**Lesson One**: Key Words

**Month**: October

**Duration:** 1 period with follow up in LA class

**NJSLS**:W.8.6,W.8.7, W.8.8

**Objective:** Students will be able to use keywords in a search engine to find credible sources and information online.

**Materials:** Smart TV**,** Chromebook, pencil, worksheet

**Method** **and** **Activity:**

* Define **Keyword** (Words that describe the research topic)
* Play *Taboo* as a whole class to get students thinking about key words.
* In pairs have students try to answer the following questions using only one keyword. Repeat with 2, 3, and 4 keywords until the answers are found
	+ What foods are toxic to dogs?
	+ What jobs do dogs do for people?
* Discuss results as a whole class.
	+ What worked?
	+ What didn’t?
	+ What did you learn?

**Assessment:** Students complete a Google Webquest to practice using keywords.

**Follow-up:** *Brain Pop: Internet Search*

**Lesson Two**: Reliable Sources

**Month**: November

**Duration:** 1 period with follow up in LA class

**NJSLS:** W.8.6,W.8.7, W.8.8

**Objective:** Students will be able to identify and evaluate reliable sources when searching the internet.

**Materials:** Smart TV, articles

**Method and Activities:**

* Define **credible source** (The information is true and from experts we can trust.)
* Credible Sources meet the following criteria:
	+ To be a **credible source**, a website should
		- -Be published by a **reliable organization** or **qualified author**. Often you can look for URLs that end in .org, .edu, or .gov
		- -Have the **author name** and **publication date** listed on the website.
		- -**Not** have **grammatical errors** or **outdated information** on the site.
		- -Have information that can be **verified** by comparing it to other sources.
	+ Look at 3 different articles and determine whether or not they are reliable.
	+ Whole class vote and discussion as to whether or not each source is reliable.

**Assessment:** Teacher notes accuracy of responses during vote of whether a source is reliable or not.

**Follow-up:**  IXL U.1

*Flocabulary: Source Evaluation*

**Lesson Three**: Primary vs. Secondary Sources

**Month**: December

**Duration:** 1 period with follow up in LA class

**NJSLS**: W.8.6,W.8.7, W.8.8

**Objective:** Students will be able to identify primary and secondary sources by looking at different examples.

**Materials:**

**Method and Activities:**

* Define Primary and Secondary sources
	+ A **primary source** is an original source created by a person who witnessed firsthand the
		- events discussed in the book/article
		- **Examples**: autobiography/memoir, journal, interview, speech, manuscript, original research reports
		- A **secondary source** is created by someone who did not directly experience or participate in the events described. They analyze events or research and give a secondhand account of a primary source.
		- **Examples**: textbooks, edited works, biography, books/articles reviewing events or research, commentaries, literary criticism, argumentative writing
	+ Determine if examples are primary or secondary.
	+ Students put responses on an exit ticket to turn in.

**Assessment:** Teacher evaluates exit tickets for accuracy and understanding.

**Follow-up:**

* Brainpop: Primary and Secondary Sources
* Flocabulary: Primary and Secondary Sources

**Lesson Four**: Outlining a Research Paper

**Month**: January

**Duration:** 1 period with follow up in LA class

**NJSLS**: W.8.6,W.8.7, W.8.8

**Objective:** Students will be able to outline a research paper.

**Materials:**

**Method and Activities:** Smart TV, chromebook

* **Intro: Video:** [**How to Write an Outline**](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CSnpATHIhmk)
* **Steps for Writing an Outline**
	+ Start with your thesis.
	+ Using Roman numerals list your three main points.
	+ Using capital letters list supporting ideas

**Lesson Four**: Outlining a Research Paper

**Month**: January

**Duration:** 1 period with follow up in LA class

**NJSLS**: W.8.6,W.8.7, W.8.8

**Objective:** Students will be able to outline a research paper.

**Materials:**

**Method and Activities:** Smart TV, chromebook

* **Intro: Video:** [**How to Write an Outline**](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CSnpATHIhmk)
* **Steps for Writing an Outline**
	+ Start with your thesis.
	+ Using Roman numerals list your three main points.
	+ Using capital letters list supporting ideas

