

Unit 4: Inquiry Skills/Five Senses

Content Area: **Science**
Course(s):
Time Period: **Full Year**
Length: **April-June**
Status: **Published**

Unit Overview

Students first learn scientific knowledge by using their senses to interact with their environment. Students will also use this knowledge to make sense of the world around them.

Students will use their five senses to formulate their own inquiries. Students will engage in activities using all their senses.

Enduring Understandings

- Touch, taste, smell, sight, hear
- Petting a dog, eating an apple, smelling a flower

Essential Questions

- What are the five senses?
- What are some examples of using the five senses?

Learning Objectives

- Demonstrate curiosity by asking questions about objects and events.
- Explore materials using hands-on investigation.
- Make simple predictions about what might happen during an activity.
- Share ideas and discoveries with peers and adults.
- Identify the five senses: sight, hearing, touch, smell, and taste.
- Match senses to body parts used for each sense.

- Use appropriate senses to explore objects safely.
- Use senses to observe and describe objects and materials.
- Use descriptive words to talk about what they see, hear, feel, smell, and taste.
- Compare objects based on sensory attributes (rough/smooth, loud/quiet, sweet/salty).
- Represent observations through drawings, marks, photos, or verbal explanations.
- Participate in group discussions about observations.
- Listen and respond to others' ideas respectfully.
- Use new vocabulary related to inquiry and senses.
- Ask and answer questions during explorations.
- Engage with stories, songs, and poems about the five senses.
- Follow safety rules when exploring with the senses.
- Use materials appropriately and clean up after investigations.
- Work cooperatively with peers during investigations.
- Show persistence and curiosity during exploration activities.

Standards: Content

SCI.PK.5.1.1	Display curiosity about science objects, materials, activities, and longer-term investigations in progress (e.g., ask who, what, when, where, why, and how questions during sensory explorations, experimentation, and focused inquiry).
SCI.PK.5.1.2	Observe, question, predict, and investigate materials, objects, and phenomena during classroom activities indoors and outdoors and during any longer-term investigations in progress. Seek answers to questions and test predictions using simple experiments or research media (e.g., cracking a nut to look inside; putting a toy car in water to determine whether it sinks).
SCI.PK.5.1.4	Communicate with other children and adults to share observations, pursue questions, make predictions, and/or conclusions.

Standards: Interdisciplinary

SCI.PK.5.1.2	Observe, question, predict, and investigate materials, objects, and phenomena during classroom activities indoors and outdoors and during any longer-term investigations in progress. Seek answers to questions and test predictions using simple experiments or research media (e.g., cracking a nut to look inside; putting a toy car in water to determine
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	whether it sinks).
SCI.PK.5.1.4	Communicate with other children and adults to share observations, pursue questions, make predictions, and/or conclusions.
SCI.PK.5.1.5	Represent observations and work through drawing, recording data, and “writing” (e.g., drawing and “writing” on observation clipboards, making rubbings, charting the growth of plants).
MA.PK.4.1.4.a	Accurately count quantities of objects up to 10, using one-to one-correspondence, and accurately count as many as 5 objects in a scattered configuration.
MA.PK.4.1.4.b	Arrange and count different kinds of objects to demonstrate understanding of the consistency of quantities (i.e., “5” is constant, whether it is a group of 5 people, 5 blocks or 5 pencils).
SCI.PK.5.2.1	Observe, manipulate, sort, and describe objects and materials (e.g., water, sand, clay, paint, glue, various types of blocks, collections of objects, simple household items that can be taken apart, or objects made of wood, metal, or cloth) in the classroom and outdoor environment based on size, shape, color, texture, and weight.
SCI.PK.5.2.2	Explore changes in liquids and solids when substances are combined, heated, or cooled (e.g., mixing sand or clay with various amounts of water; preparing gelatin; mixing different colors of tempera paint; and longer term investigations, such as the freezing and melting of water and other liquids).
SCI.PK.5.3.1	Investigate and compare the basic physical characteristics of plants, humans, and other animals (e.g., observing and discussing leaves, stems, roots, body parts; observing and drawing different insects; sorting leaves by shape; comparing animals with fur to those with feathers).
SCI.PK.5.3.2	Observe similarities and differences in the needs of living things, and differences between living and nonliving things (e.g., observing and discussing similarities between animal babies and their parents; discussing the differences between a living thing, such as a hermit crab, and a nonliving thing, such as a shell).
MA.PK.4.2.2	Begin to represent simple word problem data in pictures and drawings.
SCI.PK.5.3.3	Observe and describe how natural habitats provide for the basic needs of plants and animals with respect to shelter, food, water, air, and light (e.g., digging outside in the soil to investigate the kinds of animal life that live in and around the ground or replicating a natural habitat in a classroom terrarium).
SCI.PK.5.3.4	Observe and record change over time and cycles of change that affect living things (e.g., monitoring the life cycle of a plant, using children’s baby photographs to discuss human change and growth, using unit blocks to record the height of classroom plants).
SCI.PK.5.4.2	Explore the effects of sunlight on living and nonliving things (e.g., growing plants with and without sunlight, investigating shadows that occur when the sun’s light is blocked by objects).
MA.PK.4.4.3.a	two-dimensional shapes (e.g., use two dimensional shapes to make designs, patterns and pictures by manipulating materials such as paper shapes, puzzle pieces, tangrams; construct shapes from materials such as straws; match identical shapes; sort shapes based on rules [something that makes them alike/different]; describe shapes by sides/angles; use pattern blocks to compose/decompose shapes when making and taking apart compositions of several shapes).
MA.PK.4.4.3.b	three-dimensional shapes by building with blocks and with other materials having height, width and depth (e.g., unit blocks, hollow blocks, attribute blocks, boxes, empty food containers, plastic pipe).
ELA.L.PK.1.d	Understand and use question words (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.L.PK.1.e	Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, for, by, with).
ELA.L.PK.1.f	Begin to speak in complete sentences.

