZIdeUAjul75OOpLxyvyIS6eSDyI/edit?usp=sharing

Topic/ Selection	Suggested Timeline per topic	General Objectives	Instructional Activities	Suggested Benchmarks/ Assessments	NJSLS Standards
Introduction to Argument and Argument Specific Vocabulary	1-2 Days	swbat write an argument of fact to support claims in an analysis of the Slip or Trip Scenario/The Lunchroom Murder Scenario/The Case of the Dead Musician., using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.  swbat write a report as though they were the investigator assigned to the case described in The Slip or Trip Scenario/The Lunchroom Murder Scenario/The Case of the Dead Musician.  swbat read closely to determine what the case description from The Slip or Trip Scenario/The	<ul> <li>Provide students with the picture and storyline of the Slip or Trip scenario. Students will play the role of investigators aiming to determine the truth of what happened.</li> <li>Have displayed a chart with the labels Evidence, Rule, and Conclusion. Invite students to produce evidence that shows Queenie might be lying and model how to turn their explanation into a rule that supports their ideas. (Example: The evidence is that Arthur still has a glass in his hand. The rule is that when people fall down the stairs, they drop what they are holding to try and save themselves. The conclusion is that Queenie is probably lying about him falling down the stairs)</li> <li>Label what the students have been doing using argument specific vocabulary. Students have made a claim by stating that Queenie is lying, have provided evidence to support their claim, and have provided the reasoning for why their evidence is valid by the creation of the rules and conclusions.</li> <li>2. The Lunchroom Murder Scenario (Small Group)</li> </ul>	Have students create a short report as though they were the investigators assigned to the case. They should provide the facts of the case and their conclusions about what has really happened supported by the evidence they have gathered. (Slip or Trip Scenario)  Have small groups work together to create a short report detailing what has happened. They should make a case for who they believe the murderer is using evidence that they have gathered supported by their reasoning. (The	NJSLS RI 8.1-6  NJSLS RI 8.8  NJSLS L8.5A-C

		Lunchroom Murder Scenario/The Case of the Dead Musician says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it.  SWBAT cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking about The Slip or Trip Scenario/The Lunchroom Murder Scenario/The Case of the Dead Musician to support conclusions drawn from the text.	<ul> <li>Provide students with the picture and storyline of The Lunchroom Murder Scenario. Students will again play the role of investigators aiming to discover the truth of what happened.</li> <li>Students will practice the skills they learned in the whole group lesson by working with peers to submit an argument detailing who they believe the murderer is.</li> <li>The Case of the Dead Musician Scenario (Independent Practice)</li> <li>This scenario can be used as an in class activity or as a homework assignment to gauge student mastery of making a claim and supporting that claim with evidence and reasoning.</li> <li>Provide students with the picture and storyline of The Case of the Dead Musician Scenario. Students will again play the role of investigators aiming to discover the truth of what happened.</li> <li>Students will gather evidence and provide reasoning for their claim of what really happened to Mr. Karazai.</li> </ul>	Lunchroom Murder Scenario)  Have students create a short report detailing what they believe really happened to Mr. Karazai using evidence their have gathered that is supported by their reasoning. (The Case of the Dead Musician Scenario)	
Additional Reasoning Practice	1-2 Days	SWBAT write an argument of judgement to support claims in an analysis of the Sayreville Bombers mascot, using valid reasoning	<ul> <li>1. The Great Mascot Debate</li> <li>Provide students with real life examples of different mascots, both normal and strange.</li> <li>Have the students evaluate each mascot.</li> <li>Have students work together to create a set of criteria for what makes a good mascot.</li> </ul>	Have students draft a short piece arguing whether or not the Sayreville Middle School mascot is a good mascot using the criteria created. (The Great Mascot Debate)	NJSLS W.8.1 A-E NJSLS W8.4- 8 NJSLS W8.9.B

and relevant and sufficient evidence.  SWBAT write a short piece arguing whether or not the Bomber is a good mascot using class created criteria.  SWBAT write an argument of judgement to support claims in an analysis of a Giraffe Award candidate's eligibility, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.  SWBAT write a short piece arguing whether or not their candidate deserves to be given the Giraffe Award.  SWBAT read closely to determine what their candidate's story says explicitly and to make logical	<ul> <li>Come together as a class and share ideas to come up with a set of class criteria for a good mascot.</li> <li>Using this set of criteria, students will make an argument of judgment, determining whether the Sayreville Middle School mascot is a good mascot for the school.</li> <li>2. The Giraffe Awards</li> <li>Hand out a paper containing the information and criteria for the Giraffe Award.</li> <li>Review the example of the man who received the award, going over how his actions met the criteria of the award.</li> <li>Students will work in groups, with each group being given a different candidate to evaluate. The students will discuss each candidate and whether or not they meet the criteria for the award.</li> <li>The students will write a short piece arguing whether or not their candidate meets the criteria for the Giraffe Award.</li> </ul>	Have students write a short piece arguing whether or not their candidates should receive the Giraffe Award. (The Giraffe Award)	NJSLS SL8.2-3  NJSLS SL8.4-6  NJSLS L8.1 A-D  NJSLS L8.2 A-C  NJSLS L8.3A
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		inferences and relevant connections from it.  SWBAT cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from their candidate's story.			
Persuasion vs. Argument/ Debate Preparation	1-2 Days	SWBAT create a plan for how they would convince a parent/guardian to allow them to stay out past a set curfew.  SWBAT revise their plan for how they would convince a parent/guardian to allow them to stay out past a set curfew to include proposed areas of research that would lend their argument credibility.  SWBAT read closely to determine what an article says explicitly and to make logical	<ol> <li>Curfew Conundrum Scenario (Argument vs. Persuasion)</li> <li>Hand out the Curfew Conundrum Scenario.</li> <li>Students will work in small groups to brainstorm ideas about how to convince their parents/guardian to let them stay out pass their curfew.</li> <li>Have students share the arguments and reasoning that they would use to try and persuade their parent/guardian, keeping track of student responses.</li> <li>As a class, rank the reasons that have been given from most effective to least effective.</li> <li>Share a list of reasons from the parent perspective with the students and have the students describe the difference between their reasoning and the reasoning used by the parents. Use their responses to help explain the difference between persuasion and argument.</li> <li>Curfew Conundrum Redo</li> </ol>	Have students keep track of their brainstorming  • When completed, have them go back and rank their ideas in order of what they feel will be most effective to least effective. (Curfew Conundrum Scenario)  Have students create a plan of how they would present their argument to a parent/guardian. Have them include what	NJSLS W.8.1 A-E NJSLS W8.4- 8 NJSLS W8.9.B NJSLS SL8.2- 3 NJSLS SL8.2- 6 NJSLS SL8.4- 6 NJSLS L8.1 A-D NJSLS L8.2 A-C

		inferences and relevant connections from it as they prepare for a whole class debate.  SWBAT cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the articles they have read to prepare for a whole class debate.	<ul> <li>Have students make a plan of how they would present their argument about having curfew extended to their parent/guardian if they were allowed to do research beforehand. Have them think about what kind of facts/research would help to strengthen their argument.</li> <li>3. Preparation for Debate</li> <li>Hand out any rules or procedures that you wish students to know or follow for the debate.</li> <li>Introduce the topic: Should classes in school be separated by gender? Have students jot down an answer to this question and keep it for the next day.</li> <li>Assign students to a side of the topic and pass out copies of articles about the topic.</li> <li>Allow students to begin reading the articles in class, focusing on finding evidence that will support their side of the topic.</li> </ul>	research they would have to do and what kind of facts they would look for.  (Curfew Conundrum Redo)  Have students answer the following:  • What is the difference between argument and persuasion?  • Why is it important to have facts in an argument?  (Use as an Exit Ticket)	NJSLS L8.3A
Debate Day – Should classes in school be separated by gender?	1 Day	SWBAT present an argument to support claims in an analysis of gender separation in schools, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.	<ul> <li>1. Class Debate: Should classes in school be separated by gender?</li> <li>Have students look at their initial response to the topic and have them answer the question again to see if their opinions changed based on the information they have read.</li> <li>Class Debate: Should classes in school be separated by gender?</li> <li>Debate Reflection</li> </ul>	Have students write a reflection about the debate that includes the following:  • What side were you on?  • What was your strongest piece of evidence?	NJSLS W.8.1 A-E NJSLS W8.4- 8 NJSLS W8.9.B

