04-Transportation

Content Area: World Language

Course(s):

Time Period: Full Year
Length: 20-24 days
Status: Published

General Overview, Course Description or Course Philosophy

The course provides students with the fundamental background to speak, to read, to write, and to understand the target language. A great deal of stress is placed on the development of audio-lingual skills including correct pronunciation, intonation, and accentuation. There will be a continued emphasis on the development of listening, speaking, reading and writing skills using the communicative approach. Additional material for development of the reading skills is provided for each student. The units on the culture and civilization of the target culture are expanded.

There will be a continued emphasis on the three modes of communication: interpretive, interpersonal, and presentational. Different opportunities will be provided to develop the listening, speaking, reading and writing skills using the communicative approach. Cultural aspects of the target language/culture will be expanded as well. Students are introduced to songs, movies and short literature selections throughout the year. The use of authentic materials will be provided to each student.

NJDOE Vision:

An education in world languages fosters a population that:

- Cultivates communication and cultural understanding in more than one language with the levels of language proficiency that are required to function in a variety of occupations and careers in the contemporary workplace.
- Exhibits attitudes, values, and skills that indicate a positive disposition and understanding of cultural differences and that enhances cross-cultural communication.
- Participates in local and global communities with people who speak languages other than English to address social justice issues and other global problems.
- Values language learning for its long-term worth in advancing personal, work-related, and/or financial success in our increasingly interconnected world.

OBJECTIVES, ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS, ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS

Students will understand:

• air and train travel is important in Spain and in Latin America.

- the correct use of grammar and vocabulary to facilitate communication.
- Spaniards and Latin Americans enjoy excursions.
- major Spanish/Latin American touristic sites.
- geography-Spain and Latin American countries.
- how to compare and contrast airports and train stations from Spanish speaking countries vs United States

Diversity and Inclusion

- Awareness of diversity & inclusion issues as relating to immigration, history, visual and performing arts, literature, climate, subject area content, population where appropriate in the content area.
- Awareness of political, economic, and social contributions, inclusive of all people, where appropriate to the content area.

Climate Change

Awareness of climate change in the target language areas of the world, immigration effects on the target culture and the students' own cultures, population trends in the target culture(s) and the students' own cultures.

CONTENT AREA STANDARDS

WL.NH.7.1.NH.IPERS.1	Exchange basic information by recombining memorized words, phrases, and sentences on topics related to self and targeted themes to express original ideas and information.
WL.NH.7.1.NH.IPERS.2	Ask and respond to questions on practiced topics and on information from other subjects.
WL.NH.7.1.NH.IPERS.4	Give and follow a series of oral and written directions, commands, and requests for participating in classroom and cultural activities.
WL.NH.7.1.NH.IPRET.1	Identify familiar words and phrases in culturally authentic materials related to targeted themes.
WL.NH.7.1.NH.IPRET.2	Understand the main idea and occasionally infer the meaning of some highly contextualized, unfamiliar spoken or written words, phrases, and short sentences in culturally authentic materials related to targeted themes.
WL.NH.7.1.NH.IPRET.7	Comprehend some familiar questions and statements from short conversations and brief written messages from informational and fictional texts that are spoken, viewed and written.
WL.NH.7.1.NH.PRSNT.2	Create and present brief messages using familiar vocabulary orally or in writing.
WL.NH.7.1.NH.PRSNT.5	When speaking and writing, use simple sentences and try to connect them with a few transition words.

RELATED STANDARDS (Technology, 21st Century Life & Careers, ELA Companion Standards are Required)

9.4.12.CI.1: Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas

- 9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives
- 9.4.8.CI.4: Explore the role of creativity and innovation in career pathways and industries
- L.SS.9–10.1. Demonstrate command of the system and structure of the English language when writing or speaking.

L.KL.9–10.2. Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices for meaning, or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading, writing, speaking or listening.

LA.L.9-10.1.B	Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, absolute) and clauses (independent, dependent; noun, relative, adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations.
LA.W.9-10.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
WRK.K-12.P.4	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
WRK.K-12.P.8	Use technology to enhance productivity increase collaboration and communicate effectively.
WRK.K-12.P.9	Work productively in teams while using cultural/global competence.
TECH.K-12.P.4	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
TECH.K-12.P.8	Use technology to enhance productivity increase collaboration and communicate effectively.
TECH.K-12.P.9	Work productively in teams while using cultural/global competence.

STUDENT LEARNING TARGETS

Declarative Knowledge

Students will understand that:

- departures and arrivals can make have an impact when traveling.
- travel activities are a key component when selecting certain destations when traveling.
- the importance of air travel and train travel in Spain, Central America, Latin America and The Caribbean (Donimican Republic, Cuba and Puerto Rico) can have an important role when selecting transportation to travel.
- the present tense forms of hacer, poner, traer and salir (Go verbs in the present tense) will be use by telling people what to do.
- preterite tense-irregular forms is use to talk about past events.
- services on board the plane and train are part of traveling. How different can they be? How can we compare?
- airports are different in the Spanish speaking world compare to the United States.

