GRADE 5 Music, Unit 1: Rhythm Length Trimester 1

Mission Statement

The Swedesboro-Woolwich School District's mission is for all students to achieve and maintain the knowledge and means necessary to be individuals who are musically literate. The music department will develop, in each student, a love for MUSIC that will inspire them to enjoy music throughout their lives.

Unit Overview

In this unit students will be reviewing and learning new rhythms such as: whole notes, dotted half notes, barred sixteenth and eighth notes, whole & half rests and syncopated rhythms (syn-co-pa).

Year Long Pacing Guide						
Unit Title	Duration	Related Standards	Learning Goals	Topics and Skills: Student Learning Objectives		
Rhythm	Trimester 1 60 days	2020 New Jersey Student Learning Standards – Visual and Performing Arts 1.3A.5.Pr4 b Demonstrate an understanding of the structure and expanded music concepts (e.g., rhythm, pitch, form, and harmony) in music selected for performance	Sing and (pianissimo)move to a steady beat in duple and triple meter. Read and perform rhythms using dotted half and whole notes.	Targets: I can identify ti-tika and tika-ti. I can identify and perform in duple meter. I can identify and perform in triple meter. I can read, play and sing whole notes and rest. I can read, play and sing dotted half notes.		

1.3A.5.Pr4 a Demonstrate and explain how the selection of music to perform is influenced by personal interest, knowledge, and context, as well as the students' technical skill.	I can perform whole notes and rests. I can identify half rests. I can clap and perform Syn Co Pa.
1.3A.5.Pr6a Perform music, alone or with others, with expression, technical accuracy, and appropriate interpretation.	
1.3A.5.Cr2b Use standard and/or iconic notation and/or recording technology to document personal rhythmic, melodic, and two chord harmonic musical ideas	

Unit 1							
	Vocabulary						
ti-tika	tika-ti	Whole note	Dotted half note	Half rest			
Triple meter	Whole rest	syncopa	Steady beat	Duple meter			

Preparation for College, Careers, and Beyond				
Career Ready Practices	Personal Financial Literacy (9.1) and			
	Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation (9.2)			
CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.	9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work,			
CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.	and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional			
CRP3. Attend to personal health and financial well-being.	goals.			
CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.	9.2.4.A.2 Identify various life roles and civic and work-related			
CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.	activities in the school, home, and community.			
CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.	9.2.4.A.3 Investigate both traditional and nontraditional careers and			
CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies.	relate information to personal likes and dislikes.			
CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving	9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary			
them.	grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.			
CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.				
CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.				
CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.				
CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.				

	Cross-Curricular Connections					
Interdisciplinary Connections	Technology Integration and Literacy	Climate Change	Amistad Law	Holocaust Law (under rationale statement)	<u>LGBT Law</u>	<u>Disabilities</u> <u>Law</u>
 Literature connections SL.4.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. World Language: Students will learn songs from other cultures. 	8.2.5.ED.2: Collaborate with peers to collect information, brainstorm to solve a problem, and evaluate all possible solutions to provide the best results with	• 1.1.5.Cn10b: Use an inquiry-based set of questions to investigate global issues, including climate change, through a variety of dance genres,	 N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88 Duke Ellington 	 N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28 Erwin Schulhoff - professor of music in prague whose music combined many avant-garde styles with Jazz 	 N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35 Tchaikovsky 	 N.J. S.A. 18A: 35-4 .35 Beet hove n

Social Studies: Students will learn music from historical	supporting sketches or models.	styles, and cultural lenses.		
events.Phys Ed: Students will use	• 8.2.5.ED.3:			
physical movement during lessons.	Follow step by step directions			
lessons.	to assemble a product or			
	solve a			
	problem, using appropriate			
	tools to			
	accomplish the task.			

