# Health Grades K-2 Unit 2: Alcohol, Tobacco, and Drugs

Content Area:Physical Education & HealthCourse(s):DecemberTime Period:DecemberLength:45Status:Published

#### **Overview**

The grades K-2 Comprehensive Health Education Units are a cohesive set of four units that will scaffold instruction from one grade level to the next. The units are made up of a blended set of standards and cumulative progress indicators that fully encapsulate the major ideas and themes behind the unit. The incorporation of different standards through major, supporting and additional concepts provide a greater opportunity for comprehensive health instruction in each unit. Students will begin the year with a Wellness unit that blends general health skills involving topics such as hygiene, nutrition and physical activity. Units will then progress to develop decision making skills which will be applied in various situations in later units involving physical activity, alcohol, tobacco, drugs, relationships, interpersonal communication, and character development.

In Unit 2, students will interact with content regarding:

- Explain what it means to make a decision.
- Identify how certain decisions we make may affect the way we feel (physically/emotionally)
- Describe why using decision-making skills is advantageous to prevent the use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
- Explain what medicines are and who the trusted adults are who may administer them.
- Determine why we use medicines when we are not feeling well.
- Describe why medicines should be administered by a trusted adult.
- Identify the harmful effects that tobacco could have on personal hygiene, health and safety.

• Determine the harmful effects of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs and how it impacts the personal wellness of the user and nonuser.

- Demonstrate an understanding of how alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs can be abused.
- Describe products in your environment that contain alcohol.
- Determine what substances should never be inhaled and explain why.

• Recognize that people may have difficulty controlling their use of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs and explain that they can get help.

• Understand that some people may have difficulty controlling their use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs

and determine where/how community health professionals can be accessed.

#### **Learning Targets**

- I can determine where to access home, school, and community health professionals
- I can explain effects of tobacco use on personal hygiene, health, and safety
- I can explain what a decision is and why it is advantageous to think before acting
- I can explain what medicines are and when some types of medicines are used
- I can explain why medicines should be administered as directed
- I can explain why tobacco smoke is harmful to nonsmokers
- I can identify products that contain alcohol
- I can identify ways that drugs can be abused
- I can list substances that should never be inhaled and explain why
- I can recognize that some people may have difficulty controlling their use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs
- I can relate decision-making by self and others to one's health

#### **Enduring Understandings**

- All living things may have the capacity to reproduce.
- Any time children feel uncomfortable or in an unsafe situation, they should reach out to a trusted adult for help.
- Communication is the basis for strengthening relationships and resolving conflict between people.
- Conflicts between people occur, and there are effective ways to resolve them.
- Develop and demonstrate an awareness of healthy habits (use clean tissues, wash hands, handle food hygienically) that support personal wellness.
- Every individual has unique skills and qualities, which can include the activities they enjoy such as how they may dress, their mannerisms, things they like to do.
- Families shape the way we think about our bodies, our health and our behaviors.
- Individuals enjoy different activities and grow at different rates. (K)
- Individuals face a variety of situations that may result in different types of feelings and learning how to talk about their feelings is important.
- Many factors influence how we think about ourselves and others
- · Nutritious food choices promote wellness and are the basis for healthy eating habits
- People have relationships with others in the local community and beyond.
- People in the community work to keep us safe.
- People need food, water, air, waste removal, and a particular range of temperatures in their environment to stay healthy.
- Personal hygiene and self-help skills promote healthy habits (using utensils, choosing clothes, brushing

#### teeth) (K)

- Potential hazards exist in personal space, in the school, in the community, and globally.
- Substance abuse is caused by a variety of factors.
- The environment can impact personal health and safety in different ways.
- The use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs in unsafe ways is harmful to one's health.
- There are different ways that individuals handle stress, and some are healthier than others
- There are many ways to obtain help for treatment of alcohol, tobacco, and other substance abuse problems.

#### **Essential Questions**

- How can drugs be abused?
- What are self-help skills?
- What are the effects of tobacco use on personal hygiene, health, and safety?
- What is a decision and why it is advantageous to think before acting?
- What medicines are and when some types of medicines are used?
- What products contain alcohol?
- Where to access home, school, and community health professionals? ?
- Which substances should never be inhaled and explain why?
- Why is tobacco smoke is harmful to nonsmokers?
- Why medicines should be administered as directed.?