ELA.L.PK.2.c	Attempt to write a letter or letters by using scribble-writing, letter-like forms, letter-strings, and invented spelling during writing activities throughout the day.
ELA.L.PK.5.c	Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., “Tell me the name of a place in the classroom that is noisy or quiet.”).
ELA.PK.L.PK.4	Begin to determine the meaning of new words and phrases introduced through preschool reading and content.
ELA.PK.W.PK.1	Use a combination of drawings, dictation, scribble writing, letter-strings, or invented spelling to share a preference or opinion during play or other activities.
ELA.PK.W.PK.2	Use a combination of drawings, dictation, scribble writing, letter-strings, or invented spelling to share information during play or other activities.
ELA.PK.RI.PK.4	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unfamiliar words in informational text.
ELA.PK.RI.PK.5	Identify the front and back cover of a book.
ELA.PK.RI.PK.6	With prompting and support, identify the role of author and illustrator in presenting ideas in informational text.
ELA.PK.RI.PK.7	With prompting and support, tell how the illustrations support the text (information or topic) in informational text.
ELA.RF.PK.1.a	Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, page by page.
ELA.RF.PK.2.c	Identify many initial sounds of familiar words.
SED.PK.0.1.1	Express individuality by making independent decisions about which materials to use.
SED.PK.0.1.2	Express ideas for activities and initiate discussions.
SED.PK.0.1.3	Actively engage in activities and interactions with teachers and peers.
SED.PK.0.1.4	Discuss their own actions and efforts.
SED.PK.0.2.1	Make independent choices and plans from a broad range of diverse interest centers.
SED.PK.0.2.2	Demonstrate self-help skills (e.g., clean up, pour juice, use soap when washing hands, put away belongings).
SED.PK.0.2.3	Move through classroom routines and activities with minimal teacher direction and transition easily from one activity to the next.
SED.PK.0.2.4	Attend to tasks for a period of time.
SED.PK.0.3.1	Recognize and describe a wide range of feelings, including sadness, anger, fear, and happiness.
SED.PK.0.3.2	Empathize with feelings of others (e.g., get a blanket for a friend and comfort him/her when he/she feels sad).
SED.PK.0.3.3	Channel impulses and negative feelings, such as anger (e.g., taking three deep breaths, using calming words, pulling self out of play to go to “safe spot” to relax, expressive activities).
SED.PK.0.4.1	Engage appropriately with peers and teachers in classroom activities.
SED.PK.0.4.2	Demonstrate socially acceptable behavior for teachers and peers (e.g., give hugs, get a tissue, sit next to a friend/teacher, hold hands).
SED.PK.0.4.4	Respect the rights of others (e.g., “This painting belongs to Carlos.”).
SED.PK.0.4.5	Express needs verbally or nonverbally to teacher and peers without being aggressive (e.g., “I don’t like it when you call me dummy. Stop!”).
SED.PK.0.4.6	Demonstrate verbal or nonverbal problem-solving skills without being aggressive (e.g., talk about a problem and related feelings and negotiate solutions).
SED.PK.0.5.1	Play independently and cooperatively in pairs and small groups.

SED.PK.0.5.2	Engage in pretend play.
SED.PK.0.5.3	Demonstrate how to enter into play when a group of children are already involved in play.
SED.PK.0.5.4	Take turns.
SED.PK.0.5.5	Demonstrate understanding the concept of sharing by attempting to share.

Assessment Evidence

Formative	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Student participation • Whole group instruction/discussion • Small group instruction/discussion • Completed projects • Classroom Observations • Question and answer • Completed classwork
Summative	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work samples and portfolios • Unit Projects • Student photographs and video clips
Alternative & Benchmark	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work samples and portfolios • Unit Projects • Student photographs and video clips
Assessment Evidence Resource	

Instructional Resources

[Instructional Resource List](#)

Curricular Mandates

Below are the curricular requirements as defined in NJ Administrative Code and Statute

Amistad	Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion
Holocaust	LGBT and Disabilities (Grades 6-12)
Climate Change	Asian American & Pacific Islander

Social Emotional Learning (SEL) Competencies

[NJ Social and Emotional Learning Competencies & Sub-Competencies](#)

	Self-Awareness	X	Relationship Skills
X	Responsible Decision-Making	X	Social Awareness
X	Self-Management		

21st Century Skills & Themes

X	Global and Cultural Awareness	Technology Literacy	Planning and Budgeting
X	Creativity and Innovation	Financial Institutions	Risk Management and Insurance
	Information and Media Literacy	Digital Citizenship	Economic and Government Influences
X	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving	Credit Profile	Career Awareness and Planning
	Civic Financial Responsibility	Financial Psychology	