# **MP2a-Subtraction Facts To 20: Use strategies**

Content Area:MathematicsCourse(s):Math 1Time Period:Marking Period 2Length:MP2 Topic 4 4-1 to 4-9 Envisions 2020Status:Published

#### **Essential Questions**

• What strategies can you use while subtracting?

#### **Big Ideas**

- Numbers and the Number Line: The set of real numbers is infinite and ordered. Whole numbers, integers, and fractions are real numbers. Each real number can be associated with a unique point on the number line.
- Equivalence: Any number, measure, numerical expression, algebraic expression, or equation can be represented in an infinite number of ways that have the same value
- Operation Meanings and Relationships: There are multiple interpretations of addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of rational numbers, and each operation is related to other operations.
- Properties: For a given set of numbers there are relationships that are always true, called properties, and these are the rules that govern arithmetic and algebra.
- Basic Facts and Algorithms: There is more than one algorithm for each of the operations with rational numbers. Some strategies for basic facts and most algorithms for operations with rational numbers, both mental math and paper and pencil, use equivalence to transform calculations into simpler ones.
- Practices, Processes, and Proficiencies:Mathematics content and processes can be applied to solve problems.

#### **Technology Connection**

8.1.2.CS.1 Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.

Activity: Students using IXL, Splash Math

## Enduring Understandings

## **Operations and Algebraic Thinking**

1.OA.B Understand and apply properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction [M]

1.OA.C Add and subtract within 20. [M]

1.OA.B4 Understand subtraction as an unknown-addend problem. [M]

1.OA.C5 Relate counting to addition and subtraction (e.g., by counting on 2 to add 2). [M]

1.OA.C6 Add and subtract within 20, demonstrating fluency for addition and subtraction within 10. Use strategies such as counting on; making ten (e.g., 8 + 6 = 8 + 2 + 4 = 10 + 4 = 14); decomposing a number leading to a ten (e.g., 13 - 4 = 13 - 3 - 1 = 10 - 1 = 9); using the relationship between addition and subtraction (e.g., knowing that 8 + 4 = 12, one knows 12 - 8 = 4); and creating equivalent but easier or known sums (e.g., adding 6 + 7 by creating the known equivalent 6 + 6 + 1 = 12 + 1 = 13).[M]

1.OA.A.1 Use addition and subtraction within 20 to solve word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using objects, drawings, and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

1.OA.B3 Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract. [M]

# **Mathematical Practices Focus**

- 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- 7. Look for and make use of structure.
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.