#### **NJ Health & PE Standards**

HE.K-2.2.1.2.EH.1	Explain the meaning of character and how it is reflected in the thoughts, feelings and actions of oneself and others.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.EH.2	Identify what it means to be responsible and list personal responsibilities.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.EH.3	Demonstrate self-control in a variety of settings (e.g., classrooms, playgrounds, special programs).
HE.K-2.2.1.2.EH.4	Demonstrate strategies for managing one's own emotions, thoughts and behaviors.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.EH.5	Explain healthy ways of coping with stressful situations.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.PP.1	Define reproduction.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.PP.2	Explain the ways in which parents may care for their offspring (e.g., animals, people, fish).
HE.K-2.2.1.2.PGD.1	Explore how activity helps all human bodies stay healthy.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.PGD.2	Develop an awareness of healthy habits (e.g., wash hands, cough in arm, brush teeth).
HE.K-2.2.1.2.PGD.3	Explain what being "well" means and identify self-care practices that support wellness.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.PGD.4	Use correct terminology to identify body parts and explain how body parts work together to support wellness.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.PGD.5	List medically accurate names for body parts, including the genitals.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.1	Discuss how individuals make their own choices about how to express themselves.

HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.2	Discuss the range of ways people express their gender and how gender-role stereotypes may limit behavior.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.3	Describe different kinds of families locally, nationally and globally and note similarities in the ways in which they keep their children safe.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.4	Determine the factors that contribute to healthy relationships within a family.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.5	Identify basic social needs of all people.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.6	Determine the factors that contribute to healthy relationships.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.7	Explain healthy ways for friends to express feelings for and to one another.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.8	Demonstrate healthy ways to respond to disagreements or conflicts with others (e.g., leave, talk to trusted adults, tell a sibling or peer).
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.9	Define bullying and teasing and explain why they are wrong and harmful.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.CHSS.1	Identify community professionals and school personnel who address health emergencies and provide reliable health information to us.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.CHSS.2	Determine where to access home, school and community health professionals.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.CHSS.4	Describe how climate change affects the health of individuals, plants and animals.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.CHSS.5	Identify situations that might result in individuals feeling sad, angry, frustrated, or scared.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.CHSS.6	Identify individuals who can assist with expressing one's feelings (e.g., family members, teachers, counselors, medical professionals).
HE.K-2.2.2.2.N.1	Explore different types of foods and food groups.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.N.2	Explain why some foods are healthier to eat than others.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.N.3	Differentiate between healthy and unhealthy eating habits.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.LF.1	Express one's feeling and emotions when involved in movement and physical activities to increase positive behaviors.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.LF.2	Perform movement skills that involve controlling and adapting posture and balance, to successfully negotiate different environments (e.g., mats, turf fields, grass fields, hard surfaces, gym floors, sand, water, snow) during physical activity.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.LF.3	Explore the body's range of motion through participating in flexibility and breathing exercises (e.g., stretching, mindfulness, yoga).
HE.K-2.2.2.2.LF.4	Identify physical activities available outside of school that are in the community.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.PF.1	Explain the benefits of regular physical activity and what it means to be physically fit in relation to personal health. (e.g., healthy heart, strong bones, increased energy, strong muscles).
HE.K-2.2.2.2.PF.2	Explore how to move different body parts in a controlled manner.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.PF.3	Engage in moderate to vigorous age-appropriate physical movement and physical activities that promote movement (e.g., games, challenges, team building).
HE.K-2.2.2.2.PF.4	Demonstrate strategies and skills that enable team and group members to achieve goals.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.MSC.1	Perform a combination of sequences of locomotor movements and rhythmic activities (e.g., walking, balancing, hoping, skipping, running).
HE.K-2.2.2.2.MSC.2	Differentiate non-locomotor and locomotor movements as well transferring body weight (e.g., stretching, bending, twisting, curling).
HE.K-2.2.2.2.MSC.3	Demonstrate manipulative movements (e.g., throwing, catching, dribbling, running, kicking) while moving in personal and general space, time, directions, pathways and ranges.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.MSC.4	Differentiate manipulative movements (e.g., throwing, catching, dribbling).
HE.K-2.2.2.2.MSC.5	Adjust and correct movements and skill in response to feedback.

