Critical Concepts7.4A Non Fiction Lesson Plans

Skill Focus: CC.7.4A – Determine the meaning of words or phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings, and analyze the impact of specific word choice on meaning and tone.

Vocabulary Word Bank: analyze, base word, comma, connotative, figurative, prefix, root, suffix, technical, tone

December Lesson Objectives

- SWBAT determine the meaning of unfamiliar words using context clues, prefixes, roots, and suffixes.
- SWBAT analyze how figurative, connotative, and technical word choices impact meaning and tone in a text.
- SWBAT use academic vocabulary (analyze, prefix, root, suffix, figurative, connotative, technical, tone) accurately in written and spoken responses.

Non-Fiction Texts Suggestions for December(Selections are suggested; teachers may adapt but should draw from the Educational Epiphany Binder)

- Travels with Charley in Search of America by John Steinbeck
- Third Annual Message by Abraham Lincoln, December 8, 1863
- Free Culture (Excerpt) by Lawrence Lessig
- A Time to Break Silence by Martin Luther King, Jr.

Graphic Organizer: Citing Evidence Refer to your Educational Epiphany Critical Concepts Binder: Graphic Organizers Tab: CC 7.4A-1-2 (pages 65-72 in the Graphic Organizers Tab)

I Do (Teacher Model - 15 mins)

Text: Travels with Charley in Search of America by John Steinbeck

Steps:

- 1. Distribute **Prefix-Root-Suffix organizer**.
- 2. Teacher reads aloud the passage where Steinbeck uses the word uncomfortable.
- 3. Review word bank definitions:
 - Prefix = added part at the beginning (changes meaning)
 - Root/Base = core meaning of the word
 - Suffix = added ending (changes form or meaning)
 - o Connotative = suggested meaning beyond dictionary definition

Tone = author's attitude

Teacher Think-Aloud:

"I see the word *uncomfortable*. I'm going to break it apart: prefix = 'un-' which means 'not,' root = 'comfort' which means 'ease or relief,' and suffix = '-able' which means 'capable of.' When I combine them, the determined meaning is 'not capable of ease.' In this passage, Steinbeck is describing his feelings about staying in a stranger's home, so the word choice shows his unease. The connotative meaning here adds to the tone of tension."

Sample Student Organizer Response:

• Word: uncomfortable

• Prefix: un- = not

Root/Base: comfort = easeSuffix: -able = capable of

Determined Meaning: not capable of ease

• Tone Impact: Word choice shows Steinbeck's unease → tone is awkward/unsettled

We Do (Guided Practice - 20 mins)

Text: Third Annual Message by Abraham Lincoln (1863)

Steps:

- 1. Distribute Context Clues + Word Type organizer.
- 2. Teacher and class read aloud first two paragraphs.
- 3. Identify the word emancipation.

Teacher Think-Aloud:

"The word is emancipation. Let's use context clues. Lincoln is talking about freeing enslaved people. The base word 'man' is linked to people, and the prefix 'e-' means 'out of.' From the context, emancipation means being set free. This is a domain-specific, technical term because it's connected to law and government. Notice how Lincoln's use of this word makes the tone hopeful and powerful."

Sample Class Organizer Response:

• Word: emancipation

• Context Clues: discussion of freeing enslaved people

Determined Meaning: act of being set free

• Word Type: Technical

• Tone Impact: Word choice makes the tone inspiring and authoritative

You Do with Partner (Collaborative Practice - 30 mins)

Text: Free Culture by Lawrence Lessig

Steps:

- 1. Partners choose either organizer based on the word they encounter.
- 2. Partners identify the word innovation.

Teacher Think-Aloud (circulating):

"I see the word *innovation*. Think about the base word 'nova,' meaning 'new.' Context clues show the author is discussing creativity and change in technology. That means innovation = creating something new. The connotation of innovation is positive, suggesting progress. How does this word affect the tone? It makes the tone encouraging and forward-thinking."

Sample Partner Response:

- Word: innovation
- Context Clues: creativity, change in technology
- Determined Meaning: creation of something new
- Word Type: Academic/Connotative
- Tone Impact: Word choice makes tone encouraging and forward-looking

You Do Independently

Text: A Time to Break Silence by Martin Luther King, Jr.

Steps:

- 1. Students choose a word to analyze (e.g., injustice).
- 2. Students complete either organizer.

Teacher Think-Aloud (for scaffolding):

"I see the word *injustice*. The prefix 'in-' means 'not,' the root 'justice' means fairness. So injustice = not fair. King uses this word to describe racial inequality. The connotation is strong and negative, which builds a passionate and urgent tone."

Sample Independent Response:

- Word: injusticePrefix: in- = not
- Root: justice = fairness
- Determined Meaning: not fair
- Word Type: Connotative
- Tone Impact: Word choice creates a passionate, urgent tone