MP3b-Nonproportional Relationships

Content Area: Math

Course(s): Math 7 Pre-Algebra Honors

Time Period: Marking Period 3

Length: Wk 2-3 Go Math! Advanced 2 Module 12

Status: Published

Essential Questions

• How can you use tables, graphs, and equations to represent linear non proportional situations?

- How can you determine the slope and the y-intercept of a line?
- How can you graph a line using the slope and y-intercept?
- How can you distinguish between proportional and non proportional situations?

Big Ideas

Proportional and non proportional situations can be defined, evaluated and compared using tables, equations, and graphs.

Technology Integration

- 8.1.8.DA.1: Organize and transform data collected using computational tools to make it usable for a specific purpose.
- 8.1.8.AP.2: Create clearly named variables that represent different data types and perform operations on their values.
- 8.1.8.AP.6: Refine a solution that meets users' needs by incorporating feedback from team members and users.

Activity: Taco Truck Activity-Desmos.com. In this activity, students use the Pythagorean theorem as a tool to solve problems involving diagonal distances. In a quick prelude, students reason with the Pythagorean theorem and with rates in a situation that they may encounter in their daily lives: taking a shortcut to save time. Students then determine the best path to a taco truck from a spot on the beach. The activity culminates in a class-wide race.

Enduring Understandings

Functions

- 8.F.2 Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way (algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions.
- 8.F.3 Interpret the equation y=mx+b as defining a linear function, whose graph is a straight line; give examples of functions that are not linear.
- 8.F.B.4 Construct a function to model a linear relationship between two quantities. Determine the rate of change and initial value of the function from a description of a relationship or from two (x,y) values, including reading these from a table or from a graph. Interpret the rate of change and initial value of a linear function in terms of the situation it models, and in terms of its graph or a table of values.

Expressions and Equations

8.EE.6[M] Use similar triangles to explain why the slope m is the same between any two distinct points on a non-vertical line in the coordinate plane; derive the equation y = mx for a line through the origin and the equation y = mx + b for a line intercepting the vertical axis at b.

Mathematical Practices Focus

- 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. Lesson 12.2
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. Lesson 12.3, 12.4
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. Lesson 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4
- 4. Model with mathematics. Lesson 12.1, 12.3, 12.4
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically. Lesson 12.3
- 6. Attend to precision. Lesson 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4
- 7. Look for and make use of structure. Lesson 12.1, 12.2