# 01\_ Review/ Repaso

Content Area:	World Language
Course(s):	
Time Period:	Full Year
Length:	10 days
Status:	Published

# General Overview, Course Description or Course Philosophy Spanish 3H

The study of another language and culture enables individuals, whether functioning as citizens or workers, to communicate face-to-face and by virtual means in appropriate ways with people from diverse cultures. An education in world languages fosters a population that: communicates in more than one language with the levels of language proficiency that are required to function in a variety of occupations and careers in the contemporary workplace, exhibits attitudes, values, and skills that indicate a positive disposition and understanding of cultural differences and that enhance cross-cultural communication and values language learning as a global literacy as well as for its long-term worth in fostering personal, work-related, and/or financial success in our increasingly interconnected world.

This course provides students with the fundamental background to speak, to read, to write, and to understand the target language. A great deal of stress is placed on the development of audio-lingual skills including correct pronunciation, intonation, and accentuation. There will be a continued emphasis on the development of listening, speaking, reading and writing skills using the communicative approach. Additional material for development of reading skills is provided for each student. The units on the culture and civilization of the target culture are expanded.

There will be a continued emphasis on the three modes of communication: interpretive, interpresonal, and presentational. Different opportunities will be provided to develop the listening, speaking, reading and writing skills using the communicative approach. Cultural aspects of the target language/culture will be expanded as well. Students are introduced to songs, movies and short literature selections throughout the year. The use of authentic materials will be provided to each student.

- The importance of learning another language.
- The correct use of grammar and vocabulary help facilitate communication.

Essential Questions:

- In our modern world, why is it important to learn another language and culture?
- What advantages would be beneficial to a young adult through learning another language?
- How can incorrect grammar impede one's understanding?
- Are the grammatical rules in Spanish similar to those of the English language?

Enduring Understandings:

- Learning another language and culture fosters values of appreciation and respect for cultural perspectives, products and practices.
- Learning another language can open doors for professional opportunities.
- The Spanish language contains cultural references that are different from the English language (i.e. adjective and noun agreement focuses on gender and quantity).

# **CONTENT AREA STANDARDS**

FL.IM.7.1.IM.IPERS.1	Engage in conversations about personal experiences or events, topics studied in other content areas, and some unfamiliar topics and situations.
FL.IM.7.1.IM.IPERS.3	Exchange preferences, feelings, or opinions and give advice on a variety of familiar topics, creating sentences and strings of sentences, and asking some follow-up questions.
FL.IM.7.1.IM.IPRET.7	Infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words in some new contexts.
FL.IM.7.1.IM.IPRET.8	Use knowledge of structures of the target language to deduce meaning of new and unfamiliar structures.
FL.IM.7.1.IM.PRSNT.6	Relate stories about oneself and about events and other situations using sentences and strings of interrelated sentences.

# **RELATED STANDARDS (Technology, 21st Century Life & Careers, ELA Companion Standards are Required)**

9.4.12.CI.1: Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas

9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives

9.4.8.CI.4: Explore the role of creativity and innovation in career pathways and industries

L.SS.9–10.1. Demonstrate command of the system and structure of the English language when writing or speaking.

L.KL.9–10.2. Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices for meaning, or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading, writing, speaking or listening.

LA.W.9-10.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
LA.W.9-10.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.
LA.L.9-10.1.B	Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, absolute) and clauses (independent, dependent; noun, relative, adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations.
LA.L.9-10.3.A	Vary word choice and sentence structure to demonstrate an understanding of the influence of language.
LA.L.9-10.4.A	Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
	There are strategies to improve one's professional value and marketability.
	Solutions to the problems faced by a global society require the contribution of individuals with different points of view and experiences.

#### **STUDENT LEARNING TARGETS**

Refer to the 'Declarative Knowledge' and 'Procedural Knowledge sections.

#### **Declarative Knowledge**

Students will understand that:

- vocabulary from Spanish 1 and 2 help to facilitate communication.
- correct grammar conjugations for -ar/er/ir verbs in the present tense are essential for communication.
- correct grammar conjugations for -ar/er/ir verbs in the present progressive tense are essential for communication.
- correct grammar conjugations for -ar/er/ir verbs in the preterit tense are essential for communication.
- correct grammar conjugations for -ar/er/ir verbs in the imperfect tense are essential for

communication.

• there are similarities and differences in the use of pronouns in Spanish and English.

#### **Procedural Knowledge**

Students will be able to:

- Infer meaning of unfamiliar words in familiar context.
- Engage in conversations about events that are currently taking place using the present or present progressive tense.
- Engage in conversations about events that have taken place in the past using the preterit or imperfect tense.
- Use knowledge of structures of the target language in finding new ways to use direct and indirect object pronouns in Spanish and English when referring to objects or people already mentioned.
- exchange opinions about when and why to use the verbs 'ser' and 'estar'.
- Relate information about themselves, events and observations.

#### **EVIDENCE OF LEARNING**

Refer to the 'Formative Assessments' and 'Summative Assessments' sections.

#### **Alternate Assessments**

- Cultural Comparison presentations
- Oral Presentations
- Multimedia Presentations
- Student Dramatizations
- Original Artwork Creations
- Modified Rubrics
- Teacher/Student Conferences

#### **Benchmark Assessments**

#### **Formative Assessments**

Do now's/Exit tickets

Homework

Paired activities

Questions and answers by teacher/students

Listening activities-Using whiteboards to review grammar and vocabulary

Speaking activities-- Group work prompts - talk to a classmate about themselves and observations.

Writing activities-Short answer responses about themselves and their summer

Presentational activities

Kahoot for vocabulary review

### **Summative Assessments**

QUIZZES: Using the three modes of communication-Interpretive, Interpersonal and Presentational (Application of vocabulary and grammatical functions in context)

Listening

Writing

Speaking

Vocabulary and grammar quizzes

Summer assignment - presentation that describes their summer. Students will present with limited use of notecards a presentation about what they did in the summer using preterite and imperfect tenses as well as ser and estar.

## **RESOURCES (Instructional, Supplemental, Intervention Materials)**

Buen viaje -Glencoe Spanish 2

Buen viaje-Glencoe-Practice workbook and audio/visual components

Incorporating visuals within texts

Powerpoints/Google slides/ Nearpod

Provide written and oral directions

Pairing students

Sample texts

Authentic documents

Google Apps - Jamboard

Graphic organizers

# **INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS**

Language Acquisition

Current trends/events

# ACCOMMODATIONS & MODIFICATIONS FOR SUBGROUPS

See link to Accommodations & Modifications document in course folder.