Kindergarten Phonics, Spelling, and Word Work

Required

Emma Arleth, Dwight D. Eisenhower, Harry S Truman, and Woodrow Wilson Elementary

Full Year

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Table of Contents:

Statement of Purpose	.3
Unit 1: (Launching) Start Smart: Readiness	.7
Unit 2: (Trimester 1) Letter Knowledge: Discovering the Alphabet	.15
Unit 3: (Trimester 2) Let's Explore Sounds	21
Unit 4: (Trimester 3) Words, Words	33

Statement of Purpose

<u>Summary of the Course:</u> This course of study is designed to expose students to the nine areas of developing phonics, spelling and word study which include early literacy concepts, phonological awareness, letter knowledge, letter- sound relationships, spelling patterns, high- frequency words, word meaning/vocabulary, word structure, and word-solving actions. The curriculum is based on the premise that students not only need to acquire phonics and word analysis understandings, but also apply these understandings daily to reading and writing continuous text. Once they have a wide range of word-solving strategies they can use rapidly, flexibly, and in a largely unconscious way as they move through text, maintaining a focus on meaning. It is very important for there to be strong connections between your direct and explicit lessons and the application activities in which you engage students.

- Typical Schedule: Teach (whole group) 10-15 minutes
 Apply Activity (partners or small group) 10-15 minutes
 Group Share 5 minutes
- Use of name chart, words wall, and alphabet linking chart are recommended.
- The use of various formal/informal assessments are encouraged in order to provide an ongoing method of determining the current level of understanding the students have of the material presented.
- Homework, when assigned, should be relevant and reflective of the current teaching taking place in the classroom.
- Organizational strategies should be in place that allow the students the ability to take the information gained in the classroom and put it in terms that are relevant to them.
- Instruction should be differentiated to allow students the best opportunity to learn. Students should be provided with ample opportunities for meaningful engagement.
- Modifications to the curriculum should be included that address students with Individualized Educational Plans (IEP), English Language Learners (ELL), and those requiring other modifications (504 plans).

<u>Routines and Instructional Procedures</u>: Below are descriptions of the ten instructional procedures designed to develop children's knowledge of words and how they work, along with examples. These procedures will appear throughout the curriculum under Instructional Activities.

- See and Say helps children examine and identify familiar patterns in words.
 - 1. Show words that have a common visual feature. (man, fan, van, pan)
 - 2. Children search for visual patterns. (They all end the same.)

- 3. Help children articulate the principle. (You can look at a part or pattern to read a word. You can make new words by putting a letter or letter cluster before the pattern.)
- 4. Children work with words to apply the principle. (Children write words with the pattern.)
- Find and Match helps children discover connections between sounds, between letters, and between sounds and letters.
 - 1. Show pictures and words or pictures and letters that go together. (pictures: bed, cup, dog, girl, drum, goat; letters: b, c, d, g)
 - 2. Children look for the connection between the pictures and words, or pictures and letters. (*The letters stand for the sounds heard at the end of the words that the pictures represent.*)
 - 3. Help children articulate the principle. (You can hear the last sound in a word. You can match sounds and letters at the end of a word.)
 - 4. Children work together with pictures and words, or words and letters to apply the principle. (*Children match each picture with a letter that represents the ending sound in the picture's name.*)
- Say and Sort helps children look closely at features of letters or words and make connections between them.
 - 1. Show and say words or show pictures and say the names of the pictures that have a common feature. (words/pictures: cat, bus, dog, turtle, balloon, carrot, banana, butterfly)
 - 2. Children search for the common feature. (*They have one, two, or three parts.*)
 - 3. Help children articulate the principle. (You can hear and say the syllables in a word. Words can have one or more syllables.)
 - 4. Children work with words or pictures to apply the principle. (Children sort the words or pictures according to the number of syllables.)
- **Hear and Say** helps children hear the sounds in words and eventually connect those sounds to letters, a key process in building literacy.
 - 1. Say words that are connected by the way they sound. (man/can, me/he, hot/pot)
 - 2. Children search for phonological patterns. (The words sound the same at the end.)
 - 3. Help children articulate the principle. (Some words have parts at the end that sound the same. They rhyme.)
 - 4. Children work with words to apply the principle. (*They say word pairs and tell whether the word pairs have end parts that sound the same/rhyme.*)
- Hear, Say, and Write: Sound and Letter Boxes helps children become more aware of the sounds and letters in words.
 - 1. Model saying a new word slowly (*r-u-n for run*), being careful not to distort the individual sounds.
 - 2. Children say the same word slowly and listen for each sound as they run a finger under the boxes (or push a marker into each box).

- 3. After they can easily do steps one and two, children write a letter for each sound they hear, one letter per box, with your guidance. In the beginning, you'll accept letters that are not in the correct sequence, focusing instead on whether children can connect letters to sounds.
- 4. Children say words slowly and write letters in sequence independently.
- Words to Know helps children build and work with a collection of high-frequency words.
 - 1. Show a group of high-frequency words, reading each one while running your pointer finger under it, left to right. (a, I, in, is, of, to, and, the)
 - 2. Children look at each word to see if they recognize it.
 - 3. Help children understand the principle. (Some words have one letter. Some words have two letters. Some words have three letters. You see some words many times when you read. You need to learn words that you see many times because they help you read and write.)
 - 4. Children work with high-frequency words to apply the principle. (Children read, say, and write high-frequency words.)
- Notice Parts helps children notice and use larger parts of words, which makes word solving faster and easier.
 - 1. Show a group of words with a common feature. (big, pig, dig)
 - 2. Children search for the common feature. (the phonogram –ig)
 - 3. Help children articulate the principle. (You can look at a part or pattern to read a word. You can use the part or pattern to write a word. You can make new words by putting a letter or a letter cluster before the pattern.)
 - 4. Children word with words to apply the principle. (You can read and/or write words by using the spelling pattern. You can make new words by adding a letter or letter cluster before the pattern.)
- Say and Write helps children understand that using efficient and consistent motions to form a letter can be broken down into discrete steps.
 - 1. Show children letters written in manuscript form. (o, h, x, f, e; G, D, H, S, Z)
 - 2. Children say the name of each letter.
 - 3. Help children articulate the principle. (You can make the shape of a letter. You can say the steps you use to make a letter. You can check to see if a letter looks right.)
 - 4. Children work with letters to apply the principle. (Children use efficient and consistent motions to form letters in manuscript print with writing tools.)
- Make Words helps children build words through the use of discrete tactile materials such as magnetic letters, letter tiles, or letter cards.
 - 1. Show and say a word that contains a common phonogram. (not)
 - 2. Children identify the beginning phoneme in the word. (/n/)