**Lesson Five**: Academic Integrity - Quoting and Paraphrasing

**Month**: February

**Duration:** 1 period with follow up in LA class

**NJSLS**: W.8.6,W.8.7, W.8.8

**Objective:** Students will be able to correctly quote and paraphrase from a text.

**Materials:** Smart TV, Text from ELA

**Methods and Activities:**

* When you **quote the text,** you may borrow a whole sentence, or an important word/phrase. Put the words that are copied straight from the text in **quotation marks**. Do not use more than 1-2 sentences in a quote.
* To incorporate a quote in your writing, you can use sentence starters like:
	+ **This evidence proves…**
	+ **This fact demonstrates…**
	+ **As stated in (name the text)...,**
	+ **This source makes it clear that…**
* Sometimes, you may want to **paraphrase**, or put the author’s ideas in your own words instead of copying word-for word. You must **rearrange** the sentence and **change** **all or most of the words**. There might be certain words like dates/names that cannot be changed. Your sentence should have the same meaning as the original text but with different words. You still need to include a **citation**.
* **Example:**
* **Original quote**:(Use example from current ELA text)
* **Paraphrasing**: (Use example from current ELA text)

**Assessment:** Students write one quote and one paraphrase from current ELA texton an exit ticket and turn in. Teacher checks exit ticket for accuracy.

**Follow-up Activities:**

* IXL U.5
* Brainpop: Paraphrasing
* Brainpop: Plagiarism
* Flocabulary: Plagiarism

**Lesson Six**: In Text Citations

**Month**: March

**Duration:** 1 period with follow up in LA class

**NJSLS**: W.8.6,W.8.7, W.8.8

**Objective:** Students will use in-text citations to correctly cite sources.

**Materials:** Smart TV, Text from ELA

**Methods and Activities:**

* **Citations** identify the original source of an idea or direct quote for the reader. Usually, you will use the **author’s last name** (or publisher name if a single author isn’t named) and **page number** in parentheses at the end of your quote.
* **Example:** Use text from ELA
* Students practice quoting and citing from Text from ELA.

**Assessment:** Teacher circulates and checks students’ accuracy as they practice citing from ELA text.

**Follow-up Activity:** IXL U.4

**Lesson Seven**: Works Cited - MLA

**Month**: April

**Duration:** 1 period with follow up in LA class

**NJSLS**: W.8.6,W.8.7, W.8.8

**Objective:**  1**.** Students will be able to create a works cited page in MLA format for a given set of sources. 2. Students will revise and edit to correct errors in a given works cited page.

**Materials:** Smart TV, Chromebook

**Methods & Activities:**

* **Review information with students:**

A **Works Cited Page** is the final page of a research paper where all of the sources used are listed.

**\*Book**: Last Name, First Name. *Title of Book*. City of Publication, Publisher, Publication Date, pages.

**\*Newspaper/Magazine Article**: Author(s). "Title of Article." *Title of Periodical*, Day Month Year, pages.

**\*Podcast:** Last name, First name, role. “Title of Episode.” Title of Program, season, episode, Sponsor, day Month year, URL. Access Date.

**Assessment:** Fist to 5 How well do you understand how to create a works cited page for your essay?

**Follow-up Activities:**

* IXL U.3
* Flocabulary: Works Cited

**Lesson Eight**: Works Cited - Google Citations

**Month**: April

**Duration:** 1 period with follow up in LA class

**NJSLS**: W.8.6,W.8.7, W.8.8

**Objective:** Students will use Google Citations to make a Works Cited Page.

**Materials:**

* Chromebook
* Smart TV
* List of sources

**Methods and Activities:**

* Using the Smart TV
* demonstrate to students how to use Google Citations to create a Works Cited page.
* Give students a list of sources and have students practice using Google Citations to make a Works Cited page.

**Assessment:** Teacher checks students’ Works Cited page for accuracy.