Procedural Knowledge

Students will be able to:

- use vocabulary about traveling (Air travel and train travel).
- engage in short conversation about how to check in for a flight, talk about some services on board the plane and get through the airport after deplaning.
- express where people are going to or coming from.
- to use the past tense to narrate in the past.
- to use the present progressive to tell what people are doing in the moment.
- request information about departures and arrivals.
- respond to questions about traveling, summer and winter activities.
- engage in conversations about traveling.
- infer the meaning of new words in reading and online material about traveling. (El AVE train).
- label a map of Spanish speaking countries (basic geography).

EVIDENCE OF LEARNING

Benyhmark Assessments

Pear/Edulastic Assessment

Alternate Assessment

- Oral Presentations
- Multimedia Presentations
- Student Dramatizations
- Original Artwork Creations
- Modified Rubrics
- Teacher/Student Conferences

Formative Assessments

Three modes of communication: Interpretive, Interpersonal and Presentational: To discuss about transportation activities Traveling by plane or via train throughout the Spanish speaking world.

Do now's/Exit tickets-Vocabulary, answering questions, and writing sentences about traveling

Homework

Role-playing activities-Traveling by air and train

Paired/group activities-Traveling

Questions and answers by teacher/students related to travel

Listening activities-Vocabulary-Traveling

Speaking activities-¿Prefieres viajar en avión o tren y por qué? ¿Cuáles son las ventajas de viajar por avión o tren por los países hispanohablantes?

Reading activities-El AVE

Presentational activities-narrate events in the past (Using regular and irregular forms)

Interpersonal-E-mail to a penpal in a Spanish speaking country about their traveling experiences

Map-Geography

Presentational/Speaking activity-Traveling-Uses of preterite tense-regular and irregular forms. ¿Viajaste por avión o tren? ¿Qué hiciste?

Summative Assessments

QUIZZES: Using the three modes of communication: Interpretive, Interpersonal, and Presentational (Application of vocabulary and grammatical functions)

- Vocabulary quizzes-students identify traveling activities
- Grammar quizzes: students use past tense to write about past events and activities (Regular and irregular forms)
- Oral Quizzes: students answer personal questions on topic using technology

Examples: Interpretive: Listening to audio/viewing videos

Interpersonal: Speaking with a partner/E-mail

Presentational: Writing or speaking/Presentations (Short essays in paragraph format)

PROJECT-Traveling-Using laptops, create a presentation via Google Slides- A trip to a Spanish speaking country (travel and destinations) Include illustrations/Maps.

Chapter TEST: Using the three modes of communication: Interpretive, Interpersonal, and Presentational

(Application of vocabulary and grammatical functions related to traveling activities using the three modes of communication)

Benchmark Assessment-Mid year Review				
Benchmark Assessment- End of year Review				
RESOURCES (Instructional, Supplemental, Intervention Materials)				
Buen viaje -Glencoe Spanish 1-(Chapter 11-Un viaje en avión/Chapter 13-Un viaje en tren)				
Buen viaje 1-Glencoe-Practice workbook and audio/visual components				
<u>Weblink</u>				
<u>Weblink</u>				
<u>Weblink</u>				
Incorporating visuals within texts				
Powerpoints/Google slides				
Provide written and oral directions				
Pairing students				
Sample texts				
Graphic organizers				
Authentic documents (Youtube videos)				
Videoele				
Edpuzzle				
Quizlet/Kahoot				
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS				
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS Topography				

Language Aquisition

Use technology to enhance productivity

Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence

ACCOMMODATIONS & MODIFICATIONS FOR SUBGROUPS

Spanish 2 Honors:

- Ask questions about air travel and train travel.
- Converse about their traveling.
- Write about their experiences when traveling.
- Use the past tense and present tense together in a short paragraph setting to write about what people did during their travels.
- Express their opinions about traveling by plane or train.