SWBAT write a	•	What side do	NJSLS W8.10
reflection about their		you think	
debate experience,		won?	NJSLS SL8.2-
analyzing what side	•	What was the	3
was more effective at		strongest piece	
delivering their		of evidence	NJSLS SL8.4-
argument and what		provided by	6
evidence was most		the opposing	
effective.		side?	NJSLS L8.1
	•	Regardless of	A-D
SWBAT prepare for		your assigned	
and participate		side, do you	NJSLS L8.2
effectively in a		think classes	A-C
debate about gender		in school	NJSLS L8.3A
separation in schools		should be	
with diverse partners,		separated by	
building on others'		gender? Why?	
ideas and expressing		·	
their own clearly and			
persuasively.			
SWBAT evaluate a			
speaker's point of			
view, reasoning, and			
use of evidence and			
rhetoric while			
writing a reflection			
about the debate.			
SWBAT present			
information,			
findings, and			
supporting evidence			
such that listeners			

	can follow the line of reasoning while participating in a debate about gender separation in schools.			
	swbat adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when while presenting their side during a debate.			
Introduction to Argumentative Essay – Select a Topic and Make a Claim	SWBAT brainstorm about things that are import to them/bother them for three topics: school, home, and the country or world.  SWBAT free write about one topic from each category in order to gain an idea of what they might be interested in writing about.  SWBAT prepare for and participate	<ul> <li>Introduction to the Argumentative Essay</li> <li>Hand out and review the instructions and rubric for the argumentative essay.</li> <li>Topic Brainstorming</li> <li>The teacher will prepare three charts, labeled "School", "Extracurricular/Home", and "Country/World".</li> <li>Together, the class will brainstorm issues that are important to them that fall under each heading.</li> <li>Example for School - Not being able to use cell phones in class.</li> <li>Example for Extracurricular/Home: Not being allowed to watch an R rated movie.</li> </ul>	Have students select one topic from each list that they are interested in exploring further to free write about. (Topic Exploration – Free Write)  Have students select a topic and write down a claim about the topic that they will then research. (Initial Topic Selection and Claim)	NJSLS W.8.1 A-E NJSLS W8.4- 8 NJSLS W8.9.B NJSLS W8.10 NJSLS SL8.2- 3 NJSLS SL8.4- 6

		effectively in a whole class brainstorming session with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	<ul> <li>Example for Country/World: The drinking age in the US being too high.</li> <li>Topic Exploration – Free Write         <ul> <li>Have students pick one topic per list that they would like to explore in more detail. They will free write about each of the topics.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Initial Topic Selection and Claim         <ul> <li>Have students select the topic that they are most interested to write about and create an initial claim about the topic.</li> <li>Have students select the topic that they found most interesting to write about. The students will create a preliminary claim about their topic.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		NJSLS L8.1 A-D NJSLS L8.2 A-C NJSLS L8.3A
Research and Topic Refinement	2-3 Days	SWBAT write routinely over extended time frames (research/ reflection/ revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes related to their argumentative essay topic.  SWBAT read closely to determine what an article says explicitly and to make logical	<ul> <li>Using district provided databases and resources students will research their chosen topics.</li> <li>Students will look for evidence that can be used to defend their claim.</li> <li>If needed, students may either redefine or revise their claim based on the research they have found.</li> </ul>	Have students create a research log where they keep track of useful articles they have found and the evidence those articles contain. (Research and Redefining)	NJSLS W.8.1 A-E NJSLS W8.4- 8 NJSLS W8.9.B NJSLS W8.10 NJSLS SL8.2- 3 NJSLS SL8.4- 6

	inferences and	NJSLS L8.1
	relevant connections	A-D
	from it when	
	completing research	NJSLS L8.2
	for their	A-C
	argumentative essay.	NJSLS L8.3A
	SWBAT cite specific	NJSLS W8.7
	textual evidence	
	when writing or	
	speaking to support	
	conclusions drawn	
t l	from an article they	
	discovered while	
1	researching their	
	argumentative essay	
1	topic.	
	SWBAT determine	
	the central ideas or	
	themes of an article	
	and analyze their	
	development while	
	completing research	
	for their	
	argumentative essay.	
	SWBAT summarize	
	the key supporting	
	details and ideas of	
	nonfiction articles	
	while completing	

Mini-Lessons and Work Periods	7 Days	research for their argumentative essay.  SWBAT conduct short research projects to find articles and information about their argumentative essay topic, drawing on several sources and generating additional related questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.  SWBAT write an argumentative essay to support claims in an analysis of a self-selected topic, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.  SWBAT produce a clear and coherent argumentative essay in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate	1. Mini-Lessons  • Through the use of Caine's book, teachers can find lessons that can be used to address needed areas as they arise. Some helpful topics include:  • Writing a Thesis Statement (Pgs. 86 – 89)  • All Reasons are Not Created Equal (Pgs. 90 – 91)  • Some Might Think: How to Write Counterarguments (Pgs. 96 – 98)  • Lead That Capture the Reader's Attention (Pgs. 123 – 124)  • Smooth Transitions (Pgs. 131 – 133)  • Call to Action (Pgs. 149 – 151)	Have students complete activities and work with examples from assorted mini-lessons as needed. (Mini-Lessons)  Students will write an argumentative essay on a self-selected topic. (Work Periods)	NJSLS W.8.1 A-E NJSLS W8.4-8 NJSLS W8.9.B NJSLS SL8.2-3 NJSLS SL8.2-3
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to task, purpose audience.	e, and *** Mini-lessons start on page 19 and continue all the way to page 196. ***	NJSLS L8.1 A-D
SWBAT developments strengthen write needed by plant revising, editing rewriting, or transmer approach of guided by lesser found in Cain's book).	Students will work on writing their argumentative essays. During this time students should be drafting, editing, and revising with the aim to have a completed essay ready for submission by the assigned due date.	NJSLS L8.2 A-C NJSLS L8.3A
SWBAT write routinely over extended time to produce a completed argumentative on a self-select topic.	frames essay	
SWBAT demo command of the conventions of standard English grammar and unwhile writing the argumentative	sh usage heir	
SWBAT demo command of the conventions of	ne	

standard English		
capitalization,		
punctuation, and		
spelling when		
writing their		
argumentative essay.		

# Suggested Modifications for Special Education, English Language Learners and Gifted Students:

- Modifications for any individual student's IEP or 504 plan must be met.
- Alter assignment length if necessary.
- Aid in student research.
- Provide additional mentor texts and examples.