- 3. Help children articulate the principle. (You can change the first sound in a word to make a new word.)
- 4. Children work with words and letters to apply the principle. (*Children change the first sound in a word to make a new word.*)
- Map Words helps children read and write the names of concept words.
 - 1. Show a word map with a concept word in the center, and say the concept word. (color)
 - 2. Children think of words that relate to the concept word. (names of colors)
 - 3. Help children articulate the principle. (A color has a name. You can read and write the names of colors. You can find the names of colors.)
 - 4. Children work with words to apply the principle. (Children say color words, and you write them on the word map.)

Unit 1: Start Smart: Readiness

Summary of the Unit: This unit focuses mostly on the early literacy concepts of name recognition, rhyming, and understanding that words are formed with letters. In addition, time is allotted to train students on basic Kindergarten routines and "Word Work" for Daily 5. It is recommended that you choose a total of 15 whole class lessons per week (3 per day) from the Phonics, Spelling, and Word Work curriculum and the IRA curriculum. Choose the lessons based on the needs of your students. Included in the Instructional Activities for each topic/lesson are suggested titles from the IRA books and Sing a Song of Poetry that correlate with the objectives. These titles are there to supplement your instruction if needed; they are not a mandatory part of the lessons. There is also a helpful chart on page 13 in Sing a Song of Poetry, with a list of poems and the phonogram patterns, letter sounds, high-frequency words, and concept words that you will find in each of them. This list is not comprehensive; page 14 provides a blank chart for you to make notes on the other poems you find useful in teaching specific concepts. The first 4 weeks of this curriculum focuses on Kindergarten readiness and assessment of students on their letter and sound knowledge. Depending on your students, you may need to spend additional time on certain lessons. You may also be able to eliminate lessons if your students have already mastered a particular skill.

Enduring Understanding:

- Letters, sounds, and symbols form the foundation of language systems.
- Recognizing the relationship between letters and sounds is the foundation for success as a reader.
- Letter and letter combinations represent sounds.

Essential Questions:

- What is the difference between pictures and print?
- What is the difference between a letter and a word?
- How do letters and sounds create words?

Summative Assessment and/ or Summative Criteria to demonstrate mastery of the Unit.

Beginning of year Kindergarten Letter/Sound Inventory

Resources:

Fountas and Pinnell Phonics, Spelling, and Word Study Lessons

The Fountas and Pinnell Comprehensive Phonics, Spelling, and Word Study Guide

Irene C. Fountas and Gay Su Pinnell Sing a Song of Poetry

The Fountas and Pinnell Literacy Continuum

Sample calendar on live binder

Topic/ Selection	Suggested Timeline per topic	General Objectives	Instructional Activities	Suggested Benchmarks/ Assessments	NJSLS
Early Literacy Concepts	2 mini lessons	Identify and point to one's name (ELC1, ELC2)	See and Say (ELC1, ELC2) Interactive Read Alouds: • Alphabet Under Construction • B is for Bulldozer • A My Name is Alice • The Doorbell Rang Sing a Song of Poetry: • Bow-Wow-Wow • The Alphabet Song • Billy, Billy • Jack, Jack • Good Morning • Jack, Be Nimble	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal notes Fountas and Pinnell Early Literacy Concepts Assessment A, B, C, H, or I 	RF.K.1
	1 mini lesson	Distinguish and find names (WSA1)	See and Say (WSA1) Interactive Read Alouds: • Miss Bindergarten Gets Ready for Kindergarten • Lola at the Library Sing a Song of Poetry: • Grandpa Grig • Little Jack Horner • Little Miss Muffet	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal notes Fountas and Pinnell Early Literacy Concepts Assessment A, E, G, H, I or J 	RF.K.1

	2 mini lessons	Express and	See and Say (ELC 3)	•	Teacher Observation /	RF.K.1
		demonstrate that	Say and Write (ELC 4)		Anecdotal notes	
		one spoken word	Interactive Read Alouds:			
		matches one	The Bus for Us			
		groups of letters (ELC3, ELC4)	Dog's Colorful Day			
			Sing a Song of Poetry:			
			Someone's Birthday			
			Jerry Hall			
			Go to Bed			
			Charlie Over the Ocean			
			Good Morning			
			Apples, Peaches			
Phonological Awareness	2 mini lessons	Recall and say rhyming words (PA1, PA2)	Hear and Say (PA1, PA2) Interactive Read Alouds: • Mary Wore Her Red Dress • Over on the Farm • It's Raining, It's Pouring Sing a Song of Poetry: • Dance a Merry Jig • A-Hunting We Will Go • Every Morning at Eight O'Clock • Jack, Jack	•	Anecdotal notes	RF.K.2

1 mini lesson	Recall and connect rhyming words (PA3)	Hear and Say (PA3) Interactive Read Alouds: • The Doorbell Rang • Baa Black Sheep	•	Fountas and Pinnell Phonological Awareness Assessment B or K	RF.K.2
		Sing a Song of Poetry:High and LowPease Porridge Hot			
2 mini lessons	Produce rhyming words (PA4, PA5)	Hear and Say (PA4, PA5) Interactive Read Alouds: • When it Starts to Snow • Sleepy Bears • The Doorbell Rang Sing a Song of Poetry: • Red, White, and Blue • Six Little Ducks • Stretching Fun • Stop, Look, and Listen	•	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal notes	RF.K.2