Differentiation/Accommodations/Modifications

Gifted and Talented	English Learners	Students with 504s	Students with Disabilities	Students at Risk of School Failure
Differentiated Assignments: Provide advanced or more complex assignments that delve deeper into the curriculum content and require critical	Provide bilingual dictionaries or translation tools to aid in understanding instructions or content. Offer translated materials or instructions in the student's native language when necessary. Simplified Language: Use simpler language, avoid idiomatic expressions, and break down	on the student's needs.	Accessible Instructional Materials: Provide materials in accessible formats such as large print, audio, braille, or digital text to accommodate visual or print disabilities.	Small Group Instruction: Provide small group settings for targeted instruction and support in areas where students struggle.
thinking, analysis, and creativity. Independent Projects: Offer opportunities for independent research projects or self-directed learning related to students' interests or passions.		Modified Assignments: Provide modified versions of assignments or tests that align with the student's abilities while covering the same educational content.	Extended Time for Assignments/Assessments: Allow additional time for completing assignments or assessments to accommodate processing difficulties or physical limitations.	Additional Instructional Time:
Enrichment Activities: Introduce enrichment activities that	to aid comprehension. Provide simplified versions of texts or materials without compromising	Use of Technology: Permit the use of assistive technology tools (text-to-	Assistive Technology: Provide access to assistive technology tools (screen readers, speech-to-text software, communication devices) that support	Individualized Learning Plans: Develop individualized

extend beyond the content depth. standard curriculum, such as workshops, seminars, or competitions in specialized areas of interest.

Flexible Pacing: Allow students to progress through the curriculum at their own pace, enabling acceleration or access to higherlevel materials if needed.

Mentorship and Expert Resources: engagement. Provide access to mentors, experts in the field, or to guide and support students in exploring their interests deeply.

Complex Problem-Solving Tasks: Present challenging problems or realworld scenarios that require critical thinking, complex analysis, and innovative solutions.

Extension Activities: Offer specialized activities that cater to the unique work, or pairings interests and abilities of gifted them to delve

Visual Aids and Graphics: Incorporate visual aids, images, charts, or diagrams to support understanding of concepts, especially for visual learners.

Contextualization and Real-Life Examples: Relate lessons to real-life scenarios or the student's cultural experiences to enhance comprehension and distractions).

Extended Time and Flexible external resources Assignments: Allow Provide visual aids extended time for completing assignments or assessments to accommodate the additional time needed for language processing. Modify assignments or assessments to focus more on content understanding rather than language proficiency.

Peer Support and Group Work: Encourage collaborative learning opportunities, group with proficient English speakers to students, allowing facilitate language practice and

speech software, speech recognition, calculators) to aid in completing assignments or accessing curriculum materials.

Preferential Seating: Allow the student to sit in a specific location in the classroom that supports their learning needs (e.g., closer to the teacher, away from

Visual Aids: such as charts, graphs, or diagrams to support comprehension of complex concepts.

Chunking Information: Break down tasks or information into smaller, manageable parts to aid in understanding and completion.

Sensory Accommodations: **Implement** accommodations for students with sensory needs, such as noise-canceling

learning and communication.

Modified Assignments and Assessments: Offer modified versions of assignments or assessments that align with Assignments and the student's abilities while Assessments: Offer addressing their disabilities.

Use of Scribes or Readers:

Allow the use of scribes or readers for students with motor or visual impairments to assist in writing or accessing written material.

Preferential Seating and Physical Accommodations:

Allow seating arrangements that accommodate physical needs, such as closer proximity to the teacher or flexible seating options.

Ensure physical accommodations like wheelchair accessibility, adaptive furniture, or sensory-friendly environments.

Visual and Auditory Supports: Use visual aids, graphic organizers, or auditory cues to reinforce learning and aid comprehension for

plans that address specific academic needs, learning styles, and areas of improvement.

Modified modified assignments or assessments to match the student's current level of proficiency while ensuring alignment with curriculum standards.

Progress Monitoring and Feedback: Implement regular progress monitoring and provide constructive feedback to track improvement and guide learning strategies.

Use of Multi-Sensory Techniques: Utilize multi-sensory teaching methods to engage students through visual, auditory, and kinesthetic learning experiences.

