Integrated Alg2 PreCalc Unit 09: Trigonometry

Content Area: Math

Course(s): Integrated Algebra II & PreCalculus

Time Period: Semester 1
Length: 2.5 cycles
Status: Published

Unit Introduction

Standards

MA.F-IF.A.1	Understand that a function from one set (called the domain) to another set (called the range) assigns to each element of the domain exactly one element of the range. If f is a function and x is an element of its domain, then $f(x)$ denotes the output of f corresponding to the input x . The graph of f is the graph of the equation $y = f(x)$.
MA.F-IF.A.2	Use function notation, evaluate functions for inputs in their domains, and interpret statements that use function notation in terms of a context.
MA.F-IF.B.4	For a function that models a relationship between two quantities, interpret key features of graphs and tables in terms of the quantities, and sketch graphs showing key features given a verbal description of the relationship.
MA.F-IF.B.5	Relate the domain of a function to its graph and, where applicable, to the quantitative relationship it describes.
MA.F-IF.C.7e	Graph exponential and logarithmic functions, showing intercepts and end behavior, and trigonometric functions, showing period, midline, and amplitude.

Essential Questions

- How can you model periodic behavior?
- If you the value of the sin x, how can you find the cos x, tan x, csc x, sec x, cot x?

Content

- Angles and the Unit Circle
- · Exploring Periodic Data
- Radian Measure
- The Cosine Function
- The Sine Function
- The Tangent Function
- Translating Sine and Cosine Functions

Skills

- Apply the unit circle
- Convert degrees to radians (vice versa)
- Determine if a graph is periodic
- Finding amplitude and midline
- Finding cosine and sine of angles
- Finding sine and cosine of a radian
- Identifying coterminal angles
- Identifying cycles, periods and periodic functions
- Measure and sketching angles in standard position
- Translate graphs of trigonometric equations