	3 mini lessons	Reproduce and clap syllables (PA6, PA7, PA8)	Hear and Say (PA6, PA7) Say and Sort (PA8) Interactive Read Alouds: • Flower Garden • Does a Kangaroo Have a Mother, Too? • One Duck Stuck • When it Starts to Snow • A Visitor for Bear • When Sophie Gets Angry Sing a Song of Poetry: • Dormy, Dormy, Dormouse • Bouncing Ball • I'm a Choo-Choo Train • Ladybug! Ladybug! • I'm Dusty Bill • Puppies and Kittens • Little Jack Horner • Open, Shut Them	•	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal notes	RF.K.2
Letter Knowledge	1 mini lesson	Discover and discuss the fact that words are formed with letters (LK1)	Find and Match (LK1) Interactive Read Alouds: • Mary Wore Her Red Dress • Ruby the Copycat Sing a Song of Poetry: • Lucy Locket • Tommy Snooks	•	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal notes	RF.K.1

3 mini lessons	Indicate and point to the distinctive features of letter forms. (LK2, LK3, LK5)	Notice Parts (LK2, LK3, LK5) Interactive Read Alouds: • Alphabet Under Construction • ABC I Like Me • Miss Bindergarten Gets Ready for Kindergarten • A My Name is Alice • B is for Bulldozer Sing a Song of Poetry: • Diddlety, Diddlety, Dumpty • The Alphabet Song • Window Watching • Two Little Houses • This is the Way We Wash Our Face	Fountas and Pinnell Letter Knowledge Assessment D	RF.K.1
1-2 lessons per letter	Identify letters and state their names (LK4) *Start in September and continue through first trimester	 Great A Say and Sort (LK4) Interactive Read Alouds: ABC I Like Me On Market Street Sing a Song of Poetry: Wee Willie Winkie Time to Pick Up Tommy Snooks *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary as you introduce each letter of the alphabet 	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal notes Fountas and Pinnell Letter Knowledge Assessment A or D 	RF.K.1 L.K.1

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High Frequency Words	1 mini lesson per color word	Identify and apply color names (WMV1, WMV2)	*Suggested sequence as per Fountas and Pinnell: b, m, r, s, t, g, n, p, c, h, f, d, l, k, j, w, y, z, v, x, q (see calendar for time frame and vowels) Map Words (WMV1, WMV2) Interactive Read Alouds: • What Color is Nature? • Cat's Colors • Red is a Dragon • Dog's Colorful Day Sing a Song of Poetry: • Red, White, and Blue • Color Song *Generative lessons – introduce a color word each day; use more or fewer lessons depending on your class.	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal notes Fountas and Pinnell Word Meaning/Vocabulary Assessment A or C 	RF.K.3
Launch Word Work	Begin ongoing training of Word Work for implementation of Daily 5	 List procedures for how to use word work materials. Build stamina and develop independence while working with word work materials. 	 Create an anchor chart with student expectations (start right away, work the entire time, apply problem solving skills, practice letters, sounds, and high frequency words). Include letter magnets, magnetic boards, dry erase boards, dry erase markers and word cards (livebinder) in word work center. Model behaviors for the students and select students to model for the class. 	Teacher Observation / anecdotal notes	SL.K.1 SL.K.2 SL.K.3

Suggested Modifications for Special Education, English Language Learners and Gifted Students:

- Provide many examples to help ELL students understand the meaning of the term *word*.
- Meet with ELL students for a mini small group lesson prior to the whole group lesson.
- Provide IEP and RTI students with a personal word wall.
- Encourage a home/school connection with a flash card envelope for children struggling with word retention.
- Repeat/act out directions in several different ways.
- Use short, simple sentences for interactive writing.
- Use pictures and objects that children understand and that connect to their homes and neighborhoods.
- Provide children exceeding standards with more words and opportunities to find words in reading selections.

Suggested Technological Innovations/ Use: SMARTBoard activities, You Tube videos, online games, Raz Kids, www.hubbardscupboard.org, www.starfall.com

Cross Curricular/ 21st Century Connections:

- 9.1 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
 - CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen.
 - CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
 - CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP8 Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
 - CRP11 Use technology to enhance productivity

Unit 2: Trimester 1 – Letter Knowledge: Discovering the Alphabet

Summary of the Unit: Unit 2 focuses on introducing the remaining letters of the alphabet and their sounds, as well as Kindergarten high frequency words. Automatically recognizing high frequency words allows students to concentrate on understanding and on solving new words. In general, students first learn simple high frequency words and in the process develop efficient systems for learning more words. Students continuously add to the core of high frequency words they know. This develops automaticity and helps them look more carefully at the features of words. In addition, students will be exposed to word building. Words are built according to rules. Looking at the structure of words will help students learn how words are related to one another and how they can be changed by adding letters, letter clusters, and larger word parts. Readers who can break down words into syllables and notice categories of word parts can also apply word solving strategies efficiently. Choose lessons from this curriculum that best meet the needs of your students. Determine the number of lessons you teach on each concept based on your students' progress. Choose 3 whole class lessons per day (total) using the Phonics, Spelling, and Word Work curriculum and the IRA curriculum. Included in the Instructional Activities for each topic/lesson are suggested titles from the IRA books and Sing a Song of Poetry that correlate with the objectives. These titles are there to supplement your instruction if needed; they are not a mandatory part of the lessons. There is also a helpful chart on page 13 in Sing a Song of Poetry, with a list of poems and the phonogram patterns, letter sounds, high-frequency words, and concept words that you will find in each of them. This list is not comprehensive; page 14 provides a blank chart for you to make notes on the other poems you find useful in teaching specific concepts. Depending on your students, you may need to spend additional time on certain lessons. You may also be able to eliminate lessons if your stude

Enduring Understanding:

- Phonemic awareness includes the ability to isolate, blend, and manipulate sounds in spoken words.
- Readers and writers use phonetic principles to read and spell.
- Knowing how words work will make students better readers.