## **Suggested Technological Innovations/ Use:**

- 8.1.8. E.1: Effective use of digital tools assists in gathering and managing information.
- 8.2.8. F.2: Technology is created through the application and appropriate use of technological resources.
- 8.2.8. D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.
- Peer reviews are to be commented on mini papers through Google Documents
- 8.2.8. D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.

# Cross Curricular/ 21st Century Connections:

- 9.1 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
  - o 9.1.8.A.1: Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
  - o 9.1.8.B.2: Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., cross-cultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions.
  - o 9.1.8.C.2: Demonstrate the use of compromise, consensus, and community building strategies for carrying out different tasks, assignments, and projects.
  - o 9.1.8.D3: Use effective communication skills in face-to-face and online interactions with peers and adults from home and from diverse cultures.
  - o 9.1.8.F.1: Demonstrate how productivity and accountability contribute to realizing individual or group work goals within or outside the classroom.

## Unit 5: An Introduction to Shakespeare, Sonnets, and Soliloquies

**Summary of the Unit:** This unit will focus on the study and interpretation of one of the most dynamic plays in the history of literature, *Romeo and Juliet*. Particular attention will be paid to the foundations that make up and encompass the play: sonnets, soliloquies, iambic pentameter, and many more dramatic terms and devices. Ultimately, this unit will all be about decoding Shakespeare and finding a way for students to interact with the writing of Shakespeare both intellectually and vocally. Through various activities including reading, writing, drawing, creating, critiquing, and analyzing, the student will be able to embrace Shakespeare for years to come.

## **Enduring Understanding:**

- Shakespearean dramas and concepts serve as cultural capital/currency.
- Judgements and initial misinterpretations can lead to destructive consequences.
- Love is sometimes irrational-passion blinds us from true rational thought.
- Literature is Art and Art will forever imitate life.
- Romeo and Juliet is a classic piece of literature that withstands the test of time due to its undeniable message: LOVE IS REAL!

#### **Essential Questions:**

- What's in a name? How strong is a last name to a family's identity?
- What is true love?
- What is human nature?
- What is worth dying for?
- What is the big difference between what people say and what people do?
- What is cultural capital/currency?
- What makes a literary work timeless?
- What is a tragedy?
- How can you relate this play to today? Are there any connections that can be made?
- At what age does a person become old enough to make their own decisions on love?

# Summative Assessment and/ or Summative Criteria to demonstrate mastery of the Unit

• **Option 1:** Character Identification: Through a visual display-mosaic, have students pick and discuss one character from the play to embrace for this project. In this display, should be important lines of dialogue, impact on play, descriptors of the character and symbols identifying the

character through the literary work. In the past, roses have been a great template for this activity.

• Option 2: Physical/Vocal Identity to be demonstrated here: Memorize and perform in front of the class, a dramatic interpretation of a monologue/soliloquy/sonnet of their choice from the play. Group Style: Memorize and perform in front of the class, a dramatic interpretation of a scene of their choice.

#### **Resources:**

#### **Texts**

- Romeo and Juliet
  - o There are three different versions of the play that teachers can choose from.
- "Free at Last! Our Childhood Is Over"
  - o https://www.poemsforfree.com/freeat.html
- Sonnet 18 (Shall I compare thee to a summer's day)
  - o <a href="https://www.poetryfoundation.org/poems/45087/sonnet-18-shall-i-compare-thee-to-a-summers-day">https://www.poetryfoundation.org/poems/45087/sonnet-18-shall-i-compare-thee-to-a-summers-day</a>
- "The Brain on Love"
  - o <a href="https://opinionator.blogs.nytimes.com/2012/03/24/the-brain-on-love/">https://opinionator.blogs.nytimes.com/2012/03/24/the-brain-on-love/</a>
- Reflection on the Balcony Scene
  - o <a href="http://theshakespeareblog.com/2014/03/romeo-and-juliets-balcony-scene/">http://theshakespeareblog.com/2014/03/romeo-and-juliets-balcony-scene/</a>

#### Film/Video

- Romeo and Juliet (1968)
  - o This version remains true to the play.
- Shakespeare's Sonnets: Crash Course Literature 304
  - o https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bDpW1sHrBaU&t=29s
- What is SOLILOQUY? What does SOLILOQUY mean? SOLILOQUY meaning, definition & pronunciation

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DMyTVGdVQr4
- Romeo and Juliet Summaries Nerdstudy
  - o https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLQOP19YiQI6B0y1IBvtQJyBwJq01nMO0L
  - o These summaries will definitely help with breaking everything down.

#### Misc.

- Glossary of Dramatic Terms
  - o <a href="http://www.oranim.ac.il/sites/heb/SiteCollectionImages/pictures/english/expression/Glossary\_of\_drama\_Dramatic.pdf">http://www.oranim.ac.il/sites/heb/SiteCollectionImages/pictures/english/expression/Glossary\_of\_drama\_Dramatic.pdf</a>
- Where's Romeo by William Hatherell (Art best viewed after Act 4)
  - o http://www.english.emory.edu/classes/Shakespeare\_Illustrated/Hatherell.Romeo.html
- The Reconciliation of the Montagues and Capulets by Frederick Leighton (Art best viewed after Act 5)
  - o <a href="http://www.english.emory.edu/classes/Shakespeare\_Illustrated/Leighton.Romeo.html">http://www.english.emory.edu/classes/Shakespeare\_Illustrated/Leighton.Romeo.html</a>
- Site for Venice/Masquerade Ball WebQuest Information
  - o <a href="https://www.carnival-in-venice.eu/">https://www.carnival-in-venice.eu/</a>

<b>Topic/ Selection</b>	Suggested	General	Instructional Activities	Suggested Benchmarks/	NJSLS
	Timeline	Objectives		Assessments	Standards
	per topic				
Introduction to	1-2 Weeks	SWBAT cite the	Mapping our Journey: Classroom	Student presentation of their	NJSLSA.RL8.1-
Shakespeare		textual evidence	space will be used to organize	initial analysis of their assigned	.5
(Sonnets/Soliloquies)		from sonnets and	reading and construct meaning	essential question.	
		soliloquies that	within this unit.		NJSLS.RL.8.1-
Start off with the		most strongly		Graphic organizers where	8.9
Sonnets/Soliloquies/		supports an analysis	Provide chart paper to students	students organize their notes	
Iambic Pentameter		of what the text	with assigned essential	when student groups present	NJSLS: 8.1.A
		says explicitly as	question(s) for this text: have	their initial analysis of the	
Literary Terms		well as inferences	students write their initial	themes.	
Associated with		drawn from the text.	thoughts to these question(s) and		
Drama.			discuss as a whole class.		

SWBAT analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in sonnets and soliloquies propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.

SWBAT determine the meaning of words and phrases used in sonnets and soliloquies, including figurative and connotative meanings.

SWBAT analyze the impact of specific word choices in sonnets and soliloquies on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

SWBAT determine the theme or central idea of sonnets and soliloquies and As students read the play in class, have them write events and quotes on post- its and post it on the appropriate essential question.

In another section of the classroom "map" (chart paper on the walls) out so students continually have a visual reference to the three families in the drama: House of Capulet, House of Montague and House of Escalus as well as the people of Verona. You may even want to break the class up into "house"/families for the reading of the text.

