Writing Assessment Preparation Guide

Content Area:	Language Arts
Course(s):	E/LA 3
Time Period:	Marking Period 3
Length:	4 weeks
Status:	Published

Resources

- "U.S. National Parks"
- "Spotlight on Yellowstone National Park"
- "Fossil Fuels"
- "Renewable Energy"

Assessments

- Student Narrative Piece
- Student Opinion Piece
- Student Informative Writing Piece

Handwriting and Spelling

Handwriting Goals:

• Using the Handwriting Without Tears Program, teachers will provide formal and structured instruction for students to learn cursive writing. Students will learn a new physical approach to writing and motor control developed for learning cursive.

• Teachers will provide 3 stages of instruction:

 \circ Stage 1 Direct Instruction- Watch someone form a letter first, and then write it.

 \circ Stage 2 Guided Practice-Look at a letter and then write it

 \circ Stage 3 Independent Practice - Write without watching someone or seeing the letter

• Complete all lowercase letters in cursive.

Spelling:

Spelling List 10-Prefixes Spelling List 11- Suffixes

Enduring Understandings

informational text, referring explicitly to textual evidence as the basis for the answers.

• RI.CI.3.2. Recount in oral and written form the key details from a multi-paragraph informational text and explain how they support the main idea.

• RI.TS.3.4. Utilize and reference features of a text when writing or speaking about a text, using text features (e.g., graphics, images, captions, headings) and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate and integrate

information relevant to a given topic efficiently. '

• RI.CT.3.8. Compare and contrast the elements of informational texts regarding the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.

• RL.CR.3.1. Ask and answer questions and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a literary text, referring explicitly to textual evidence as the basis for the answers.

• RL.CI.3.2. Recount in oral and written form key details from a text and explain how they support the theme (in literary texts, e.g., fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures).

• RL.TS.3.4. Utilize and reference features of a text when writing or speaking about a text, referring to parts of stories, dramas, and poems, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.

• RL.MF.3.6. Explain how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., create mood, emphasize aspects of a character or setting).

• W.IW.3.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

• W.IW.3.2.A Introduce a topic clearly.

• W.IW.3.2.B Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and concrete details, text evidence, or other information and examples related to the topic.

• W.IW.3.2.C Include text features (e.g.: illustrations, diagrams, captions) when useful to support comprehension.

• W.IW.3.2.D Link ideas within sections of information using transition words and phrases (e.g., then, because, also, another, therefore).

• W.IW.3.2.E Provide a conclusion related to the information or explanation presented.

• W.WR.3.5. Generate questions about a topic and independently locate related information from at least two reference sources (print and non-print) to obtain information on that topic.

• W.SE.3.6. Use discussion, books, or media resources to gather ideas, outline them, and prioritize the information to include while planning to write about a topic.

• W.RW.3.7. Engage in independent and task-based writing for both short and extended periods of time, producing written work routinely.

Big Ideas

- Students read texts and use multimedia to answer research-based questions
- Students will take notes while reading articles
- Students will compose a fictional narrative using ideas from a given text.
- Students will read two nonfiction texts and answer text-evidence based questions.

• Students will compare and contrast two nonfiction articles to create an informational report.

- Students will read two nonfiction articles and then answer research questions based on the text.
- Students will compose an opinion piece after reading two nonfiction texts.

Essential Questions

• How can we create writing that focuses on different genres in a given time frame?

- How do we develop into effective writers?
- What role does writing play in our lives?
- What is the purpose of applying grammar, mechanical skills, and correct spelling?
- How do writers use language to effectively communicate their desired purpose in a piece of writing?