# **Unit 4: Historical Fiction Inquiry Project**

Content Area: Library Course(s): Library 5

Time Period: Marking Period 2

Length: MP2 Status: Published

## **Essential Questions**

• How do I use databases to effectively search for information?

## **Big Ideas**

- Identify historical fiction as a genre.
- Locate and read suitable work of historical fiction.
- Distinguish between and use subject and Boolean keyword searches.
- Locate, select, retrieve, and cite information from different media formats.'
- Take notes from print and nonprint sources
- Demonstrate an understanding of ownership of ideas and copyright protection
- Use research skills to verify historical references in fictional works
- Create a multimedia presentation

## **Technology Integration**

8.2.5.ITH.2: Evaluate how well a new tool has met its intended purpose and identify any shortcomings it might have.

#### Activity:

After studying historical fiction piece of their choice students will use research skills and databases to verify historical references in fictional works

## **Technology Connection**

consequences resulting from its use.

## **Enduring Understandings**

NJSLA-

- RL.5.5. Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.
- RL.5.6. Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described.
- RL.5.7. Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem).
- W.5.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.
- A. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
- B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
- C. Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.
- D. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
- E. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
- W.5.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience
- W.5.6. With some guidance and support from adults and peers, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting.
- W.5.8. Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.
- SL.5.5. Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.

#### AASL-

I-Inquire-build new knowledge by inquiring, thinking critically, identifying problems, and developing strategies for solving problems.

V- Explore-discover, innovate in a growth mindset developed through experience and reflection.

VI-Engage-Demonstrate safe, legal, and ethical creating and sharing of knowledge projects independently while engaging in a community of practice and interconnected world.

IV-Curate-Make meaning for oneself and others by collecting, organizing, and sharing resources of personal relevance.

### ITSE-

Innovative Designer- Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.

Creative Communicator- Students communicate clearly and express themselves creatively for a variety of purposes using the platforms, tools, styles, formats and digital media appropriate to their goals.