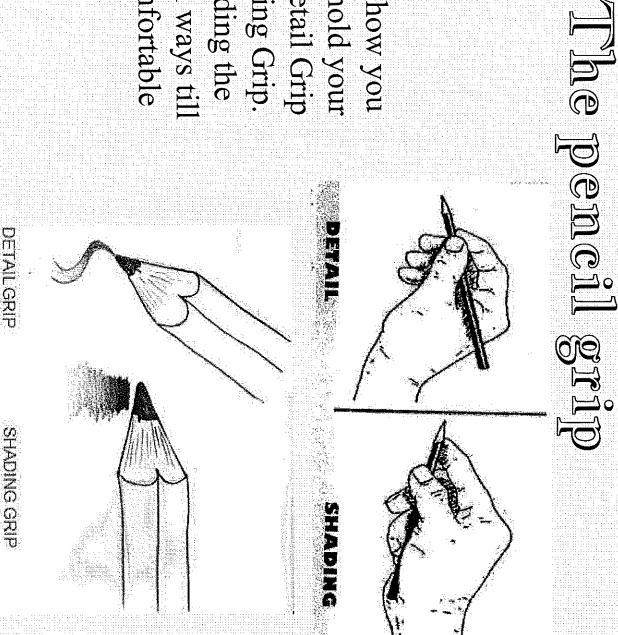
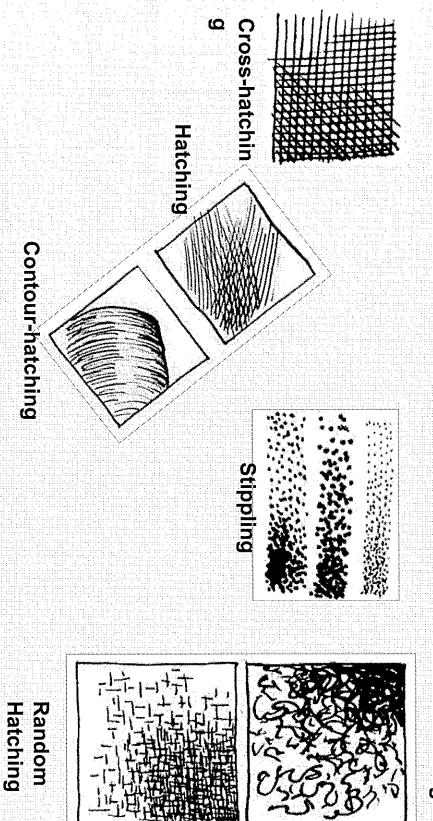
N	imest	1200 HOVY 2010			Project:		-RADEMACHER-
	Final Grade:	Time Management	Class Participation	Craftsmanship	Creativity	Civility Respectful Behavior	<ul> <li>5- Excellent: Work is creative and original. – Went above and beyond.</li> <li>4- Good: Work is neat and well done. – All objectives were met.</li> <li>3- Average: Work is done. – Most of the objectives met.</li> <li>2- Fair: Work is incomplete – Not all objectives were met.</li> <li>1- Poor: Little effort was put into artwork. – No effort to meet objective.</li> </ul>
	A 25-22	Sī	Ŋ	Ŋ	5	Ŋ	
	B 21-18	4	4	4	4	4	
	C 17-14	ယ	3	ω	3	ယ	
	D 13-10	2	2	2	2	2	
	9-5	>	-	_			

### The images show you two ways to hold your pencil, the Detail Grip and the Shading Grip. Practice holding the pencil in both ways till you feel comfortable



#### What is SHADING?

Here are some different SHADING TECHNIQUES for you to try:



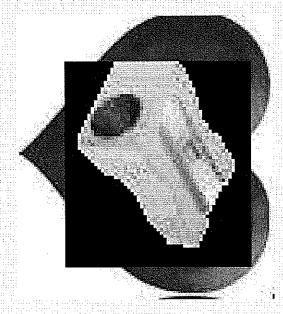
Scumbling

### Three Golden rules

# Drawing Rule 2: keep a sharp pencil

One of the most common drawing mistakes is trying to draw with a blunt pencil.

Therefore, make the pencil sharpner your friend:



### To sum up, here are my three golden rules of drawing:

Drawing Rule 3: Sketch lightly, smoothly & quickly Drawing Rule 1: Don't press too hard!

# The Drawing Process

### Step 2: Measuring stage

do not use a ruler MEASURE how big to draw the shapes

SKETCH lightly, do not press hard.

if you need to **EVALUATE** Is it correct? Make change

# The Drawing Process

Step 4: Finishing Stage

DETAIL Look for the fine details now and add as much as you can see.

design? Or shade it with pencil? FINISH Are you going to paint your

Perhaps you want to experiment with art materials, collage,



#### Still Life: Drawing from simple shapes

n the image below, you can see that the forms of circles and rectangles: shapes used for the drawing are various