In another section of the classroom post a word wall with common Shakespearean words and their meanings: start with the most common Shakespearean words and then add to this wall throughout the play.

Mini-lesson on everyday language that we get from Shakespeare (handout).

5 post it requirement per student, per week on the essential questions in response to the reading.

Romeo and Juliet Critical
Reading Journal - For every
scene students should be given 23 quotes to select and to provide
an analysis of character and
conflicts in relationship to the
essential questions of the play.
Have students share journal
entries regularly throughout their
reading of the play, students can
select several journal entries to
finalize and add to their
portfolios.

For their first entry in their critical reading journals for the play have students write an original story using as many of the everyday language expressions that they can in their story. Have several students read their stories aloud in front of the class (handout).

Kinesthetic activity: Students map their heart beat through a visual and linguistic representation. Pose these around

		analyze their	Mini-lesson on verse/iambic	the room, "The Verse of Our	
		development over	pentameter and stressed vs.	Hearts." Students write 8-10	
		the course of the	unstressed lines (handout).	lines of their own in iambic	
		text, including their		pentameter.	
		relationship to the	Turn passages from "Romeo and		
		characters, setting,	Juliet" back into verse lines,	Guided practice: Completed	
		and plot.	partner activity, review as a class	passages reorganized back into	
			and look at the actual scene in the	verse.	
		SWBAT come to	play.		
		discussions		Independent Practice: Assigned	
		prepared, having	Assign students a passage, in	passage completed with group	
		read or researched	groups they will turn assigned	presentation (handout). Each	
		material, explicitly	passage back into prose and post	group will be assigned a different	
		draw on that	on chart paper. Students will	passage from the handout. Have	
		preparation by	present their assigned passage to	students use their annotations	
		referring to	the class. When these passages	from the in-class close reading to	
		evidence on the	are read in the play the class will	draw a representation of the	
		topic, text, or issue	return to them.	prologue, labeled with quotes	
		to probe and reflect		from the opening scene and	
		on ideas under	Have an ambitious student come	questions created by the students	
		discussion while	up in front of the class and	about concerns raised by this	
		speaking about	perform the Prologue. Participate	opening scene in the reading.	
		specific sonnets and	in a close read of the prologue	Have students consider, why	
		soliloquies.	and annotate with the students.	Shakespeare would provide the	
				"end" of the play in the	
			Along with all of this comes the	beginning (additional critical	
			study of two sonnets that are	reading journal entry).	
			listed in the resources section.		
Romeo and Juliet -	1-2 Weeks	SWBAT determine	Since Act 1 is all about	With the lines of dialogue, one	NJSLS.RL.8.4
Act 1		or clarify the	meet/greet, have students identify	can create an informal writing	
		meaning of	key pieces of dialogue from each	assessment that can be used here	NJSLS.RL.8.5
True Love vs Real		unknown and	of the characters and plot them	in conjunction with the lines	
Love.		multiple-meaning	accordingly. A good idea would	from the play.	NJSLS.SL.8.6

				1
[This Act is made up of scenes that introduce the characters along the way with the conflict. It is important to look at the brotherhood here between Benvolio and Romeo here along with the relationship between the Nurse and Juliet as it seems extremely pronounced here. Along with this comes the fantastic meeting between Romeo and Juliet that happens to be at a masquerade party. Might want to talk about the masquerade party and where that developed from. In the end, we are left with Romeo contemplating his love and if it is worth it. In the	words or phrases found in Romeo and Juliet.  SWBAT analyze in detail the structure of specific stanzas in Romeo and Juliet, including the role of particular sentences in developing and refining a key concept.  SWBAT follow rules for critical discussions and decision-making based on development in Romeo and Juliet, and track progress toward specific	be to get analytical here and have students connect with themselves on what these lines mean to them as well.  Complete discussion questions following each scene along with a vocabulary check.  For a short writing assignment - have students come up with the name of the Act while taking into consideration all aspects and pieces here.  In-Depth history of the Masquerade Ball which will require them to look into Venice and its origination.	Comprehension Checks - through questioning and recall.  A Web Quest or background check of Venice and the history of the Masquerade Party.	NJSLS.SL.8.5
pronounced here. Along	developing and	name of the Act while taking into		
fantastic meeting between Romeo and Juliet that	concept.	pieces here.		
Romeo and Juliet that happens to be at a masquerade party. Might want to talk about the masquerade party and where that developed from. In the end, we are left with Romeo contemplating his love	SWBAT follow rules for critical discussions and decision-making based on development in <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> , and track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as	In-Depth history of the Masquerade Ball which will require them to look into Venice		
	needed.  SWBAT adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks,			

		demonstrating command of formal English when discussing <i>Romeo</i> and <i>Juliet</i> .			
Romeo and Juliet	1-2 Weeks	SWBAT analyze in	Read and annotate Act 1 scenes	Analytical Analysis of the	NJSLS.RL.8.5
Act 2		detail the structure	as you read them - What does the	characters for development-focus	
		of specific stanzas	dialogue reveal about the	especially on Mercutio.	NJSLS.SL.8.5
Well, this is the Act		in Romeo and Juliet	characters in each of these	Why does Shakespeare put a	
where Romeo and Juliet's		including the role of	scenes? Pair share; small group	character like Mercutio into this	NJSLS.RL.8.6
love comes at us full- speed ahead. The famous		particular sentences	discussion	play? What role does he play?	
balcony scene takes place		in developing and		(1 page analysis)	
here. Verona is another		refining a key	Mini-lesson on oxymorons.		
topic of discussion		concept.	Provide examples to examine in	Comprehension Checks -	
considering it still		CXVD A T. C-11	terms of making meaning,	through questioning and recall.	
encompasses the true love		SWBAT follow rules for critical	through Shakespeare's use of this literary device. Please note that		
of Romeo and Juliet to		discussions and	they can be located in Act 1 and		
this day.		decision-making	2 for the review.		
Friar Lawrence also		based on	2 for the review.		
comes into play here as		development in	Complete discussion questions		
he becomes a factor when		Romeo and Juliet,	following each scene along with		
it comes to the two of		and track progress	a vocabulary check.		
them getting married.		toward specific			
Managaria 2 and a samuel and		goals and deadlines,	For a short writing assignment-		
Mercutio's character also develops herenoting		and define	have students come up with the		
how vulgar he is and how		individual roles as	name of the Act while taking into		
fantastically odd he is.		needed.	consideration all aspects and		
			pieces here.		
The Act ends with the		SWBAT analyze			
two of them getting		how differences in	Read and discuss the reflection		
married.		the points of view	piece on the balcony scene.		

