

Escuela: Sujetos, Personas, & Cuartos

Nombre & Apellido: _____

Fecha: ____ / ____ / ____

Clase: _____

A. Traduzca each sujeto into inglés neatly on the line provided. You may abbreviate! (12 pts.)

1. Matemáticas _____ 2. Ciencia _____

3. Estudios Sociales _____ 4. Artes lenguajes _____

5. Español _____ 6. Almuerzo _____

7. Arte _____ 8. Música _____

9. Salud _____ 10. Educación Física _____

11. Tecnología _____ 12. Computación _____

B. Match each persona to their correct job title. Each nombre will be used only once! (12 pts.)

_____ 1. el estudiante / el alumno

A. Sr. Losse

_____ 2. la estudiante / la alumna

B. Dra. Browne

_____ 3. la superintendente / la principal

C. Sra. McBrearty

_____ 4. la viceprincipal

D. Sra. Wendt

_____ 5. la secretaria

E. Diego Strain

_____ 6. el portero

F. Sra. Sharp

_____ 7. la enfermera

G. Sra. Doherty

_____ 8. la bibliotecaria

H. Sra. Hetzel

_____ 9. la consejera

I. Sra. Smith

_____ 10. el maestro / el profesor

J. Estela McClain

_____ 11. la maestra / la profesora

K. Sra. Yakabi-Yob

_____ 12. la señora de la cafetería

L. Sr. Roth

C. Traduzca the following cuartos en inglés. (10 pts.)

1. Aula _____
2. Oficina _____
3. Gimnasio _____
4. Biblioteca _____
5. Pasillo _____
6. Laboratorio _____
7. Auditorio _____
8. Patio de recreo _____
9. Vestuario _____
10. Enfermería _____

D. Traduzca the following cuartos en español. Think about word-order! (12 pts.)

1. The Spanish classroom _____
2. Dr. Browne's office _____
3. The computer lab _____
4. Mrs. Hathaway's room _____
5. The counselor's office _____
6. Mr. Roth's lab _____

Extra Credit Preguntas: (+1 pt. each)

- 1) What class is "leyes" in English? _____
- 2) How do you write "biology" in Spanish? _____

E. Lee each statement and determine if it is verdad (true) or falso (false). Escribe a "V" next to true statements and an "F" next to false statements. (8 pts.)

- _____ 1. Students in Mexico City attend escuela in 2 shifts because the government believes students should have a choice about when they learn best.
- _____ 2. Students in Spain can drop-out of escuela at age 14; however, most students continue to attend school after the age of 14.
- _____ 3. The boy who attends Escuela Sierra Nevada in Mexico is learning English by reading grade-level books in English and is taught by American teachers.
- _____ 4. According the Josefa Villalba's report card, students in Argentina are graded on a 100 point scale (0-100).
- _____ 5. Spanish students can only attend 3 years of high school; the 4th year is for studying and preparing for the universities' entrance exams.
- _____ 6. In la Escuela Sierra Nevada if you are a student with a 6.0 or higher class average you can be exempt from taking monthly tests.
- _____ 7. In Spain, the school day is broken up by taking a long (3-hour) lunch break which allows students to go home and eat with their families.
- _____ 8. When looking at a report card from Mexico, an "S" stands for "*sobresaliente*" which is the highest grade and an "I" stands for "*insuficiente*" which is the lowest grade.