

# K-2 STEAM Template

Content Area: **Template**  
Course(s):  
Time Period: **Full Year**  
Length: **Full Year**  
Status: **Published**

## Unit Overview

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## Enduring Understandings

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## Essential Questions

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## Learning Objectives

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## Standards: Content

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CS.CS	Computing Systems
CS.K-2.8.1.2.AP.1	Model daily processes by creating and following algorithms to complete tasks.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.AP.2	Model the way programs store and manipulate data by using numbers or other symbols to represent information.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.AP.3	Create programs with sequences and simple loops to accomplish tasks.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.AP.4	Break down a task into a sequence of steps.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.AP.5	Describe a program's sequence of events, goals, and expected outcomes.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.AP.6	Debug errors in an algorithm or program that includes sequences and simple loops.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.CS.1	Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.CS.2	Explain the functions of common software and hardware components of computing systems.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.CS.3	Describe basic hardware and software problems using accurate terminology.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.DA.1	Collect and present data, including climate change data, in various visual formats.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.DA.2	Store, copy, search, retrieve, modify, and delete data using a computing device.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.DA.3	Identify and describe patterns in data visualizations.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.DA.4	Make predictions based on data using charts or graphs.

CS.K-2.8.1.2.IC.1	Compare how individuals live and work before and after the implementation of new computing technology.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.NI.1	Model and describe how individuals use computers to connect to other individuals, places, information, and ideas through a network.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.NI.2	Describe how the Internet enables individuals to connect with others worldwide.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.NI.3	Create a password that secures access to a device. Explain why it is important to create unique passwords that are not shared with others.
CS.K-2.8.1.2.NI.4	Explain why access to devices need to be secured.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.EC.1	Identify and compare technology used in different schools, communities, regions, and parts of the world.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ED.1	Communicate the function of a product or device.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ED.2	Collaborate to solve a simple problem, or to illustrate how to build a product using the design process.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ED.3	Select and use appropriate tools and materials to build a product using the design process.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ED.4	Identify constraints and their role in the engineering design process.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.NT.1	Model and explain how a product works after taking it apart, identifying the relationship of each part, and putting it back together.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.NT.2	Brainstorm how to build a product, improve a designed product, fix a product that has stopped working, or solve a simple problem.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ETW.1	Classify products as resulting from nature or produced as a result of technology.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ETW.2	Identify the natural resources needed to create a product.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ETW.3	Describe or model the system used for recycling technology.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ETW.4	Explain how the disposal of or reusing a product affects the local and global environment.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ITH.1	Identify products that are designed to meet human wants or needs.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ITH.2	Explain the purpose of a product and its value.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ITH.3	Identify how technology impacts or improves life.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ITH.4	Identify how various tools reduce work and improve daily tasks.
CS.K-2.8.2.2.ITH.5	Design a solution to a problem affecting the community in a collaborative team and explain the intended impact of the solution.
CS.K-2.ED	Engineering Design
CS.K-2.NI	Networks and the Internet
WRK.9.1.2.CAP	Career Awareness and Planning
WRK.9.1.2.CAP.1	Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.
WRK.9.1.2.CAP.2	Explain why employers are willing to pay individuals to work.
WRK.9.1.2.CAP.3	Define entrepreneurship and social entrepreneurship.
WRK.9.1.2.CAP.4	List the potential rewards and risks to starting a business.
TECH.9.4.2.CI	Creativity and Innovation
TECH.9.4.2.CI.1	Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).
TECH.9.4.2.CI.2	Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g., 1.3A.2CR1a).
TECH.9.4.2.CT	Critical Thinking and Problem-solving
TECH.9.4.2.CT.1	Gather information about an issue, such as climate change, and collaboratively brainstorm ways to solve the problem (e.g., K-2-ETS1-1, 6.3.2.GeoGI.2).