		of the characters and the audience or reader in <i>Romeo</i> and Juliet creates such effects as suspense or humor.			
Romeo and Juliet	1 Week/1	SWBAT determine	Mini-lesson on soliloquy (see	Guided and independent practice	NJSLS.RL.8.2
Act 3	Week for	the theme or central	handouts) and other language	of a close reading of Juliet's	
Well, this is the Act	each actcould	idea in <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> and analyze	devices used to increase dramatic effect. Also, review tone of	soliloquy. Identification of words that reveal her impatient desire.	NJSLS.RL.8.4
where all of the bloodshed occurs. Tybalt	be longer	its development	voice, emphasis, gesture and		NJSLS.RL.8.6
and Mercutio both meet	but it	over the course of	facial expression. We can look at	Comprehension Check here is	NIICI C XV O 4
their demise while	depends on the art	the text, including its relationship to	the definition and history of the term.	through questioning and recall.	NJSLS.W.8.4
Romeo is left to be	pieceetc	the characters,	term.	William Hatherell, "Where's	
blamed for all that has	pieceetc	setting, and plot.	Mini-lesson on verbal and	Romeo?" c. 1912 Act III, Scene	
gone wrong.		setting, and prot.	dramatic irony: model how to	iii: Romeo has just learned from	
In return, The Prince		SWBAT determine	analyze the different types of	the Friar that he is going to be	
decides that it is best for		the meaning of	verbal irony through the use of	banished.	
Romeo to be exiled. This		words and phrases	content in Act III.		
leaves Romeo		as they are used in		(The above can be a moment	
questioning life and if it is all worth it.		Romeo and Juliet,	Complete discussion questions	where the student has a writing	
is an worth it.		including figurative and connotative	following each scene along with a vocabulary check.	assignment-words vs. images and the power between the two.)	
On the Capulet Side,		meanings.	a vocabulary check.	Which one is more effective and	
Paris is confessing his		meanings.	For a short writing assignment-	why?	
love for Juliet and this comes at a very good		SWBAT analyze	have students come up with the		
time, considering that the		the impact of	name of the Act while taking into	Identification of verbal and	
family is coping with the		specific word	consideration all aspects and	dramatic irony in excerpts from	
loss of Tybalt. In doing		choices used in	pieces here.	the play. Chart tone of voice,	
so, Capulet agrees for		Romeo and Juliet		expressions and movement to	
		have on meaning		convey the two types of irony	

Paris to marry his daughter.  Upon hearing this news, Juliet goes against this order and the relationship between father/daughter is tested. Also, the nurse responds and also gets shut down. This is the moment in the play where the nurse loses her impact.  Romeo and Juliet Act 4  In a nutshell, this Act is about the preparation of the plan to get Romeo and Juliet back united together. Juliet is to take a sleeping agent from Friar Lawrence while Romeo is to receive a letter from Mantua discussing the plan and how she will wake up accordingly. Act ends with Juliet to be buriedthe joke is on everyone.		and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.  SWBAT analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or reader in <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> create such effects as suspense or humor.  SWBAT use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events associated with reading <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> .	Mini-lesson on "art" and its relationship to literature. Examine as a class "Where's Romeo" in relationship to Act III. Introduce art and its intense power, especially in relation to literature. Have students research some art works that they would use to be representative of each scene thus far.  Through Act III and Act IV, develop an idea behind atmosphere and how it creates an overall impression of the play.  For visual effects, have each student draw a canvas that expresses the nature of how Juliet is feeling after Paris proclaims his ability to marry her.	(scene between Juliet and her nurse.  Staged dramatic presentation of an assigned passage for atmosphere to convey an intense feeling of time, place or emotional climate.  Illustrate three images of death that terrify Juliet in Act IV, Scene iii, lines 30-58.	
Romeo and Juliet Act 5	1 -2 Weeks Summative	SWBAT cite the textual evidence that most strongly	Complete discussion questions following each scene along with a vocabulary check.	Comprehension Check here is through questioning and recall	NJSLS.RL.8.1 NJSLS.RL.8.2

Well, this is the part of	Assessment-	supports an analysis		Have students write an analysis	
the play where all the bad	Final Test	of what <i>Romeo and</i>	Explore and critique the	of Friar Lawrence's speech; how	NJSLS.RL.8.9
things that could happen,	on the	Juliet says	concluding speeches of Friar	does he take responsibility for	113525.112.0.9
did happen. Juliet is	playetc.	explicitly as well as	Lawrence and Benvolio based on	his part in the deaths of Romeo	NJSLS.SL.8.1
sleeping while Romeo is		inferences drawn	their relationship to the two main	and Juliet? Who should	113020.02.0.1
buying a poison of his		from the text.	characters.	ultimately be held responsible?	NJSLS.SL.8.3
own to drink just in case		nom me text.	characters.	Have students identify evidence	113525.52.6.3
he needs it. The letter		SWBAT determine	View the famous painting by	for who should be held	
from Friar Lawrence gets		the theme or central	Frederic Lord Leighton and	responsible and participate in a	
lost in the mail so to		idea in <i>Romeo and</i>	evaluate it based on its	class debate.	
speak. We are left with a blood bath as Romeo kills		Juliet and analyze	significance. Make connections	class debate.	
Paris, then himself. Juliet		its development	between the painting and the	Frederic Lord Leighton. The	
wakes up and then kills		over the course of	work.	Reconciliation of the Montagues	
herself knowing that		the text, including	WOIK.	and the Capulets over the Dead	
Romeo is dead. The only		its relationship to	Review Excerpt, "The Brain on	Bodies of Romeo and Juliet,	
two able to tell the story		the characters,	Love" and discuss relationship to	1853-55. Romeo and Juliet are	
are Benvolio and the		setting, and plot.	the play.	the most famous pair of lovers in	
Friar and then the Prince		setting, and plot.	the play.	Western literature, but is their	
declares peace amongst		SWBAT analyze		love real, or is it just infatuation?	
all families. Even in		the extent to which		They make impulsive, life-	
Shakespeare, great ending		the 1968 film		altering decisions based on their	
or not?		version of <i>Romeo</i>		love and end up losing their lives	
		and Juliet stays		over relationship.	
		faithful to or		over relationship.	
		departs from the			
		*			
		play, evaluating the			
		choices made by the			
		director or actors.			
		SWP AT poss			
		SWBAT pose			
		questions that			
		connect the ideas of			
		several speakers			

and res	pond to		
others'	questions		
and co	mments with		
relevar	at evidence,		
observ	ations, and		
ideas v	hile		
discuss	ing Romeo		
and Ju	liet.		
SWBA	T delineate a		
speake	r's argument		
	ecific claims,		
evaluat	ing the		
soundr	less of the		
reason	ng and		
relevar	ice and		
sufficie	ency of the		
eviden	ce and		
identif	ying when		
irreleva	ant evidence		
is intro	duced while		
discuss	ing Romeo		
and Ju	liet.		
Suggested Modifications for Special Educati	on, English Language Learners and Gifted Stu	dents:	

\*Consistent with individual plans, when appropriate.

- Students will be issued a Shakespeare Made Easy variation of the text if needed.
- Allow additional time when in full class discussing for processing and discussion.
- Although all lengths should be attempted, teacher should reduce work on written assignments depending on special needs.
- Students should be provided with graphic organizers during annotations, discussions, and when having to formulate any mini papers.
- Check for understanding by conferencing with teacher.
- Students may chose a partner or teacher may chose a partner to work that student is comfortable with.
- Repeat and clarify any directions given. 

  Use of audio tapes when applicable.

- Allow for preferential seating within groups and whole class.
- Allow for additional time on tests and quizzes.
- Teacher made modifications on quiz and test questions.

## **Suggested Technological Innovations/ Use:**

- Mini Papers to be types on Chrome Books/Laptops
- 8.1.8. E.1: Effective use of digital tools assists in gathering and managing information.
- 8.2.8. F.2: Technology is created through the application and appropriate use of technological resources.
- 8.2.8. D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.
- Peer reviews are to be commented on mini papers through Google Documents
- 8.2.8. D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.