Essential Questions:

- How do letters and their sounds help you read and write?
- What makes one word sound different than another?
- How can knowing several high frequency words help me grow as a reader?

Summative Assessment and/ or Summative Criteria to demonstrate mastery of the Unit.

First Trimester Benchmark Letter/Sound Assessment Word Inventory

Resources:

Fountas and Pinnell Phonics, Spelling, and Word Study Lessons

The Fountas and Pinnell Comprehensive Phonics, Spelling, and Word Study Guide Irene C. Fountas and Gay Su Pinnell Sing a Song of Poetry

The Fountas and Pinnell Literacy Continuum

Sample calendar on live binder

Topic/ Selection	Suggested Timeline per topic	General Objectives	Instructional Activities	Suggested Benchmarks/ Assessments	NJSLS
Letter Knowledge	1-2 lessons per letter	Identify letters and state their names (LK6, LK7, LK8) *continued from Readiness Unit	See and Say (LK6, LK7, LK8) Interactive Read Alouds: • Alphabet Under Construction • On Market Street • ABC I Like Me • B is for Bulldozer • Lola at the Library • Wemberly Worried Sing a Song of Poetry: • Willaby, Wallaby, Woo • Apples, Peaches • The Beach • Dickory, Dickory, Dare! • The Alphabet Song • Lucy Locket • Bingo *Generative lessons – use as many times as necessary as you introduce each letter of the alphabet *Suggested sequence as per Fountas and Pinnell: b, m, r, s, t, g, n, p, c, h, f, d, l, k, j, w, y, z, v, x, q (see calendar for time frame and vowels)	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal notes Fountas and Pinnell Letter Knowledge Assessment A or D 	RF.K.1

	1-2 lessons per letter in conjunction with above lessons LK6, LK7, LK8	Form letters with writing tools (LK13, LK14)	Say and Write (LK13, LK14) Interactive Read Alouds:	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Letter Knowledge Assessment B or E 	L.K.1
	1-2 lessons per letter in conjunction with above lessons LK6, LK7, LK8	Match uppercase and lowercase letters (LK20)	Find and Match (LK20) Interactive Read Alouds:	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Letter Knowledge Assessment C or F 	RF.K.1
High Frequency Words	2 lessons per week (4-5 new	Locate and apply high frequency words with one,	Words to Know (HFW1, HFW2, HFW3) Interactive Read Alouds: • Fish Eyes	Word Inventory	RF.K.3

words each week)	two, or three letters (HFW1, HFW2, HFW3)	 The Bus for Us Does a Kangaroo Have a Mother, Too? Lola at the Library Head to Toe Piggies 	• Fountas and Pinnell High Frequency Words Assessment A, B, C, D, or E
		 Sing a Song of Poetry: My Head As I Was Going Along To Market, to Market Puppies and Kittens Fiddle-de-dee Did You Ever See a Lassie? Jack-in-the-box Why Rabbits Jump The Elephant Goes Like This 	
		*Generative lessons – use as many times as necessary as you introduce new words. *Introduce 4–5 words per week from the district approved high- frequency word list. Lists 1, 2, and 3 are the grade K lists. List 4 is grade K enrichment. 1 st trimester will focus on mastery of list 1.	
		*New high-frequency words should be added to the word wall each week. *Demonstrate the use of weekly high-frequency words in writing and encourage the students to use the words in their own writing.	

Phonological Awareness	1 mini lesson	Blend syllables (PA9)	Hear and Say (PA9) Interactive Read Alouds: • The Feelings Book • The Ugly Vegetables Sing a Song of Poetry: • Higglety, Pigglety, Pop! • Apple Harvest • Ring Around the Rosie *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.2
	1-2 lessons per letter	Recall and reproduce the beginning sound in words (PA10, PA11, PA12)	Say and Sort (PA10, PA11) Hear and Say (PA12) Interactive Read Alouds: B is for Bulldozer A My Name is Alice Alphabet Under Construction Wemberly Worried Creak! Said the Bed Max Found Two Sticks Sing a Song of Poetry: I Measure Myself Apples, Peaches Five Fat Pumpkins Five Fingers on Each Hand Little Tommy Tucker Windshield Wiper Little Miss Muffet *Generative lessons – choose a lesson to repeat with each letter of the alphabet.	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Phonological Awareness Assessment E or K 	RF.K.3

Suggested Modifications for Special Education, English Language Learners and Gifted Students:

- Provide many examples to help ELL students understand the meaning of the term *word*.
- Meet with ELL students for a mini small group lesson prior to the whole group lesson.
- Provide IEP and RTI students with a personal word wall.
- Encourage a home/school connection with a flash card envelope for children struggling with word retention.
- Repeat/act out directions in several different ways.
- Use short, simple sentences for interactive writing.
- Use pictures and objects that children understand and that connect to their homes and neighborhoods.
- Provide children exceeding standards with more words and opportunities to find words in reading selections.

Suggested Technological Innovations/ Use: SMARTBoard activities, You Tube videos, online games, Raz Kids, www.hubbardscupboard.org, www.starfall.com

Cross Curricular/ 21st Century Connections:

- 9.1 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
 - CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen.
 - CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
 - CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP8 Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
 - CRP11 Use technology to enhance productivity.

Unit 3: Trimester 2 - Let's Explore Sounds

Summary of the Unit: Unit 3 focuses on solidifying all letters and sounds, and continuing with Kindergarten high frequency words. CVC words and spelling patterns are also introduced. Efficient word solvers look for and find patterns in the way words are constructed. Knowing spelling patterns helps students notice and use larger parts of words, thus making word solving faster and easier. Patterns are also helpful to students in writing words because they can quickly produce the patterns rather than work laboriously with individual sounds and letters. Choose lessons from this curriculum that best meet the needs of your students. Determine the number of lessons you teach on each concept based on your students' progress. Choose 3 whole class lessons per day (total) using the Phonics, Spelling, and Word Work curriculum and the IRA curriculum. Included in the Instructional Activities for each topic/lesson are suggested titles from the IRA books and Sing a Song of Poetry that correlate with the objectives. These titles are there to supplement your instruction if needed; they are not a mandatory part of the lessons. There is also a helpful chart on page 13 in Sing a Song of Poetry, with a list of poems and the phonogram patterns, letter sounds, high-frequency words, and concept words that you will find in each of them. This list is not comprehensive; page 14 provides a blank chart for you to make notes on the other poems you find useful in teaching specific concepts. Depending on your students, you may need to spend additional time on certain lessons. You may also be able to eliminate lessons if your students have already mastered a particular skill.

