Unit 08: Research Writing

Content Area: English
Course(s): English 3
Time Period: Semester 2
Length: 3-4

Status: Published

Unit Introduction

This unit enhances the students' previously taught research skills, and extends their scope to include formal MLA composition and documentation skills. Projects may consist of mini-research topics to align with a literature unit or an extended topic to fulfill Junior Essay requirements.

Progress Indicators for Reading Literature

LA.RL.11-12.1	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
LA.RL.11-12.2	Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.
LA.RL.11-12.7	Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (e.g., Shakespeare and other authors.)
LA.RL.11-12.10a	By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.

Progress Indicators for Reading Informational Text

LA.RI.11-12.1	Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
LA.RI.11-12.2	Determine two or more central ideas of a text, and analyze their development and how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.
LA.RI.11-12.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.
LA.RI.11-12.7	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
LA.RI.11-12.10a	By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text- complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.

Progress Indicators for Writing

LA.W.11-12.1.A Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. LA.W.11-12.1.B Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. LA.W.11-12.1.C Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, creating the claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), est	l ng eate
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cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reason and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.	
LA.W.11-12.1.D Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventi of the discipline in which they are writing.	
LA.W.11-12.1.E Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g. articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	,
LA.W.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing ty are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	
LA.W.11-12.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, try new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	ing a
LA.W.11-12.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or share writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	ared
LA.W.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (inclu a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding the subject under investigation.	_
LA.W.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, usin advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in t of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source an following a standard format for citation. (MLA or APA Style Manuals).	erms
LA.W.11-12.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	
LA.W.11-12.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes.	and

Progress Indicators for Speaking and Listening

LA.SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
LA.SL.11-12.5	Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
LA.SL.11-12.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal

Progress Indicators for Language

LA.L.11-12.1.A	Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.
LA.L.11-12.2.A	Observe hyphenation conventions.
LA.L.11-12.2.B	Spell correctly.
LA.L.11-12.3.A	Vary syntax for effect, apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts.
LA.L.11-12.4.A	Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
LA.L.11-12.4.B	Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable).
LA.L.11-12.4.C	Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.
LA.L.11-12.4.D	Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
LA.L.11-12.5.A	Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.
LA.L.11-12.5.B	Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.
LA.L.11-12.6	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Essential Questions

What makes a source reliable?

How do researchers find quality source material and document it?

How does a researcher develop an effective thesis and organize ideas and information efficiently?

What is the effectiveness and rationale of multiple revisions?

What is the significance of citing text to support an argument?