## **Cross Curricular/ 21st Century Connections:**

- 9.1 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
  - 9.1.8.A.1: Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
  - o 9.1.8.B.2: Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., cross-cultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions.
  - o 9.1.8.C.2: Demonstrate the use of compromise, consensus, and community building strategies for carrying out different tasks, assignments, and projects.
  - o 9.1.8.D3: Use effective communication skills in face-to-face and online interactions with peers and adults from home and from diverse cultures.
  - o 9.1.8.F.1: Demonstrate how productivity and accountability contribute to realizing individual or group work goals within or outside the classroom.

## Unit 6: Struggling With the Power Shifts In Society: WAR WITH WORDS

**Summary of the Unit:** Society presents many struggles for the individual. From propaganda to politics, students these days pose questions about society and its establishments but receive very few answers in return. Through literature that presents the audience with a birds-eye view/perspective on how the government or power forces in our society project upon us what they want, readers can take what they learn and use it as strength to combat these forces. George Orwell and John Steinbeck are two of the authors that lead the way in this unit!

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

• The human mind is susceptible to manipulation on all levels. We as a people have shown this in history through many different landscapes. It is our goal as a culture and a society to avoid being manipulated at all costs and think for ourselves. Underneath the core of the written works presented in this unit is a "Warning Sign" to avoid manipulation and keep your eyes wide open. The teacher exposes the message and the students never forget it!

#### **Essential Questions:**

- What makes up a society?
- How does one avoid brainwashing and manipulation in the face of so many powerful agencies?
- What do you know about politics? What is your knowledge based on?
- What is the difference between a leader and a dictator?
- What is the number one force behind manipulation of man?
- Does history show us that manipulation by man cannot be avoided? Define "MAN" here.
- Should the Government be able to control the population?

## Summative Assessment and/ or Summative Criteria to demonstrate mastery of the Unit

- Option 1: "SYMBOL OF POWER"- Within these works are symbols that show us warning signs of bad to come within a work. Have students create a visual representation of the power shift and then explain the steps involved either through words or through art. This usually works best as a "partner" project. (See Provenza for Samples)
- Option 2: "How did this happen?" A written piece relating to a time in history where political powers and man purely manipulated and brainwashed one another (Russian Revolution/Holocaust-Concentration Camps/Mussolini) The length of this project is up to interpretation considering research is involved, thus time is a factor.

#### **Resources:**

#### **Texts**

- Animal Farm
- The Pearl
- The Giver
- Fahrenheit 451
- Diary of a Young Girl

#### **Videos**

- 1954 animated version of *Animal Farm* 
  - o <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kq\_agNNGcA4">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kq\_agNNGcA4</a>
- The Pearl
  - o <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rUSf9M0PZ8g">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rUSf9M0PZ8g</a>
    - The video does not play in restricted mode.

#### Misc.

- "A Hanging" by George Orwell
  - o This is a great essay about power and taking things for granted and works as a good connection piece.
    - http://www.george-orwell.org/A\_Hanging/0.html
- Biography of Joseph Stalin (For use with *Animal Farm*)
  - o https://www.ducksters.com/biography/joseph\_stalin.php
- Digital Copy of *The Pearl* 
  - o https://www.ptbeach.com/cms/lib02/NJ01000839/Centricity/Domain/211/The-Pearl-John-Steinbeck.pdf
- Teacher's Guide for *The Pearl* 
  - o http://www.penguin.com/static/pdf/teachersguides/pearl.pdf
- Biography of John Steinbeck
  - https://www.biography.com/people/john-steinbeck-9493358

Topic/ Selection	Suggested Timeline per	<b>General Objectives</b>	Instructional Activities	Suggested Benchmarks/	NJSLS Standards
	topic			Assessments	
Novel Option 1:	4-5 Weeks	SWBAT engage	Read and discuss selected passages from the	Analyze and interpret	
Animal Farm	including the	effectively in a	work and create conference circles on elected	the sections of the novel	NJSLS.RL.8.2
	summative	range of	topics.	while completing	
(Animal Farm is an	assessment at	collaborative		quizzes and tests	NJSLSW.8.4
allegorical novella by George Orwell,	the end of the	discussions (one-on-	Discuss and respond to each chapter of the	associated with the	
first published in	unit.	one, in groups, and	book and acknowledge the connecting tissues	piece.	NJSLS.RL.8.1
England on 17		teacher-led) with	between them.		
August 1945.		diverse partners on		Digest topics from novel	NJSLS.SL.8.1
According to Orwell,		topics read/reviewed	Complete discussion questions following each	through analysis and	
the book reflects		in Unit 6 texts.	section along with a vocabulary check.	group discussion.	NJSLS.W.8.7
events leading up to the Russian					
Revolution of 1917		SWBAT conduct	View a film version of one of the texts looking	Literary journals used to	
and then on into the		short research	for comparison between the novel version and	keep track of the	
Stalinist era of the		projects (drawing on	the film version. (See the resources section for	development of power	
Soviet Union.)		several sources and	a link to film versions of <i>Animal Farm</i> and <i>The</i>	shifts and how they	
N. IO.		generating	Pearl)	came to be in each	
Novel Option 2:		additional related,		novel.	
The Pearl		focused questions	Identify and discuss the underlying symbolic		
(The Pearl is a		that allow for	elements of the novel and decipher their	View the film version of	
novella by American		multiple avenues of	importance in regards to theme.	the novel in discussion	
author John		exploration) to gain		and respond with a	
Steinbeck, first		knowledge on topics	Identify elements within the novel that reflect	written essay discussing	
published in 1947. It		related to Unit 6	the true nature of the theme of this novel. ( <i>The</i>	similarities and	
is the story of a pearl		texts.	Pearl)	differences between the	
diver, Kino, and explores man's				twowhat worked and	
nature as well as		SWBAT determine	Read "A Hanging" (a political essay created by	what did not.	
greed, defiance of		the central idea of a	Orwell in response to his time in Burma) and		
societal norms, and		Unit 6 text and	analyze the essay based on themes of	Respond to the written	
evil.)		analyze its	assimilation and greed.	selection, "A Hanging"	
		development over		by evaluating it based	

<b>Novel Option 3:</b>	the course of the	Read the biography of John Steinbeck (see	on its connection to
The Giver	text, including its	resources) and have students take notes and	Animal Farm. (See
	relationship to	pose questions. (The Pearl)	resources)
(The Giver is a 1993	supporting ideas.		,
American young			
adult dystopian	SWBAT analyze		
novel by Lois	how a Unit 6 text		
Lowry. It is set in a society which at first	makes connections		
appears to be utopian	among and		
but is revealed to be	distinctions between		
dystopian as the	individuals, ideas, or		
story progresses. The			
novel follows a 12-	events (e.g., through		
year-old boy named	comparisons,		
Jonas.)	analogies, or		
Novel Option 4:	categories).		
-			
The Diary of a	SWBAT cite the		
Young Girl	textual evidence that		
(A book of the	most strongly		
writings from the	supports an analysis		
Dutch language	of what a Unit 6 text		
diary kept by Anne	says explicitly as		
Frank while she was	well as inferences		
in hiding for two	drawn from the text.		
years with her family during the Nazi			
occupation of the	SWBAT integrate		
Netherlands. It is	and evaluate content		
also known as The	related to Unit 6		
Diary of Anne	texts presented with		
Frank.)	diverse media and		
	formats, including		
*** Also an option	visually and		
for Unit 3 ***	visually and		

Novel Option 4: Fahrenheit 451	quantitatively, as well as with words.		
(A dystopian novel by American writer Ray Bradbury, published in 1953. It takes us on a journey through the eyes of the protagonist, Guy Montag. Self- discovery and redemption lead the way for this classic work.)	SWBAT evaluate the choices made by the directors or actors by analyzing the extent to which a filmed or live production of a Unit 6 text stays faithful to or departs from the text or script.		
*** Also an option for Unit 3 ***			

### Suggested Modifications for Special Education, English Language Learners and Gifted Students:

\*Consistent with individual plans, when appropriate.