Enduring Understanding:

- Phonemic awareness is a prerequisite and necessary for phonics work to be effective.
- Different letter combinations can be relied on to represent certain sounds.
- Readers use all we know about letters, sounds, patterns, and high frequency words to help us read.

Essential Questions:

- How can identifying and understanding the letter sounds in words help me learn how to decode unknown words?
- How do I blend sounds to make words?
- How can I change sounds in a word to make a new word?

Summative Assessment and/ or Summative Criteria to demonstrate mastery of the Unit:

Second Trimester Benchmark

Letter/Sound Assessment

Word Inventory

Resources:

Fountas and Pinnell Phonics, Spelling, and Word Study Lessons

The Fountas and Pinnell Comprehensive Phonics, Spelling, and Word Study Guide

Irene C. Fountas and Gay Su Pinnell Sing a Song of Poetry

The Fountas and Pinnell Literacy Continuum

Sample calendar on live binder

Topic/ Selection	Suggested Timeline per topic	General Objectives	Instructional Activities	Suggested Benchmarks/ Assessments	NJSLS
Letter Knowledge	1-2 lessons per letter	Identify letters and state their names (LK11, LK12) *continued from Unit 2	See and Say (LK11, LK12) Interactive Read Alouds: B is for Bulldozer On Market Street Jessica Alicia's Happy Day Sing a Song of Poetry: My Head Bouncing Ball Cackle, Cackle, Mother Goose Here is a House Friends' March *Generative lessons – choose a lesson to repeat with each letter of the alphabet.	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Letter/Sound Inventory Fountas and Pinnell Letter Knowledge Assessment A or D 	RF.K.1
	1-2 lessons per letter in conjunction with above lessons LK11, LK12	Form letters with writing tools (LK18, LK19)	Say and Write (LK18, LK19) Interactive Read Alouds:	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	L.K.1

		*Generative lessons – use as many times as necessary as you introduce each letter of the alphabet		
1 mini lesson	Understand that words are formed with letters (LK9)	Say and Sort (LK9) Interactive Read Alouds: • A My Name is Alice • Cat's Colors Sing a Song of Poetry: • Puppies and Kittens • Peas	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.1
1 or more mini lessons depending on needs of students	Identify the sequence of letters in a word (LK10)	Find and Match (LK10) Interactive Read Alouds: • Miss Bindergarten Gets Ready for Kindergarten • A My Name is Alice Sing a Song of Poetry: • Elizabeth, Elspeth, Betsey, and Bess • Mary Ann, Mary Ann *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Letter Knowledge Assessment D 	RF.K.1
1 or more mini lessons depending on needs of students	Make connections among words by noting the position of a letter (LK15)	Find and Match (LK15) Interactive Read Alouds: • Wemberly Worried • Cat's Colors Sing a Song of Poetry: • Dickory, Dickory, Dare! • A Tisket, A Tasket • Here is a Bunny	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.1

			*Generative lesson – use as many times as		
			necessary depending on needs of your class		
less dep nee	r more mini sons pending on eds of dents	Categorize letters by features (LK16, LK17)	Say and Sort (LK16, LK17) Interactive Read Alouds: On Market Street Miss Bindergarten Gets Ready for Kindergarten ABC I Like Me Alphabet Under Construction Sing a Song of Poetry: If I Were a Bird Little Tommy Tucker Peas Gray Squirrel Cobbler, Cobbler	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.1
less dep nee	r more mini sons pending on eds of your dents	Distinguish the differences between uppercase and lowercase forms of a letter (LK21)	*Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class Find and Match (LK21) Interactive Read Alouds: On Market Street B is for Bulldozer *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Letter Knowledge Assessment C or F 	RF.K.1
1 m	nini lesson	Recognize that letters can be consonants or vowels (LK22)	Say and Sort (LK22) Interactive Read Alouds: • ABC I Like Me • B is for Bulldozer	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.1 RF.K.2 RF.K.3
less	r more mini sons pending on	Recognize the order of the alphabet	Say and Write (LK23) See and Say (LK24) Interactive Read Alouds:	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.1

	needs of your students	(LK23, LK24)	 On Market Street Miss Bindergarten Gets Ready for Kindergarten ABC I Like Me Sing a Song of Poetry: There Was an Old Woman Who Lived in a Shoe Teeter-Totter Mix a Pancake *Generative lessons – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class 		
Phonological Awareness	1-2 mini lessons per letter	Identify beginning consonant sounds and the letters that represent them (LSR1, LSR2, LSR3, LSR4, LSR5)	Find and Match (LSR1, LSR4)) Say and Sort (LSR2, LSR3) Notice Parts (LSR5) Interactive Read Alouds:	Letter/Sound Inventory Fountas and Pinnell Letter-Sound Relationships Assessment A or C	RF.K.2 RF.K.3 L.K.2

