MP2b-Piecewise Functions

Content Area:	Math
Course(s):	Algebra 1 Accelerated
Time Period:	Marking Period 2
Length:	enVision Chapter 5, 11 days
Status:	Published

Essential Questions

• How do you use piecewise-defined functions to model situations and solve problems?

Big Ideas

- Explore the key features of the absolute value graph such as the vertex and axis of symmetry and interpret domain and range
- Describe and graph piecewise defined functions over given intervals of the domain
- Use graphs and equations of the functions as well as the rate of change on a given interval to solve real-world problems
- Relate step functions to piecewise defined functions
- Use ceiling and floor functions to model and solve real-world problems
- Represent transformations of piecewise defined functions both algebraically and graphically

CSDT Technology Connection

8.1.8.DA.1 Organize and transform data collected using computational tools to make it usable for a specific purpose.

Enduring Underingstanding

Interpreting Functions

F.IF.A.3 [M] Recognize that sequences are functions, sometimes defined recursively, whose domain is a subset of the integers. For example, the Fibonacci sequence is defined recursively by f(0) = f(1) = 1, f(n+1) = f(n) + f(n-1) for $n \ge 1$.

• Geometric Sequence

F.I.F.B.4 For a function that models a relationship between two quantities, interpret key features of graphs and tables in terms of the quantities, and sketch graphs showing key features given a verbal description of the relationship. Key features include: intercepts; intervals where the function is increasing, decreasing, positive,

or negative; relative maximums and minimums; symmetries; end behavior; and periodicity. **★**

F.I.F.B.6 Calculate and interpret the average rate of change of a function (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval. Estimate the rate of change from a graph. \star

F.IF.C.7e Graph exponential and logarithmic functions, showing intercepts and end behavior, and trigonometric functions, showing period, midline, and amplitude.

• Exponential Functions

F.IF.C.9 Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way (algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions).

• Comparing Functions

Mathematical Practices Focus

- 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. Pages
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. Pages 183, 191, 197
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics. Pages 183, 190, 203
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision. Pages 191, 197, 203
- 7. Look for and make use of structure. Pages 183, 191,197, 203
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning. Page 203