Possible Assessment and Instructional Modifications						
Special Education	At-Risk	<u>Gifted</u>	English Language Learners			
*All teachers of students with special needs must review each student's IEP. Teachers must then select the appropriate modifications and/or accommodations necessary to enable the student to appropriately progress in the general curriculum. Possible Modifications/Accommodations Modifying rules and routine Opportunities for cooperative partner work Reteach if necessary Provide several ways to solve a problem if possible Allow for redos Flexible grouping Student centered activities Learning stations SMall group discussions Problem solving statins Modeling	The possible list of modifications/accommod ations identified for Special Education students can be utilized for At-Risk students. Teachers should utilize ongoing methods to provide instruction, assess student needs, and utilize modifications specific to the needs of individual students. In addition the following may be considered: Refer to case manager	 Higher-level cooperative learning activities Extension activities Pairing with students who need assistance. Use for modeling 	 Partner with another student. Refer to ELL teacher for meaningful accommodations and guidelines for individual students. Translation of text Use visual representations Allow use of first language Peer tutoring/partner work Repeated directions Limit number of concepts/vocabulary words 			

Individualized Learning Opportunities

- Get to know student on a deeper level including interests and, if available, any IEP or 504 plan
- Set individual goals especially with struggling students
- Use available technology to individualize learning, i.e text-speech, Kahoot or Blooket
- Use of visuals

Possible Assessments					
Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments	Performance Assessments	Major Activities/Assignments		
 Anecdotal notes during whole group, small group and individual conferences Sharing strategies Turn and talk Running Records/skills check off 	Teacher Observation/FeedbackOpen-Ended Responses	 Participation in instrument ensembles Manipulative work 	 Instrument ensemble Rhythm manipulative Singing 		

Grade 5 - Unit 1 Rhythm					
Topic & # Days	NJ Standards	Critical Knowledge & Skills	Possible Resources & Activities		
Rhythm 60 days • review steady beat	1.3A.5.Pr4 b Demonstrate an understanding of the structure and expanded music concepts (e.g., rhythm, pitch, form, and harmony) in music selected for performance	Obj. We are learning to: Clap and count rhythms in ¾ and 4/4 time Compose and perform rhythms Use manipulatives to reinforce rhythmic ideas Perform rhythms on Orff instruments	Songmaker - google chrome labwww.youtube.com		
 rhythm flash cards 	1.3A.5.Pr4 a Demonstrate and explain how the selection	Anchor Standards: • Selecting, Analyzing and Interpreting work	Instruments		
perform song using dynamics	of music to perform is influenced by personal interest, knowledge, and context, as well as the students' technical skill.	Artistic ProcessUsing a range of learning stylesVisual materials	Music K-8 RepertoirePbskids.com		

•	tempo song		 Small group discussions and collaboration. 	
		1.3A.5.Cr2b	Cross-curricular	classicsforkids.com
•	Rondo song	Use standard and/or iconic notation and/or	 Setting clear learning objectives 	
	_	recording technology to document personal	Chunking	
•	Rondo	rhythmic, melodic, and two-chord harmonic	Physical participation	
	Rhythm	musical ideas.	Teaching for understanding	
	compositions		•	
•	perform song	1.3A.5.Pr4.b	Enduring Understandings:	
	including DC	Demonstrate an understanding of the	Elements of music	
	als Fine	structure and expanded music concepts (e.g.,	 Music is an organized sound. 	
		rhythm, pitch, form, and harmony) in music	 Structure creates order and clarity in music. 	
•	perform song	selected for performance	The main idea of most musical compositions is	
	including DS	,	expressed through the melody.	
	al Fine		 Layering two or more simultaneous sounds creates harmony. oProducing a series of sounds 	
			of repeated or varied duration creates rhythm.	
			Timbre adds color and variety to sound.	
			Good tone quality is created b correct technique	
			Appreciation	
			 Music is a personal experience. 	
			 Different styles of music are all art forms. 	
			 All music has value even if it differs from an 	
			individual's musical preferences.	
			History and Culture	
			 Music is a universal language. 	
			Music expresses human experiences and values.	
			Music expands understanding of the world, its	
			people, and one's self.History and culture influence music.	
			Application	
			Music is embedded in all aspects of life.	
			Everyone can perform, create, and respond to	
			music in meaningful ways.	
			 Music serves different purposes. 	
			Each music performance is unique.	
			 Creating and performing music are forms of self 	
			expression.	

Essential Questions:	
How is sound organized to make music?	
How does the structure of a musical piece	
create its order and clarity?	
How is the melody created?	
• Is there good harmony and bad harmony?	
What does harmony add to music?	
Can you have rhythm without beat?	
Why does each voice and instrument have its	
own timbre?• How is personal preference for music	
developed?	
What determines a style of music?	
Why should we respect music if we don't like	
the way it sounds?	
• Is there good and bad music?	
How does music elicit emotion?	
How does music communicate?	
• In what ways have people used music to	
express their values and describe their	
experiences?	
How do music and history influence each	
other?	
Practices:	
Learning Environment	
Instructional Strategies	
• Curriculum	
Assessment	
Professionalism	
Suggested Formative Assessment(s):	
Specific One you want	
Option to choose from possible formative	
assessment list as necessarily	
assessment has as necessarily	

GRADE 5 Music, Unit 2: Music Composition and Improvisation Length Trimester 2

Mission Statement

The Swedesboro-Woolwich School District's mission is for all students to achieve and maintain the knowledge and means necessary to be individuals who are musically literate. The music department will develop, in each student, a love for MUSIC that will inspire them to enjoy music throughout their lives.