3 or more mini lessons depending on needs of students	Identify and state the ending sound in a word (PA13, PA14, PA15)	 Dickory, Dickory, Dare! This is the Way We Wash Our Face Diddlety, Diddlety, Dumpty Two Little Black Birds I Clap My Hands to Make a Sound Teddy Bear, Teddy Bear *Generative lessons – choose a lesson to repeat with each letter of the alphabet. Hear and Say (PA13) Say and Sort (PA14) Find and Match (PA15) Interactive Read Alouds: One Duck Stuck When It Starts to Snow It's Raining, It's Pouring Over on the Farm The Eensy-Weensy Spider Sing a Song of Poetry: Five Little Snowmen Ladybug! Ladybug! Polly, Put the Kettle On Grandpa Grig The Mocking Bird Two, Four, Six, Eight Go to Bed Early *Generative lessons – choose a lesson to repeat with each letter of the alphabet. 	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Phonological Awareness Assessment F or K	RF.K.2 RF.K.3 L.K.2
1 or more mini lessons depending on	Change the beginning sound	Notice Parts (PA16) Interactive Read Alouds: • The Doorbell Rang	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.2 RF.K.3

	needs of students	to make a new word (PA16)	Over on the Farm			
	students	word (17110)	 Sing a Song of Poetry: Higglety, Pigglety, Pop! Make a Pancake My Dog, Rags *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class 			
	2 or more mini lessons depending on needs of students	Identify and state the middle sounds in words (PA17, PA18)	Say and Sort Interactive Read Alouds: Red is a Dragon: A Book of Colors My Steps Creak! Said the Bed Charlie Parker Played Be Bop Sing a Song of Poetry: Lucy Locket Downy Duck Hot Cross Buns Diddlety, Diddlety, Dumpty Cross Patch Hickory, Dickory, Dock! *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class	•	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Phonological Awareness Assessment C or K	RF.K.2 RF.K.3 L.K.2
Early Literacy Concepts	1 or more mini lessons depending on needs of your students	State and identify syllables (WS1)	Say and Sort (WS1) Interactive Read Alouds: • Wemberly Worried • Stone Soup Sing a Song of Poetry: • What's the Weather?	•	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.2

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		Charlie Over the Ocean			
		*Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class			
1 or more mini lessons depending on needs of your students	Connect a name to other words (ELC5)	Say and Sort (ELC5) Interactive Read Alouds: • Big Al • Leo the Late Bloomer Sing a Song of Poetry: • Jack, Jack • Sally, Go 'Round *Generative lesson – use as many times as	•	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.3
2 : :1	D: .: . 1 C: .	necessary depending on needs of your class	_		DE IZ O
3 mini lessons	Distinguish first and last in written language (ELC6, ELC7, ELC8)	Words to Know (ELC6) Notice Parts (ELC7) Say and Write (ELC8) Interactive Read Alouds: Ruby the Copycat Miss Bindergarten Gets Ready for Kindergarten Top Cat Feathers for Lunch I Like Me! From Head to Toe	•	Fountas and Pinnell Early Literacy Concepts Assessment A, D, F, H, or I	RF.K.2
		Sing a Song of Poetry:Elizabeth, Elspeth, Betsey, and BessJack and JillFido			
		Little Bo-PeepGray Squirrel			

			Color Song Roses are Red		
High Frequency Words	2 lessons per week (4-5 new words each week)	Locate and apply high frequency words with three or more letters (HFW4, HFW5, HFW6)	Words to Know (HFW4, HFW5, HFW6) Interactive Read Alouds:	 Word Inventory Teacher Observation Fountas and Pinnell High Frequency Words Assessment A, B, C, D, E 	RF.K.3

	1-2 mini lessons	Identify and use concept words: number names (WMV3)	*New high-frequency words should be added to the word wall each week. *Demonstrate the use of weekly high-frequency words in writing and encourage the students to use the words in their own writing. Map Words (WMV3) Interactive Read Alouds: One Moose, Twenty Mice 1, 2, 3 to the Zoo Sing a Song of Poetry:	Teacher Observation	RF.K.3
	1 or more mini lessons depending on needs of your students	Identify and read known words quickly (WSA2)	 One, Two, Three, Four One Potato, Two Potato Words to Know (WSA2) Interactive Read Alouds: Two Homes Lost Sing a Song of Poetry: Five Fingers on Each Hand Bouncing Ball *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class 	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Word-Solving Actions Assessment C 	RF.K.3
Spelling Patterns	2 mini lessons	Change the beginning sound or sounds to make and solve a new word (WSA3, WSA4)	Say and Sort (WSA3) Hear and Say (WSA4) Interactive Read Alouds: Charlie Parker Played Be Bop Creak! Said the Bed When it Starts to Snow The Doorbell Rang	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.2 RF.K.3

		Sing a Song of Poetry: • Hiccup, Hiccup • Elsie Marley *Generative lessons – use as many times as		
1 mini lesson	Identify and use	*It is recommended you use these lessons again when you introduce blends and digraphs. Make Words (SP1)	Teacher Observation /	RF.K.2
1 IIIIII IESSOII	the CVC pattern (SP1)	Interactive Read Alouds: • Have You Seen My Cat? • The Little Red Hen Sing a Song of Poetry: • A Frog Sat on a Log • I Can Do It Myself • Five Fat Peas *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Spelling Patterns Assessment A, B, C, D, or G 	RF.K.2 RF.K.3 L.K.2
3 mini lessons	Identify and use phonograms (SP2, SP3, SP4)	Notice Parts (SP2, SP3, SP4) Interactive Read Alouds: Red is a Dragon From Head to Toe Have You Seen My Cat? Top Cat Alicia's Happy Day The Gingerbread Boy Sing a Song of Poetry: There Once Was an Old Woman This Old Man	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Spelling Patterns Assessment A, B, C, E, F, G, or H 	RF.K.2 RF.K.3 L.K.2

 We Can The Muffin Man My Head Make a Pancake The Cat Five Little Snowmen Rain, Rain, Go Away How Many Days? 	
*It is not necessary to teach a separate lesson for each phonogram. Once students understand that there are patterns and learn to look for patterns, they will quickly discover more for themselves.	

Suggested Modifications for Special Education, English Language Learners and Gifted Students:

- Provide many examples to help ELL students understand the meaning of the term word.
- Meet with ELL students for a mini small group lesson prior to the whole group lesson.
- Provide IEP and RTI students with a personal word wall.
- Encourage a home/school connection with a flash card envelope for children struggling with word retention.
- Repeat/act out directions in several different ways.
- Use short, simple sentences for interactive writing.
- Use pictures and objects that children understand and that connect to their homes and neighborhoods.
- Provide children exceeding standards with more words and opportunities to find words in reading selections.