TECH.9.4.2.CT.2	Identify possible approaches and resources to execute a plan (e.g., 1.2.2.CR1b, 8.2.2.ED.3).
TECH.9.4.2.CT.3	Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive).
TECH.9.4.2.DC.1	Explain differences between ownership and sharing of information.
TECH.9.4.2.DC.2	Explain the importance of respecting digital content of others.
TECH.9.4.2.DC.3	Explain how to be safe online and follow safe practices when using the internet (e.g., 8.1.2.NI.3, 8.1.2.NI.4).
TECH.9.4.2.DC.4	Compare information that should be kept private to information that might be made public.
TECH.9.4.2.DC.5	Explain what a digital footprint is and how it is created.
TECH.9.4.2.DC.6	Identify respectful and responsible ways to communicate in digital environments.
TECH.9.4.2.DC.7	Describe actions peers can take to positively impact climate change (e.g., 6.3.2.CivicsPD.1).
TECH.9.4.2.TL.1	Identify the basic features of a digital tool and explain the purpose of the tool (e.g., 8.2.2.ED.1).
TECH.9.4.2.TL.2	Create a document using a word processing application.
TECH.9.4.2.TL.3	Enter information into a spreadsheet and sort the information.
TECH.9.4.2.TL.4	Navigate a virtual space to build context and describe the visual content.
TECH.9.4.2.TL.5	Describe the difference between real and virtual experiences.
TECH.9.4.2.TL.6	Illustrate and communicate ideas and stories using multiple digital tools (e.g., SL.2.5.).
TECH.9.4.2.TL.7	Describe the benefits of collaborating with others to complete digital tasks or develop digital artifacts (e.g., W.2.6., 8.2.2.ED.2).
TECH.9.4.2.GCA.1	Articulate the role of culture in everyday life by describing one's own culture and comparing it to the cultures of other individuals (e.g., 1.5.2.C2a, 7.1.NL.IPERS.5, 7.1.NL.IPERS.6).
TECH.9.4.2.IML.1	Identify a simple search term to find information in a search engine or digital resource.
TECH.9.4.2.IML.2	Represent data in a visual format to tell a story about the data (e.g., 2.MD.D.10).
TECH.9.4.2.IML.3	Use a variety of sources including multimedia sources to find information about topics such as climate change, with guidance and support from adults (e.g., 6.3.2.GeoGI.2, 6.1.2.HistorySE.3, W.2.6, 1-LSI-2).
TECH.9.4.2.IML.4	<p>Compare and contrast the way information is shared in a variety of contexts (e.g., social, academic, athletic) (e.g., 2.2.2.MSC.5, RL.2.9).</p> <p>Digital tools can be used to display data in various ways.</p> <p>Describing a problem is the first step toward finding a solution when computing systems do not work as expected.</p> <p>Digital tools make it possible to analyze and interpret data, including text, images, and sound. These tools allow for broad concepts and data to be more effectively communicated.</p> <p>Individuals from different cultures may have different points of view and experiences.</p> <p>Computer networks can be used to connect individuals to other individuals, places, information, and ideas. The Internet enables individuals to connect with others worldwide.</p> <p>The availability of technology for essential tasks varies in different parts of the world.</p> <p>Complex tasks can be broken down into simpler instructions, some of which can be broken down even further.</p> <p>A variety of diverse sources, contexts, disciplines, and cultures provide valuable and necessary information that can be used for different purposes.</p>

Collaboration can simplify the work an individual has to do and sometimes produce a better product.

Digital artifacts can be owned by individuals or organizations.

Sources of information are evaluated for accuracy and relevance when considering the use of information.

Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, fosters creativity and innovative thinking.

Increases in the quantity of information available through electronic means have heightened the need to check sources for possible distortion, exaggeration, or misrepresentation.

Multiple solutions often exist to solve a problem.

Income is received from work in different ways including regular payments, tips, commissions, and benefits.

Computers store data that can be retrieved later. Data can be copied, stored in multiple locations, and retrieved.

Young people can have a positive impact on the natural world in the fight against climate change.

Brainstorming can create new, innovative ideas.

Individuals should practice safe behaviors when using the Internet.

Data can be used to make predictions about the world.

Technology has changed the way people live and work. Various tools can improve daily tasks and quality of life.

Engineering design is a creative process for meeting human needs or wants that can result in multiple solutions.