- Students will be issued a graphic novel variation of the text if needed.
- Allow additional time when in full class discussing for processing and discussion.
- Although all lengths should be attempted, teacher should reduce work on written assignments depending on special needs.
- Students should be provided with graphic organizers during annotations, discussions, and when having to formulate any mini papers.
- Check for understanding by conferencing with teacher.
- Students may chose a partner or teacher may chose a partner to work that student is comfortable with.
- Repeat and Clarify any directions given.
- Use of audio tapes when applicable.
- Allow for preferential seating within groups and whole class.
- Allow for additional time on tests and quizzes.
- Teacher made modifications on quiz and test questions.

## **Suggested Technological Innovations/ Use:**

• Mini Papers to be types on Chrome Books/Laptops

- o 8.1.8.E.1: Effective use of digital tools assists in gathering and managing information.
- o 8.2.8.F.2: Technology is created through the application and appropriate use of technological resources.
- o 8.2.8.D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.
- Peer reviews are to be commented on mini papers through Google Documents
  - o 8.2.8.D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.
  - o 8.1.8.C.1: Digital tools and environments support the learning process and foster collaboration in solving local or global issues and problems.
- Research: Russia
  - o 8.2.8.D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.

### Cross Curricular/ 21st Century Connections:

- 9.1 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
  - o 99.1.8.D3: Use effective communication skills in face-to-face and online interactions with peers and adults from home and from diverse cultures.
  - o 9.1.8.E.4: There are ethical and unethical uses of communication and media
  - o 9.1.8.F.1: Demonstrate how productivity and accountability contribute to realizing individual or group work goals within or outside the classroom.
  - o 9.1.8.A.1: Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
  - o 9.1.8.B.2: Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., cross-cultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions.
  - 9.1.8.C.2: Demonstrate the use of compromise, consensus, and community building strategies for carrying out different tasks, assignments, and projects.

### Unit 7: American Literature: Exploring Our History, Culture, and Society

Summary of the Unit: In this unit students will study a novel that takes them into our nation's past. Whether it be following an unlikely pair of runaways in the Antebellum South, trying to make it as migrant workers during the Great Depression, or struggling for freedom as a slave in Maryland, students will explore what life was like in the United States in a time and place that is not their own. As they form a clearer picture of America and its people during the time period of their novel, students will work to draw connections between the past and present in order to evaluate what lessons can be learned from the behaviors and actions of our past. By paying particular attention to the main characters of the novels they will also discover that while many things have changed from past to present, important aspects of the human condition will always survive the test of time. The unit will culminate in a presentation that asks students to, among other thing, answer the question of why these stories are still important so many years after they were written.

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

- Through studying the actions of the past we can gain insight and understanding about the present.
- While time and circumstances may change, certain aspects of being human are universal.
- Although written a long ago, American Literature can help us discover who we were, who we are, and more importantly, who we should strive to be.

#### **Essential Questions:**

- How does learning about what society was like in the past help us in the present?
- What lessons can be learned from the behaviors and actions of our past?
- What aspects of humanity can we find in both the past and the present?
- Why are books written so long ago still relevant today?

### Summative Assessment and/ or Summative Criteria to demonstrate mastery of the Unit

- **Presentation:** Students will create a presentation that addresses the following:
  - o What was the United States like during the time period of your novel?
  - O How was the time period portrayed in your novel both similar to and different from today's society?
  - o Why is this novel still relevant today?
  - What did you personally take away from this novel?

#### Resources:

#### **Texts**

- Narrative of the Life of Frederick Douglass, an American Slave by Frederick Douglass
- Of Mice and Men by John Steinbeck
- The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn by Mark Twain

\*\*\* These texts can be read as whole class, independently, or in collaborative groups using Literature Circle or Book Club protocols at the teacher's discretion \*\*\*

#### **Articles**

• "Prestigious Laura Ingalls Wilder Award Renamed Over Racial Insensitivity" https://www.nytimes.com/2018/06/26/books/laura-ingalls-wilder-book-award.html

<b>Topic/ Selection</b>	Suggested	General	Instructional Activities	Suggested	NJSLS Standards
	Timeline	Objectives		Benchmarks/	
	per topic			Assessments	
Novel Selection:	4-5 Weeks	SWBAT conduct	1. A Blast From the Past: Building Background	Have students create	NJSLS .RL.8.1.
• Narrative of		short research	Knowledge	a short presentation	
the Life of		projects (drawing	<ul> <li>Students will work in groups to conduct</li> </ul>	to show off the	NJSLS .RL.8.2.
Frederick		on several sources	research relevant to the background of	results of their	
Douglass,		and generating	the novel they will be studying.	research.	NJSLS .RL.8.3.
an		additional related,	<ul> <li>Narrative of Frederick Douglass</li> </ul>		
American		focused questions	<ul><li>History of Slavery in</li></ul>	Have students	NJSLS .RL.8.4.
Slave by		that allow for	Maryland	annotate and analyze	
Frederick		multiple avenues of	<ul><li>Literacy and Slavery</li></ul>	important quotes,	NJSLS .RL.8.6.
Douglass		exploration) to gain	<ul><li>Author Study – Douglass</li></ul>	passages, and	
		background	<ul> <li>Of Mice and Men</li> </ul>	chapters.	NJSLS .RL.8.10.
• Of Mice and		knowledge on	<ul><li>The Great Depression</li></ul>		
Men by		topics related to a	<ul><li>Migrant Workers</li></ul>	Have students	NJSLS .RI.8.1.
John		selected Unit 7	<ul><li>Mental retardation</li></ul>	complete vocabulary	
Steinbeck		novel.	<ul><li>Author Study –</li></ul>	checks.	NJSLS .RI.8.2.
			Steinbeck		
					NJSLS .RI.8.3.