Suggested Technological Innovations/ Use: SMARTBoard activities, You Tube videos, online games, Raz Kids, www.hubbardscupboard.org, www.starfall.com

Cross Curricular/ 21st Century Connections:

9.1 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen.
- CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
- CRP8 Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- CRP11 Use technology to enhance productivity.

Unit 4: Trimester 3 – Words, Words, Words

Summary of the Unit: Unit 4 continues to build upon the skills introduced in previous units, with an emphasis on word structure and word analysis. Looking at the structure of words will help students learn how words are related to each other and how they can be changed by adding letters, letter clusters, and larger word parts. Word analysis, or word-solving actions, are the strategic moves readers make when they use their knowledge to solve words. The more students can integrate these strategies into their reading, the more flexible they will become in solving words. Choose lessons from this curriculum that best meet the needs of your students. Determine the number of lessons you teach on each concept based on your students' progress. Choose 3 whole class lessons per day (total) using the Phonics, Spelling, and Word Work curriculum and the IRA curriculum. Included in the Instructional Activities for each topic/lesson are suggested titles from the IRA books and Sing a Song of Poetry that correlate with the objectives. These titles are there to supplement your instruction if needed; they are not a mandatory part of the lessons. There is also a helpful chart on page 13 in Sing a Song of Poetry, with a list of poems and the phonogram patterns, letter sounds, high-frequency words, and concept words that you will find in each of them. This list is not comprehensive; page 14 provides a blank chart for you to make notes on the other poems you find useful in teaching specific concepts. Depending on your students, you may need to spend additional time on certain lessons. You may also be able to eliminate lessons if your students have already mastered a particular skill.

Enduring Understanding:

- Word analysis and decoding skills are foundational for success as a reader.
- Knowing how to apply phonetic principles, context clues, structural analysis, and spelling patterns can help students figure out unfamiliar words while reading.
- Proficient readers employ a combination of phonetic strategies to help them understand text.

Essential Questions:

- How can I manipulate sounds to make words?
- How can understanding how words work help me to grow as a reader?
- How do readers use strategies to solve unknown words?

Summative Assessment and/ or Summative Criteria to demonstrate mastery of the Unit:

Third Trimester Benchmark

Letter/Sound Assessment

Word Inventory

Resources:

Fountas and Pinnell Phonics, Spelling, and Word Study Lessons

The Fountas and Pinnell Comprehensive Phonics, Spelling, and Word Study Guide

Irene C. Fountas and Gay Su Pinnell Sing a Song of Poetry The Fountas and Pinnell Literacy Continuum

Sample calendar on live binder

Topic/ Selection	Suggested Timeline per topic	General Objectives	Instructional Activities	Suggested Benchmarks/ Assessments	NJSLS
Phonological Awareness	1 or more mini lessons depending on needs of your students	Distinguish and divide onsets and rimes (PA19)	Hear and Say (PA19) Interactive Read Alouds: • Two Homes • I Know a Lady Sing a Song of Poetry: • Jack, Jack • Hickory, Dickory, Dock! *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.2
	1 or more mini lessons depending on needs of your students	Distinguish and blend onsets with rimes (PA20)	Hear and Say (PA20) Interactive Read Alouds: Cat's Colors Building a House Sing a Song of Poetry: My Eyes Can See Baby Seeds *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Phonological Awareness Assessment H or K 	RF.K.2
	1 mini lesson	Discover and produce two sounds in a word (PA21)	Hear and Say (PA21) Interactive Read Alouds: Baa Baa Black Sheep Flower Garden	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.2 RF.K.3

1	mini lesson	Discover and produce three sounds in a word (PA22)	Sing a Song of Poetry: • Five Little Froggie • Jerry Hall *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class Hear and Say (PA22) Interactive Read Alouds: • Rattletrap Car • One Duck Stuck *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.2 RF.K.3
2	mini lessons	Discover and produce three, four, or more sounds in a word in sequence (PA23, PA24)	Hear and Say (PA23, PA24) Interactive Read Alouds: Creak! Said the Bed Two Homes Rattletrap Car Charlie Parker Played Be Bop Sing a Song of Poetry: Grandpa Grig The Lost Shoe There Was an Old Woman To Market, to Market *Generative lessons – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Phonological Awareness Assessment C, D, G, H, or K 	RF.K.2 RF.K.3
le de ne	or more mini essons, epending on eeds of your tudents	Locate and delete the beginning sound of a word (PA25, PA26)	Notice Parts (PA25) Hear and Say (PA26) Interactive Read Alouds: • Wemberly Worried • A My Name is Alice	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Phonological Awareness Assessment I or K 	RF.K.2

1–2 mini lessons per letter	Identify beginning consonant sounds and the letters that represent them (LSR6, LSR7) *continued from Unit 3	 Miss Bindergarten Gets Ready for Kindergarten Max Found Two Sticks Sing a Song of Poetry: Willaby, Wallaby, Woo Hickory, Dickory, Dock! Higglety, Pigglety, Pop! *Generative lessons – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class See and Say (LSR6) Say and Write (LSR7) Interactive Read Alouds: A My Name is Alice B is for Bulldozer Alphabet Under Construction I Love Our Earth Sing a Song of Poetry: Five Fingers on Each Hand Five Little Froggies Here is a House Diddlety, Diddlety, Dumpty Chickery, Chickery, Cranny Crow *Generative lessons – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class 	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Letter-Sound Relationships Assessment A or C 	RF.K.1 RF.K.2 RF.K.3 L.K.2
1-2 mini lessons per letter	Identify ending consonant sounds and the letters that represent them (LSR8)	Find and Match (LSR8) Interactive Read Alouds: • ABC I Like Me • On Market Street	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Letter-Sound 	RF.K.1 RF.K.2 RF.K.3 L.K.2