Flexible Grouping

interaction. Pre-Teaching Vocabulary and Concepts: Introduce			Strategies: Employ flexible grouping strategies, such as peer tutoring, cooperative
key vocabulary and concepts before a lesson to familiarize ELLs with the language they will encounter.	Note-Taking Support: Provide copies of class notes or allow the use of a note-taking device (tablet,	Chunking Information and Simplified Language: Break down instructions or information into smaller, more manageable parts to aid understanding and processing.	learning, or ability- based grouping, to support struggling students.
step-by-step	laptop) to assist in		Positive Reinforcement and Encouragement:
guidance or support through the use of		Instructional Strategies:	Offer positive reinforcement,
sentence starters, graphic organizers, or structured outlines.	Flexible Testing Environment: Offer a quiet room or alternative setting for exems	Implement instructional strategies tailored to the student's learning style, strengths, and needs.	encouragement, and recognition of effort to boost motivation and self-esteem.
Repetition:	adjustments in		
to clarify instructions, repeat	during tests.	Behavioral Supports and Sensory Accommodations:	Study Skills and Organizational
check for understanding frequently throughout lessons.	Instructional Modifications: Adjust instructional methods or	Provide supports to address behavioral challenges, such as positive behavior reinforcement strategies. Accommodate sensory	Support: Teach study skills, time management, and organizational strategies to help
Foster a culturally inclusive environment and acknowledge	accommodate the student's learning style or preferences.	needs through noise reduction, sensory breaks, or sensory tools for students with sensory processing disorders.	students become more independent learners.
within the	Behavioral		Social-Emotional Support:
Language Development Activities: Integrate language development activities within the curriculum, such as opportunities for speaking, listening, reading, and writing	Supports: Implement behavior management strategies or supports to address any behavioral challenges that affect learning. Communication	Alternative Communication Methods: Support alternative communication methods (sign language, augmentative and alternative communication devices) for students with communication disorders.	Provide social- emotional learning opportunities and counseling support to address emotional barriers affecting academic performance.
	Pre-Teaching Vocabulary and Concepts: Introduce key vocabulary and concepts before a lesson to familiarize ELLs with the language they will encounter. Language Scaffolding: Provide step-by-step guidance or support through the use of sentence starters, graphic organizers, or structured outlines. Clarification and Repetition: Encourage teachers to clarify instructions, repeat key points, and check for understanding frequently throughout lessons. Cultural Sensitivity: Foster a culturally inclusive environment and acknowledge diverse perspectives within the curriculum content. Language Development Activities: Integrate language development activities within the curriculum, such as opportunities for speaking, listening,	Pre-Teaching Vocabulary and Concepts: Introduce key vocabulary and concepts before a lesson to familiarize ELLs with the language they will encounter. Language I Scaffolding: Provide step-by-step guidance or support through the use of sentence starters, graphic organizers, or structured outlines. Clarification and Repetition: Encourage teachers to clarify instructions, repeat key points, and check for understanding frequently throughout lessons. Cultural Sensitivity: Foster a culturally inclusive environment and acknowledge diverse perspectives within the curriculum content. Language Development Activities: Integrate language development activities within the curriculum, such as opportunities for speaking, listeria, speaking, lister	pre-Teaching Vocabulary and Concepts: Introduce key vocabulary and concepts before a lesson to familiarize ELLs with the language they will encounter. Language Step-by-step guidance or support through the use of sentence starters, graphic organizers, or structured outlines. Clarification and Repetition: Encourage teachers to clarify instructions, repeat key points, and check for understanding frequently throughout lessons. Cultural Sensitivity: Foster a culturally inclusive environment and acknowledge diverse perspectives within the curriculum content. Language Development Activities: Integrate language development activities within the curriculum, such as opportunities for speaking, listening, servine and concepts leftone a didections. Mote-Taking Support: Provide copies of class notes or allow the use of scan note-taking device (tablet, laptop) to assist in information into smaller, more manageable parts to aid understanding and processing. Individualized Instructional Individualized Instructional Strategies: strengths, and needs. Flexible Testing Environment: Offer a quier room or alternative setting for exams, adjustments in lighting, or breaks during tests. Flexible Testing Environment: Offer a quier room or alternative setting for exams, adjustments in lighting, or breaks during tests. Flexible Testing Environment: Offer a quier room or alternative setting for exams, adjustments in lighting, or breaks during tests. Flexible Testing Environment: Offer a quier room or alternative setting for exams, adjustments in lighting to a quier room or alternative setting for exams, adjustments in lighting to a quier room or alternative setting for exams, adjustments in lighting, or breaks during tests. Behavioral Supports to address behavioral challenges, such as or support so address any behavioral challenges with the student's learning style or preferences. Implement behavior and Strategies or support so address any behavioral challenges with the student's learning and processing. Individualized Instruct

experiences.

in English.

Assessment Modifications: Offer students with alternative forms of assessment (oral presentations, projects) to evaluate understanding beyond written exams.

Support: Utilize communication tools or aids for speech or language impairments.

Ensure that the accommodations align with the goals outlined in the student's 504 plan. Collaboration and Support Modifications: Services: Foster collaboration between teachers, support staff, and content or pacing to specialists (speech therapists, occupational therapists) to address the diverse needs of students.

Curriculum

Modify curriculum ensure it meets the students' needs and facilitates understanding.

Ensure that the accommodations align with the goals outlined in the student's Individualized Education Plan (IEP).

Parent and Community Involvement: Engage parents and the community in supporting student learning through workshops, information sessions, or family involvement activities.

Access to Resources and Interventions: Ensure access to specialized resources, interventions, or intervention specialists to address specific learning challenges.

Alternative Assessments:

Offer alternative forms of assessment that better align with students' strengths and provide a more accurate representation of their knowledge

and skills.