Unit Overview

Music composition is governed by prescribed rules and forms that apply to both improvised and scored music. In this unit students will develop the skills needed to read and compose music notation as well as improvise melodies.

	Year Long Pacing Guide					
Unit Title	Duration	Related Standards	Learning Goals	Topics and Skills: Student Learning Objectives		
Music Composition and Improvisation	Trimester 2 60 days	1.3A.5.Cr2a Demonstrate developed musical ideas for improvisations, arrangements, or compositions to express intent. Explain connection to purpose and context 1.3A.5.Cr1a a. Generate and improvise rhythmic, melodic, and harmonic ideas, and simple accompaniment patterns and chord changes. Explain connection to specific purpose and context (e.g.,	Compose and perform a 4 bar melody with pitched instruments. Perform melodies in duple and triple meter notated on the treble clef staff. Improvise melodies in call and response form.	Targets I can identify the treble clef. I can read and play a melody in duple meter. I can read and play a melody in triple meter. I can compose and perform an 8 bar melody. I can improvise a melody using call and response form.		

social, cultural, historical).
1.3A.5.Pr6b Perform music, alone or with others, with expression, technical accuracy, and appropriate interpretation.

Unit 2 Team Building					
Vocabulary					
Composition Duple Meter Triple Meter Improvisation Melody					

Preparation for College, Careers, and Beyond				
Career Ready Practices	Personal Financial Literacy (9.1) and			
	Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation (9.2)			
CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.	9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work,			
CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.	and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional			
CRP3. Attend to personal health and financial well-being.	goals.			
CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.	9.2.4.A.2 Identify various life roles and civic and work-related activities			
CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.	in the school, home, and community.			
CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.	9.2.4.A.3 Investigate both traditional and nontraditional careers and			
CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies.	relate information to personal likes and dislikes.			
CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving	9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary			
them.	grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.			
CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.				
CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.				
CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.				
CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.				

Cross-Curricular Connections

Interdisciplinary Connections	Technology Integration and Literacy	Climate Change	Amistad Law	Holocaust Law (under rationale statement)	<u>LGBT Law</u>	<u>Disabilities Law</u>
 Literature connections SL.4.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. Phys Ed - Physical posture 	 8.2.5.ED.2: Collaborate with peers to collect information, brainstorm to solve a problem, and evaluate all possible solutions to provide the best results with supporting sketches or models. 8.2.5.ED.3: Follow step by step directions to assemble a product or solve a problem, using appropriate tools to accomplish the task. 	• 1.1.5.Cn10b: Use an inquiry-based set of questions to investigate global issues, including climate change, through a variety of dance genres, styles, and cultural lenses.	 N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88 Louis Armstrong- improvisati on and compositio n in Jazz 	 N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28 Arnold Schoenberg (Jewish composer who lived during the Holocaust) 	 N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35 Handel 	 N.J.S. A. 18A:3 5-4.35 Beeth oven Stevie Wond er

Possible Assessment and Instructional Modifications					
Special Education At-Risk Gifted English Language Learners					
*All teachers of students with special needs must review each	The possible list of	Higher-level cooperative	Partner with another		
student's IEP. Teachers must then select the appropriate	modifications/accommodati	learning activities	student.		
modifications and/or accommodations necessary to enable the	ons identified for Special	 Extension activities 	Refer to ELL teacher for		
student to appropriately progress in the general curriculum.	Education students can be	 Pairing with students who 	meaningful		
	utilized for At-Risk students.	need assistance.	accommodations and		

Possible Modifications/Accommodations	Teachers should utilize	Use for modeling	guidelines for individual
Modifying rules and routine	ongoing methods to provide		students.
Opportunities for cooperative partner work	instruction, assess student		 Translation of text
Reteach if necessary	needs, and utilize		Use visual
Provide several ways to solve a problem if possible	modifications specific to the		representations
Allow for redos	needs of individual		Allow use of first
Flexible grouping	students. In addition the		language
Student centered activities	following may be		Peer tutoring/partner
Learning stations	considered:		work
SMall group discussions	 Refer to case manager 		Repeated directions
Problem solving statins			Limit number of
Modeling			concepts/vocabulary
			words