		*continued from Unit 3	Sing a Song of Poetry: • Five Fat Pumpkins • Pease, Porridge, Hot • Little White Rabbit *Generative lesson – use as many times as		Relationships Assessment B or C	
High Frequency Words	2 lessons per week (4-5 new words each week)	Locate and read high frequency words in continuous text (HFW7)	necessary depending on needs of your class Words to Know (HFW7) Interactive Read Alouds: I'm a Little Teapot It's Raining, It's Pouring Sing a Song of Poetry: Five Fingers on Each Hand Little Red Apple	•	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Running Records	RF.K.3
	1 or more mini lessons depending on the needs of your students	Identify and use concept words: number names (WMV4)	 I Clap My Hands *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class Map Words (WMV4) Interactive Read Alouds: Fish Eyes One Duck Stuck Sing a Song of Poetry: Five Fat Pumpkins 	•	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.3
	2 or more mini lessons depending on the needs of your students	Identify and use concept words: days of the week (WMV5, WMV6)	 Jumping Beans Map Words (WMV5, WMV6) Interactive Read Alouds: Cookie's Week Dear Daisy, Get Well Soon One Monday Morning Today is Monday 	•	Teacher Observation/ Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.3

			Sing a Song of Poetry: • How Many Days? • Tommy Snooks • Today		
	1 mini lesson	Recognize related words (WMV7)	Map Words (WMV7) Interactive Read Alouds: • Do Like Kyla • Jonathan and His Mommy Sing a Song of Poetry: • Five Little Ducks • Five Little Monkeys on the Bed • My Little Sister	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.3
Spelling Patterns	1 mini lesson	Distinguish sounds in sequence (WSA5)	Hear and Say (WSA5) Say and Write (WSA5) Interactive Read Alouds: It's Raining, It's Pouring Elephants Swim Sing a Song of Poetry: The Mocking Bird Who Stole the Cookies? Little Red Apple *Generative lesson – use as many times as necessary depending on needs of your class	Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.3 L.K.2
	2 mini lessons	Apply onsets and rimes in known words to read and write other words with the same parts (WSA6, WSA7)	Notice Parts (WSA6, WSA7) Interactive Read Alouds: • Charlie Parker Played Be Bop • Rattletrap Car • The Bus for Us • Where Are You Going, Little Mouse?	 Teacher Observation / Anecdotal Notes Fountas and Pinnell Word Solving Actions Assessment D, E, F, or H 	RF.K.2

		La: G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G		
		Sing a Song of Poetry:		
		Rig-a-jig-jig		
		Chickery, Chickery, Cranny, Crow		
		*Generative lessons – use as many times as		
		necessary depending on needs of your class		
2 mini lessons	Change the	Find and Match (WSA8)	Teacher Observation /	RF.K.1
	ending sound or	Hear and Say (WSA9)	Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.2
	sounds to make	Interactive Read Alouds:	7 incedotal (votes	RF.K.3
	and solve a new	A My Name is Alice		KI .K.5
	word			
		• Slowly, Slowly Said the Sloth		
	(WSA8, WSA9)	Alicia's Happy Day		
		Flower Garden		
		Sing a Song of Poetry:		
		Three Men in a Tub		
		Blackberries		
		Five Fat Pumpkins		
		D M T		
		Dance a Merry Jig		
		*Generative lessons – use as many times as		
2 : : 1	T1 ('C 1	necessary depending on needs of your class		DEKO
2 mini lessons	Identify and use	Notice Parts (SP5, SP6)	Teacher Observation/	RF.K.2
	phonograms with	Interactive Read Alouds:	Anecdotal Notes	
	a VCe pattern	Sleepy Bears	 Fountas and Pinnell 	
	(SP5, SP6)	Over on the Farm	Spelling Patterns	
		When it Starts to Snow	Assessment E	
		Feathers for Lunch		
		Sing a Song of Poetry:		
		Hiccup, Hiccup		
		Pat-a-Cake		
		As I Was Walking		

			C + D 1E 1		
			Go to Bed Early		
			 The Elephant Goes Like This 		
			 Pease Porridge Hot 		
			*It is not necessary to teach a separate lesson for		
			each phonogram. Once students understand that		
			there are patterns and learn to look for patterns,		
			they will quickly discover more for themselves.		
	1 mini lesson	Recognize and	Notice Parts (SP7)	Teacher Observation /	RF.K.2
		apply letter	Interactive Read Alouds:	Anecdotal Notes	RF.K.3
		patterns	Creak! Said the Bed	 Fountas and Pinnell 	L.K.2
		(SP7)			D.11.2
			Rattletrap Car	Spelling Patterns Assessment A, B, C, or G	
			Sing a Song of Poetry:	Assessment A, B, C, or G	
			Go to Bed Early		
			Teeter Totter		
			*Generative lesson – use as many times as		
			necessary depending on needs of your class		
Early Literacy	1 mini lesson	Understand the	Make Words (WS2)	Teacher Observation /	L.K.1
Concepts		concept of a	Interactive Read Alouds:	Anecdotal Notes	
1		contraction	• It's Raining, It's Pouring		
		(WS2)	• Don't You Feel Well, Sam?		
		()	Bon t rou reer wen, bann.		
			Sing a Song of Poetry:		
			I'm a Little Acorn Brown		
			• There Was an Old Woman Who Lived in a		
			Shoe		
			Skip to My Lou		
			Color Song		
			Fuzzy Wuzzy		
			*Generative lesson – use as many times as		
			necessary depending on needs of your class		
	1		necessary depending on needs or your class	1	

2 mini lessons	Identify and	Say and Sort (WS3)	•	Teacher Observation /	L.K.1
	apply the	Find and Match (WS4)		Anecdotal Notes	
	concept of	Interactive Read Alouds:	•	Fountas and Pinnell	
	plurals	The Three Bears		Word Structure	
	(WS3, WS4)	Three Hens and a Peacock		Assessment A, B, C, D,	
		Flower Garden		E, or F	
		A Fruit is a Suitcase for Seeds			
		Sing a Song of Poetry:			
		Five Fingers on Each Hand			
		Puppies and Kittens			
		All by Myself			
		Hot Cross Buns			
		Here Are My Ears			

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