

Spelling Changes in the Present Subjunctive

In the present subjunctive, verbs ending in *-car*, *-gar*, and *-zar* undergo the same change that occurs in the *yo* form of the preterit:

-car verbs: *c* → *qu*

-gar verbs: *g* → *gu*

-zar verbs: *z* → *c*

Infinitive	Preterit Yo Form	Stem	Subjunctive Endings
sacar	saqué	saqu-	-e, -es, -e, -emos, -éis, -en
llegar	llegué	llegu-	-e, -es, -e, -emos, -éis, -en
utilizar	utilicé	utilic-	-e, -es, -e, -emos, éis, -en

Verbs ending in *-cer/-cir*, *-ger/-gir*, and *-guir* (but not *-uir*) undergo the same change that occurs in the *yo* form of the present:

consonant + *-cer/-cir* verbs: *c* → *z*

vowel + *-cer/-cir* verbs: *c* → *zc*

-ger/-gir verbs: *g* → *j*

-guir verbs: *gu* → *g*

Infinitive	Present Yo Form	Stem	Subjunctive Endings
convencer	convenzo	convenz-	-a, -as, -a, -amos, -áis, -an
esparcir	esparzo	esparz-	-a, -as, -a, -amos, -áis, -an
conocer	conozco	conozc-	-a, -as, -a, -amos, -áis, -an
conducir	conduzco	conduzcz-	-a, -as, -a, -amos, -áis, -an
escoger	escojo	escoj-	-a, -as, -a, -amos, -áis, -an
dirigir	dirijo	dirij-	-a, -as, -a, -amos, -áis, -an
distinguir	distingo	disting-	-a, -as, -a, -amos, -áis, -an

Irregular Verbs in the Present Subjunctive

Verbs that follow no rules for the formation of the subjunctive must be memorized. The most common irregular verbs are:

dar (to give): dé, des, dé, demos, deis, den

estar (to be): esté, estés, esté, estemos, estéis, estén

haber (to have): haya, hayas, haya, hayamos, hayáis, hayan

ir (to go): vaya, vayas, vaya, vayamos, vayáis, vayan

saber (to know): sepa, sepas, sepa, sepamos, sepáis, sepan

ser (to be): sea, seas, sea, seamos, seáis, sean

Stem Changes in the Present Subjunctive

The changes that stem-changing *-ar*, *-er*, and *-ir* verbs undergo in the present subjunctive are often, but not always, the same changes they undergo in the present. Changes in the stem occur in all persons but *nosotros* and *vosotros*.

Verb Type	Stem Change	Subjunctive Stems	
<i>-ar and -er</i>	<i>e to ie</i>	<i>Yo, Tú, Él, Ellos</i>	<i>Nosotros/Vosotros</i>
<i>cerrar</i> (to close)	yo cierro	cierr-	cerr-
<i>querer</i> (to want)	yo quiero	quier-	quer-
	<i>o to ue</i>	<i>Yo, Tú, Él, Ellos</i>	<i>Nosotros/Vosotros</i>
<i>contar</i> (to tell)	yo cuento	cuent-	cont-
<i>volver</i> (to return)	yo vuelvo	vuelv-	volv-
<i>-ir</i>	<i>e to ie</i>	<i>Yo, Tú, Él, Ellos</i>	<i>Nosotros/Vosotros</i>
<i>sentir</i> (to feel, regret)	yo siento	sient-	sint-
	<i>o to ue</i>	<i>Yo, Tú, Él, Ellos</i>	<i>Nosotros/Vosotros</i>
<i>dormir</i> (to sleep)	yo duermo	duerm-	durm-
	<i>e to i</i>	<i>Yo, Tú, Él, Ellos</i>	<i>Nosotros/Vosotros</i>
<i>pedir</i> (to ask)	yo pido	pid-	pid-

Accent marks are used in the *-iar* and *-uar* verbs listed below, in all forms but *nosotros*:

enviar (to send) yo envío env- -íe, -íes, -íe, -íemos, -íeis, -íen

Verbs like *enviar* include:

confiar (en) to rely (on), to confide (in)

espiar to spy

fíarse (de) to trust

guiar to guide

resfriarse to catch a cold

variar to vary

continuar (to continue) yo continúo contin- -úe, -úes, -úe, -uemos, -uéis, -úen

Verbs like *continuar* include:

actuar to act

graduarse to graduate