Individualized Learning Opportunities

- Get to know student on a deeper level including interests and, if available, any IEP or 504 plan
- Set individual goals especially with struggling students
- Use available technology to individualize learning, i.e text-speech, Kahoot or Blooket
- Use of visuals

Possible Assessments				
Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments	Performance Assessments	Major Activities/Assignments	
 Anecdotal notes during whole group, small group and individual conferences Sharing strategies Turn and talk Running Records/skills check off 	TeacherObservation/FeedbackOpen-Ended Responses	 Participation in instrument ensembles Manipulative workskill development. 	Instrument ensembleRhythm manipulative	

Grade 5 Music, Unit 2: Composition and Improvisation Length Trimester 2							
Topic & # Days	Topic & # Days NJ Standards Critical Knowledge & Skills Possible Resources & Activities						
Instrument procedures , practice Melody compositions Improvise call and response	1.3A.5.Cr2a Demonstrate developed musical ideas for improvisations, arrangements, or compositions to express intent. Explain connection to purpose and context 1.3A.5.Cr1a a. Generate and improvise rhythmic, melodic, and harmonic ideas, and simple accompaniment patterns and chord changes. Explain connection to specific purpose and context (e.g., social, cultural, historical). 1.3A.5.Pr6b Perform music, alone or with others, with expression, technical accuracy, and appropriate interpretation.	Obj. We are learning to:	 Classicsforkids.com Youtube.com instruments 				

Practices: Learning Environment Instructional Strategies Curriculum Assessment Professionalism
Suggested Formative Assessment(s):

GRADE 5 Music, Unit 3: Music History and Comparing Genres/Cultures Length Trimester 3

Mission Statement

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Unit Overview

In this unit students will be learning about music history as well as critique methodologies. Students will compare and contrast music from different genres and cultures as well as critique their own compositions.

	Year Long Pacing Guide					
Unit Title	Duration	Related Standards	Learning Goals	Topics and Skills: Student Learning Objectives		
Music History/Compa ring and Contrasting music through different cultures	Trimester 3 60 days	1.3A.5.Pr6b Demonstrate performance decorum and audience etiquette appropriate for the context, venue, genre, and style. 1.3A.5.Re7b Demonstrate and explain, citing evidence, how responses to music are informed by the structure, the use of the elements of music, and context (i.e., social, cultural, historical). 1.3A.5.Pr6a Perform music, alone or with others,	Discuss how composer's personal lives influence their music Compare and contrast musical compositions across different cultures Focus on specific musicians through different cultures/genres Critique music from different cultures and periods of history	Targets: I can explain how Beethoven's life impacted his music. I can identify Louis Armstrong as a jazz music composer. I can compare and contrast 2 pieces of music from different cultures. I can compare and contrast 2 pieces of music from different musical time periods.		

with expression, technical accuracy, and appropriate interpretation.	I can understand why some may feel differently about the same piece of music.
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Unit 3						
Unit Vocabulary						
Compare and Contrast Beethoven Louis Armstrong Classical Jazz						
Baroque	Baroque Renaissance Romantic 20th Century					

Preparation for College, Careers, and Beyond				
Career Ready Practices	Personal Financial Literacy (9.1) and			
	Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation (9.2)			
CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.	9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and			
CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.	how work can help a person achieve personal and professional goals.			
CRP3. Attend to personal health and financial well-being.	9.2.4.A.2 Identify various life roles and civic and work-related activities			
CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.	in the school, home, and community.			
CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.	9.2.4.A.3 Investigate both traditional and nontraditional careers and			
CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.	relate information to personal likes and dislikes.			
CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies.	9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary			
CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.			
CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.				
CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.				
CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.				
CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.				