• The	SWBAT cite the	The Adventures of Huckleberry	Have students	
Adventures	textual evidence	Finn	complete discussion	NJSLS .RI.8.4.
of	and make relevant	The Antebellum South	questions.	NJSLS .RI.8.10.
Huckleberry	connections that	<ul><li>Controversy and</li></ul>	questions.	1435L5 .K1.0.10.
Finn by	most strongly	Banned/Challenged	Have students	NJSLS .W.8.4.
Mark Twain	supports an	Status	respond to the	1100LD . W.O. I.
wan wan	analysis of what a	Author Study – Twain	following question:	NJSLS .W.8.6.
	selected Unit 7	Author Study – I wani	Did the ALA make	1435L5 . W.O.O.
	novel says	2. Novel Study	the correct call in	NJSLS .W.8.7.
	explicitly as well as	• For the novel selected the students will:	changing the name	1\(\)5\(\)5\(\)5\(\)7\(\)
	inferences drawn		of the award?	NJSLS .W.8.8.
	from the text.		of the award?	1NJSLS . W .0.0.
	nom me text.	o Respond to important quotes,	Have students	NJSLS .W.8.10.
	SWBAT determine	passages, and chapters.		NJSLS .W.0.10.
	the theme or central	Study vocabulary.	respond to the following question:	NJSLS .SL.8.1.
	idea of a selected	Complete discussion questions.	Should we still be	NJSLS .SL.o.1.
	Unit 7 novel and	o Participate in class discussions.		NJSLS .L.8.1.A-D
		Keep track of information that	reading books that	NJSLS .L.8.1.A-D NJSLS .L.8.2. A-C
	analyze its	details what life, culture, and	portray views and values that are no	NJSLS .L.8.2. A-C
	development over the course of the	society was like in the time		NJSLS .L.8.4. A-D
		period of their novel.	longer tolerated?	NJSLS .L.8.4. A-D
	text, including its	Make connections between the	What do we have to	NICICIOSAC
	relationship to the	past and the present.	gain/lose by	NJSLS .L.8.5. A-C
	characters, setting,	o Track relationships between	removing them?	Midia i o c
	and plot; provide	characters and other people as	TT 4 1 4	NJSLS .L.8.6.
	an objective	well as society/culture.	Have students	000 6 2 0 001
	summary of the	(	respond to the	SOC.6.3.8.CS1
	text.	3. Lessons/Activities	following quote:	000000000000
	CAMPATE	Struggling With Our Past – Applying	"Those who cannot	SOC.6.2.8.A.3.b
	SWBAT analyze	Today's Standards to the Past	learn from history	000010001
	how particular lines	<ul> <li>Hand out the article "Prestigious</li> </ul>	are doomed to repeat	SOC.6.1.8.D.4.a
	of dialogue or	Laura Ingalls Wilder Award	it." – George	
	incidents in a	Renamed Over Racial	Santayana.	
	selected Unit 7			

novel propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or	Insensitivity" to students and have them read and annotate.  O Discuss the article and the ALA's decision as a class.
SWBAT determent the meaning of words and phrase as they are used a selected Unit is novel, including figurative and connotative	make the correct call in changing the name of the award?  es     Making Connections: Article to Novel     Could the same argument that     was made to change the name of
meanings.  SWBAT analyz the impact of specific word choices in a selected Unit 7 novel on meanin and tone, includ analogies or allusions to othe texts.	<ul> <li>Frederick Douglass</li> <li>Use of the n word</li> <li>Graphic depictions of slavery as an accepted practice.</li> <li>Of Mice and Men</li> <li>Use of the n word</li> <li>Insensitive portrayal of</li> </ul>
SWBAT identificonnections between the time period their nove is set in and the present.	<ul> <li>Use of the n word</li> <li>Depictions of slavery as an accepted practice</li> </ul>

,		
	SWBAT explore	are no longer tolerated? What do
	the similarities and	we have to gain/lose by
	differences between	removing them?
	the culture and	<ul> <li>Discuss responses with the</li> </ul>
	society of the past	class.
	and present.	Quote Analysis – "Those who cannot
		learn from history are doomed to repeat
	SWBAT write	it." – George Santayana
	routinely over	O What does this quote mean?
	extended time	<ul> <li>How does this quote relate to</li> </ul>
	frames	our study of American
	(research/reflection,	Literature?
	metacognition/self-	<ul> <li>What lessons should we be</li> </ul>
	correction/revision)	learning from the novel we are
	and shorter time	studying so we don't repeat
	frames (a single	them?
	sitting or a day or	
	two) for a range of	4. Summative Assessment
	tasks and purposes	Students will create a presentation that
	relating to a	explores the following questions:
	selected Unit 7	What was the United States like
	novel.	during the time period of your
		novel?
	SWBAT engage	<ul> <li>How was the time period</li> </ul>
	effectively in a	portrayed in your novel both
	range of	similar to and different from
	collaborative	today's society?
	discussions (one-	<ul> <li>Why is this novel still relevant</li> </ul>
	on-one, in groups,	today?
	and teacher-led)	<ul> <li>What did you personally take</li> </ul>
	with diverse	away from this novel?
	partners about a	
	selected Unit 7	

novel, building on	
others' ideas and	
expressing their	
own clearly.	
SWBAT determine	
the central idea of	
the "Prestigious	
Laura Ingalls	
Wilder Award	
Renamed Over	
Racial	
Insensitivity"	
article and analyze	
its development	
over the course of	
the text, including	
its relationship to	
supporting ideas;	
provide an	
objective summary	
of the text.	
SWBAT write a	
short argument on	
the following topic:	
Did the ALA make	
the correct call in	
changing the name	
of the award?	
or mo unate.	
SWBAT write a	
short argument on	
SHOLL ALGULIERIT OIL	

 <del>_</del>		
the following topic:		
Should we still be		
reading books that		
portray views and		
values that are no		
longer tolerated?		
What do we have to		
gain/lose by		
removing them?		
SWBAT engage		
effectively in a		
range of		
collaborative		
discussions (one-		
on-one, in groups,		
and teacher-led)		
with diverse		
partners about the		
benefits/drawbacks		
of reading literature		
portraying views		
and values that are		
no longer tolerated,		
building on others'		
ideas and		
expressing their		
own clearly.		
SWBAT write		
routinely over		
extended time		
frames		

	1 / 2 .			
	(research/reflection,			
	metacognition/self-			
	correction/revision)			
	and shorter time			
	frames (a single			
	sitting or a day or			
	two) for a range of			
	tasks and purposes			
	relating to the			
	benefits of			
	American			
	Literature and its			
	impact on the			
	present day.			
	SWBAT create a			
	presentation that			
	covers the time			
	period their novel			
	is set in, the			
	difference between			
	that time period			
	and the present day,			
	why the novel is			
	still relevant, and			
	what they took			
	away from the			
	novel.			
Suggested Modifications for Special Education, English Language Learners and Cifted Students:				

### Suggested Modifications for Special Education, English Language Learners and Gifted Students:

- Modifications for any individual student's IEP or 504 plan must be met.
- Alter assignment lengths if necessary.
- Provide additional examples of annotation and the signposts.
- Allow additional time when in full class discussing for processing and discussion.

- Students should be provided with graphic organizers during annotations and discussions.
- Check for understanding by conferencing with teacher.
- Students may chose a partner or teacher may chose a partner to work that student is comfortable with.
- Repeat and clarify any directions given.
- Allow for preferential seating within groups and whole class.

### **Suggested Technological Innovations/ Use:**

- 8.1.8. E.1: Effective use of digital tools assists in gathering and managing information.
- 8.2.8. F.2: Technology is created through the application and appropriate use of technological resources.
- 8.2.8. D.1: Information literacy skills, research, data analysis and prediction are the basis for the effective design of technology systems.
- Peer reviews are to be commented on mini papers through Google Documents
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### Cross Curricular/ 21st Century Connections:

- 9.1 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
  - o 9.1.8.A.1: Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
  - o 9.1.8.B.2: Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., cross-cultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions.
  - o 9.1.8.C.2: Demonstrate the use of compromise, consensus, and community building strategies for carrying out different tasks, assignments, and projects.
  - o 9.1.8.D3: Use effective communication skills in face-to-face and online interactions with peers and adults from home and from diverse cultures.
  - o 9.1.8.F.1: Demonstrate how productivity and accountability contribute to realizing individual or group work goals within or outside the classroom.
- Social Studies:

SOC.6.3.8.CS1

SOC.6.2.8.A.3.b

SOC.6.1.8.D.4.a