## **Unit 05: Anatomy and Physiology Joints**

Content Area: Science

Course(s): Generic Course
Time Period: Marking Period 2

Length: **2 weeks** Status: **Published** 

## **Standards**

**LS1.A: Structure and Function** (pp. 143-145, NRC, 2012)

- Systems of specialized cells within organisms help them perform the essential functions of life. (HS-LS1-1)
- <u>Multicellular organisms have a hierarchical structural organization, in which any one system is made up of numerous parts</u> and is itself a component of the next level. (HS-LS1-2)
- Feedback mechanisms maintain a living system's internal conditions within certain limits and mediate behaviors, allowing it to remain alive and functional even as external conditions change within some range. Feedback mechanisms can encourage (through positive feedback) or discourage (negative feedback) what is going on inside the living system. (HS-LS1-3)

SCI.9-12.HS-LS1-1	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins, which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.
SCI.9-12.HS-LS1-3	Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis.
SCI.9-12.HS-LS1-2	Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.

## **Essential Questions**

How do the bones, joints and ligaments function to permit movement and mobility in the skeleton?

## **Content / Skills**

- Describe how bones of fibrous joints, cartilaginous joints and synovial joints are held together
- Describe several types of joint movements
- Describe the two ways to classify joints- structural and functional
- List and describe the six types of synovial joints
- Describe the location and function of each of the synovial joints