Cross-Curricular Connections						
Interdisciplinary Connections	Technology Integration and Literacy	Climate Change	Amistad Law	Holocaust Law (under rationale statement)	<u>LGBT Law</u>	<u>Disabilities</u> <u>Law</u>
Literature connections SL.4.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	 8.2.5.ED.2: Collaborate with peers to collect information, brainstorm to solve a problem, and evaluate all possible solutions to provide the best results with supporting sketches or models. 8.2.5.ED.3: Follow step by step directions to assemble a product or solve a problem, using appropriate tools to accomplish the task. 	• .1.5.Cn10b: Use an inquiry-base d set of questions to investigate global issues, including climate change, through a variety of dance genres, styles, and cultural lenses.	 N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88 Louis Armstrong- improvisation and composition in Jazz 	N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28 Erwin Schulhoff - professor of music in prague whose music combined many avant-garde styles with Jazz	 N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35 Britten 	 N.J. S.A. 18A: 35-4 .35 Stevi e Won der

Special Education All teachers of students with special needs must review each tudent's IEP. Teachers must then select the appropriate modifications and/or accommodations necessary to enable the nos identified for Special	Gifted Higher-level cooperative learning activities	 English Language Learners Partner with another
tudent's IEP. Teachers must then select the appropriate modifications/accommod	·	Partner with another
tudent to appropriately progress in the general curriculum. Tossible Modifications/Accommodations Modifying rules and routine Opportunities for cooperative partner work Reteach if necessary Provide several ways to solve a problem if possible Allow for redos Flexible grouping Student centered activities Learning stations SMall group discussions Problem solving statins Modeling Education students can butilize ongoing methods to provioutilize ongoing methods to provioustruction, assess studer needs, and utilize modifications specific to the following may be considered: • Refer to case management of the public tracks and to the provious students and the provious should utilize ongoing methods to provious students and the provious form of the provious should utilize ongoing methods to provious instruction, assess studer needs, and utilize modifications specific to the following students. In addition the following may be considered: • Refer to case management of the public for At-Risk students and the provious form of the p	 Extension activities Pairing with students who need assistance. Use for modeling 	student. Refer to ELL teacher for meaningful accommodations and guidelines for individual students. Translation of text Use visual representations Allow use of first language Peer tutoring/partner work Repeated directions Limit number of concepts/vocabulary words

- Get to know student on a deeper level including interests and, if available, any IEP or 504 plan
- Set individual goals especially with struggling students
- Use available technology to individualize learning, i.e text-speech, Kahoot or Blooket
- Use of visuals

Possible Assessments				
Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments	Performance Assessments	Major Activities/Assignments	
 Anecdotal notes during whole group, small group and individual conferences Sharing strategies Turn and talk Running Records/skills check off 	Teacher Observation/FeedbackOpen-Ended Responses	 Participation in instrument ensembles 	Instrument ensembleComposer Research	

	Grade 5 Music, Unit 3: Music History and Comparing Genres/Cultures Length Trimester 3			
Topic & # Days NJ Standards Critical Knowledge & Skills			Possible Resources & Activities	
Researching Beethoven and Mozart Comparing and contrasting different cultural music Critiquing music from different cultures, genres and historical periods	 1.3A.5.Pr6b Demonstrate performance decorum and audience etiquette appropriate for the context, venue, genre, and style. 1.3A.5.Re7b Demonstrate and explain, citing evidence, how responses to music are informed by the structure, the use of the elements of music, and context (i.e., social, cultural, historical). 	 Obj. We are learning to: Discuss how composers personal lives are reflected in their music Compare and contrast musical cultures/genres Research musicians from various time periods, and cultures Anchor Standards: Conveying Meaning through Art Perceiving and Analyzing Products Artistic Process Using a range of learning styles Visual materials Small group discussions and collaboration. Cross-curricular Setting clear learning objectives 	 Youtube.com Classicsforkids.com pbskids.com 	

1.3A.5.Pr6a
Perform music, alone or with others, with expression, technical accuracy, and appropriate interpretation.

- Chunking
- Physical participation
- Teaching for understanding

Enduring Understandings:

- Performers' interest in and knowledge of musical works, understanding of their own technical skill, and the context for a performance influence the selection of repertoire.
- Individuals' selection of musical works is influenced by their interests, experiences, understandings, and purposes. Response to music is informed by analyzing context (i.e., social, cultural, historical) and how creator(s) or performer(s) manipulate the elements of music

Essential Questions:

- How do individuals choose music to experience? How does understanding the structure and context of music inform a response?
- When is a performance judged ready to present? How do context and the manner in which musical work is presented influence audience response?

Practices:

- Learning Environment
- Instructional Strategies
- Curriculum
- Assessment
- Professionalism

	Suggested Formative Assessment(s):	
	Group Participation	
	Teacher Observation	