HE.K-2.2.2.2.MSC.6	Execute appropriate behaviors and etiquette while participating in activities, games, sports, and other events to contribute to a safe environment.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.MSC.7	Demonstrate kindness towards self and others during physical activity to create a safe and caring environment.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.MSC.8	Explain the difference between offense and defense.
HE.K-2.2.3.2.PS.1	Demonstrate personal habits and behaviors that contribute to keeping oneself and others healthy and the environment clean and safe.
HE.K-2.2.3.2.PS.2	Discuss healthy and safe choices both indoors and outdoors (e.g., using equipment, wearing bike helmets, vehicle, water, weather safety).
HE.K-2.2.3.2.PS.3	Recognize and demonstrate safety strategies to prevent injuries at home, school, in the community (e.g., traffic safety, bicycle/scooter safety, fire safety, poison safety, accident prevention).
HE.K-2.2.3.2.PS.4	Develop an awareness of warning symbols and their meaning (e.g., red light, stop sign, poison symbol).
HE.K-2.2.3.2.PS.5	Define bodily autonomy and personal boundaries.
HE.K-2.2.3.2.PS.6	Demonstrate how to communicate personal boundaries and show respect for someone else's personal boundaries including friends and family.
HE.K-2.2.3.2.PS.7	Identify behaviors that would be considered child abuse (e.g., emotional, physical, sexual).
HE.K-2.2.3.2.PS.8	Identify trusted adults, including family members, caregivers, and school staff, that you can talk to about situations which may be uncomfortable or dangerous (e.g., bullying, teasing, child sexual abuse).
HE.K-2.2.3.2.ATD.1	Explain what medicines are, how they are used, and the importance of utilizing medications properly.
HE.K-2.2.3.2.ATD.2	Identify ways in which drugs, including some medicines, can be harmful.
HE.K-2.2.3.2.ATD.3	Explain effects of tobacco use on personal hygiene, health, and safety.
HE.K-2.2.3.2.DSDT.1	Recognize that some people may have difficulty controlling their use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
HE.K-2.2.3.2.DSDT.2	Explain that individuals who abuse alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs can get help.
HE.K-2.2.3.2.HCDM.1	Explain the consequences on a person's health if he or she does not have adequate food and a clean environment.
HE.K-2.2.3.2.HCDM.2	Demonstrate personal hygiene and the use of necessary and appropriate health- enhancing behaviors that can keep a person healthy (e.g., precautions to avoid illnesses, handle food hygienically, brush teeth, regular physical activity, adequate sleep, appropriate dress for various weather conditions).
HE.K-2.2.3.2.HCDM.3	Explain strategies and develop skills to prevent the spread of communicable diseases and health conditions (e.g., Lyme disease, influenza, cardiovascular diseases).

# Learning Plan and Activities

Te	opic	Activities
		Teacher's Guide
Alcohol		<u>Handout: Helping Hands We Can Count</u> <u>On</u>
		Handout: Where Does Alcohol Go?

	(unlabeled for students)
	Handout: Where Does Alcohol Go? (labeled for teachers)
	Teacher's Guide
	Handout: Trusted Adults
Drugs	Handout: What Should You Do?
	Teacher's Guide
	Handout: Persuasive Postcard
Smalting	Quiz
Smoking	Quiz: Answer Key

#### Other Ideas for Lesson Implementation/ Discussions

- Compare and contrast good vs. bad medicine
- Display pictures of the effects of tobacco
- Identify self-care practices that support wellness
- Identify where to find health professionals in our school and our community
- Picture sort of safe situations vs. dangerous situations

#### Assessments

- Discussion
- Family Projects
- Follow-up activities
- Student independent work
- Student participation
- Student writing journals

## **Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation**

WRK.9.2.5.CAP.1 Evaluate personal likes and dislikes and identify careers that might be suited to personal likes.

21st Century Skills	
TECH.9.4.2.CT.2	Identify possible approaches and resources to execute a plan (e.g., 1.2.2.CR1b, 8.2.2.ED.3).
TECH.9.4.2.DC.3	Explain how to be safe online and follow safe practices when using the internet (e.g., 8.1.2.NI.3, 8.1.2.NI.4).
TECH.9.4.2.DC.4	Compare information that should be kept private to information that might be made public.

## **Interdisciplinary Connections**

LA.K-12.NJSLSA.R1	Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
LA.RI.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
LA.RI.2.5	Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently.
LA.RI.2.6	Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe.
LA.K-12.NJSLSA.W4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
LA.RI.2.7	Explain how specific illustrations and images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text.
SCI.K-LS1-1	Use observations to describe patterns of what plants and animals (including humans) need to survive.
SCI.K-ESS3-3	Communicate solutions that will reduce the impact of climate change and humans on the land, water, air, and/or other living things in the local environment.