

# 09-Physical & Chemical Properties of Evidence

Content Area: **Science**  
Course(s):  
Time Period: **Full Year**  
Length: **2 weeks**  
Status: **Published**

## **General Overview, Course Description or Course Philosophy**

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In this course, you will apply the science you've learned throughout your high school years in a variety of ways to analyze and solve cases. Various aspects of chemistry, physics, biology and physiology, to name a few, will be utilized with this course. Many of the activities will be lab-base, as this course is an applied science course. This course should prove to be intriguing, through provoking and have a "gross-factor" that should keep you entertained!

## **OBJECTIVES, ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS, ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS**

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Students will understand that: Physical evidence is often collected at a crime scene. Once properly collected, this evidence is sent to the crime lab for analysis. Students will examine both physical and chemical properties that a forensic scientist would test for. They will practice many of these techniques in the lab setting while looking at three specific types of physical evidence: soil, sand, and glass.

## **CONTENT AREA STANDARDS**

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LA.RST.11-12.1	Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions.
LA.RST.11-12.2	Determine the central ideas, themes, or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
LA.RST.11-12.3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.
LA.RST.11-12.7	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
LA.RST.11-12.8	Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.
LA.RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
MA.G-MG.A.1	Use geometric shapes, their measures, and their properties to describe objects (e.g.,

modeling a tree trunk or a human torso as a cylinder).

## **RELATED STANDARDS (Technology, 21st Century Life & Careers, ELA Companion Standards are Required)**

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TECH.9.4.12.CT.1	Identify problem-solving strategies used in the development of an innovative product or practice (e.g., 1.1.12acc.C1b, 2.2.12.PF.3).
TECH.9.4.12.CT.2	Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., 1.3E.12profCR3.a).
TECH.9.4.12.DC.3	Evaluate the social and economic implications of privacy in the context of safety, law, or ethics (e.g., 6.3.12.HistoryCA.1).

## **STUDENT LEARNING TARGETS**

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Refer to the 'Declarative Knowledge' and 'Procedural Knowledge' sections.

### **Declarative Knowledge**

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Students will understand that:

- how physical properties are examined and analyzed
- how chemical properties are examined and analyzed

### **Procedural Knowledge**

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Students will be able to:

- differentiate between physical and chemical properties
- describe the significance of the characteristics of glass as it relates to evidence at the crime scene
- discuss significance of sand and glass as evidence

## **EVIDENCE OF LEARNING**

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Refer to the 'Formative Assessments' and 'Summative Assessments' sections.

## **Formative Assessments**

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observation exercises

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exit/entrance tickets

quizzes

homework

## **Summative Assessments**

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- Benchmarks – departmental benchmark given at the end of MP1, MP2, and MP3 based on lab practices
- Alternative Assessments
  - Lab inquiries and investigations
  - Lab Practicals
  - Exploratory activities based on phenomenon
  - Gallery walks of student work
  - Creative Extension Projects
  - Build a model of a proposed solution
  - Let students design their own flashcards to test each other
  - Keynote presentations made by students on a topic
  - Portfolio

## **RESOURCES (Instructional, Supplemental, Intervention Materials)**

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## **INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS**

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## **ACCOMMODATIONS & MODIFICATIONS FOR SUBGROUPS**

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See link to Accommodations & Modifications document in course folder.