Digital communities allow for social interactions that can result in positive or negative outcomes.

Individuals develop and follow directions as part of daily life. A sequence of steps can be expressed as an algorithm that a computer can process.

Individuals collect, use, and display data about individuals and the world around them.

Computing technology has positively and negatively changed the way individuals live and work (e.g., entertainment, communication, productivity tools).

Digital tools have a purpose.

The use of technology developed for the human designed world can affect the environment, including land, water, air, plants, and animals. Technologies that use natural sources can have negative effects on the environment, its quality, and inhabitants. Reusing and recycling materials can save money while preserving natural resources and avoiding damage to the environment.

Connecting devices to a network or the Internet provides great benefits, but care must be taken to use authentication measures, such as strong passwords, to protect devices and information from unauthorized access.

The mode of information can convey a message to consumers or an audience.

Different types of jobs require different knowledge and skills.

Human needs and desires determine which new tools are developed.

A computing system is composed of software and hardware.

Information is shared or conveyed in a variety of formats and sources.

An individual's digital footprint reflects the various actions an individual makes online,

both positive and negative.

Limitations (constraints) must be considered when engineering designs.

Detailed examples exist to illustrate crediting others when incorporating their digital artifacts in one's own work.

People work together to develop programs for a purpose, such as expressing ideas or addressing problems. The development of a program involves identifying a sequence of events, goals, and expected outcomes, and addressing errors (when necessary).

An essential aspect of problem solving is being able to self-reflect on why possible solutions for solving problems were or were not successful.

Digital tools and media resources provide access to vast stores of information that can be searched.

Individuals use computing devices to perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly. Computing devices interpret and follow the instructions they are given literally.

Real world information can be stored and manipulated in programs as data (e.g., numbers, words, colors, images).

Innovation and the improvement of existing technology involves creative thinking.

There are benefits and drawbacks to being an entrepreneur.

## Standards: Interdisciplinary

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ELA.SL.PE.1.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
ELA.SL.PE.1.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
ELA.SL.PE.K.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
ELA.SL.PE.K.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).
ELA.SL.II.K.2	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.
ELA.SL.PE.2.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
ELA.SL.AS.2.6	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.

## Assessment Evidence

Formative	Collaborative Activities, Classwork, Discussion, Independent Class Assignment, Informal Observations of Students, Engineering Design Process Response Sheets, Self-Assessments, Exit Tickets, Lego Building Tasks, Teacher Constructed Games, Student Pre-Planning, Group Self-Assessment
Summative	Pre-Assessments, Written Responses, Projects, Lego Coding Maze, Group Projects
Alternative & Benchmark	Alternative – Project Based Learning, Graphic Organizers, Student Portfolio, Formative Assessment of Oral responses

Benchmark – Teacher generated project and rubric, Student portfolio/project
<a href="#">Assessment Evidence Resource</a>

## **Instructional Resources**

Smartboard, Computers, websites and digital interactives/models, multi-media presentations, video streaming, Brain Pop, Microsoft 365, Legos, Popsicle Sticks, Keva Planks, Straws and Connector Pieces, Lego Wall and Mats, Building Blocks, [Instructional Resource List](#)

## **Curricular Mandates**

*Below are the curricular requirements as defined in NJ Administrative Code and Statute*

Amistad	Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion
Holocaust	LGBT and Disabilities (Grades 6-12)
Climate Change	Asian American & Pacific Islander

## **Social Emotional Learning (SEL) Competencies**

[NJ Social and Emotional Learning Competencies & Sub-Competencies](#)

X	Self-Awareness	X	Relationship Skills
X	Responsible Decision-Making		Social Awareness
X	Self-Management		

## **21st Century Skills & Themes**

X	Global and Cultural Awareness	X	Technology Literacy	Planning and Budgeting
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X	Creativity and Innovation		Financial Institutions		Risk Management and Insurance
	Information and Media Literacy		Digital Citizenship		Economic and Government Influences
X	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving		Credit Profile	X	Career Awareness and Planning
	Civic Financial Responsibility		Financial Psychology		