Unit 3b-Numbers to 1,000

Content Area: Mathematics
Course(s): Math 2

Time Period: Marking Period 2
Length: MP3 Topic 9 9-1 to 9-10

Status: **Published**

Essential Questions

• What number patterns are helpful in reading and writing 3 digit numbers?

Big Ideas

- Place Value with 3-Digit Numbers: Students will learn that a 3-digit number can be expressed by the number of hundreds, tens, and ones it has.
- **Number Forms:** Students will understand how a number can be expressed in standard form, word form, or expanded form.
- **Decompose Numbers:** Students will rename numbers by decomposing them and breaking them down.
- Place Value Patterns with Numbers: Students will use place-value patterns to mentally count by 1s and 10s from a given number.
- Skip Counting to 1,000: Students can skip count by 5s, 10s, and 100s by using place value patterns and number lines.
- Comparing Numbers Using Place Value: Students will use compare 3-digit numbers using >, <, and = symbols.

CSDT Technology Integration

8.1.2.AP.2: Model the way programs store and manipulate data by using number or other symbols to represent information.

Activity:

Students will be introduced to two different place-value applications on the chromebooks. After, students will discuss which digital application helped them build stronger place value strategies.

Enduring Understandings

Numbers and Operations in Base Ten

- **2.NBT.A.1 (M)** Understand that the three digits of a three-digit number represent amounts of hundreds, tens, and ones; e.g., 706 equals 7 hundreds, 0 tens, and 6 ones. Understand the following as special cases:
- **2.NBT.A.1a** 100 can be thought of as a bundle of ten tens called a "hundred."
- **2.NBT.A.1b** The numbers 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900 refer to one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine hundreds (and 0 tens and 0 ones).
- **2.NBT.A.2** Count within 1000; skip-count by 5s, 10s, and 100s
- **2.NBT.A.3** Read and write numbers to 1000 using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form
- **2.NBT.A.4** Compare two three-digit numbers based on meanings of the hundreds, tens, and ones digits, using >, =, and < symbols to record the results of comparisons
- **2.NBT.B.8** Mentally add 10 or 100 to a given number 100–900, and mentally subtract 10 or 100 from a given number 100–900.

Mathematical Practices Focus

7. Look for and make use of structure.