

# (Alg 1) Unit 11: Data Analysis & Displays

Content Area: **Math**  
Course(s): **Math**  
Time Period: **June**  
Length: **2 weeks**  
Status: **Published**

## Unit Overview

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In this unit, students will learn about the following topics:

- Measures of center & variation
- Box-and-whisker plots
- Shapes of distributions
- Two-way tables
- Choosing a data display

## Enduring Understandings

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SWBAT:

- Compare data sets using measures of center & variation
- Find the mean, median, mode, range, interquartile range, & standard deviation of a data set
- Create & analyze box-and-whisker plots
- Use the five-number summary to describe data sets
- Describe shapes of distributions
- Use the shapes of distributions to choose appropriate measures when describing measures of center & variation
- Create two-way tables& interpret entries
- Choose appropriate data displays for representing given data
- Distinguish between qualitative and quantitative data

## Essential Questions

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How can we:

- compare the mean, median, & mode of a data set?
- find the range and standard deviation of a data set?
- identify the effects of transformations on data?
- interpret & use box-and-whisker plots to represent & compare data sets?
- describe the shapes of data distributions?
- use the shapes of distributions to choose appropriate measures of center and variation to describe data sets?
- compare data distributions via measures of center & variation?
- make & use two-way tables to recognize associations in data?
- find & interpret the marginal, relative, & conditional relative frequencies of two-way tables?
- classify data as quantitative or qualitative?
- choose & create appropriate data displays?
- analyze misleading graphs?

## **Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities**

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- Guided Practice
- Daily Do Now
- Extra Practice & Puzzle Time (Resources)
- Scavenger Hunts
- Coloring Activities
- Task Cards (Around the World)
- Maze Activities
- Quizizz Online Assignments
- Kahoot! Online Games
- GimKit Online Games

## **Integration of 21st Century Themes and Skills**

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CRP.K-12.CRP1.1	Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.
CRP.K-12.CRP2.1	Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.
CRP.K-12.CRP4.1	Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace

with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.

CRP.K-12.CRP6.1	Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.
WRK.9.2.8.CAP.2	Develop a plan that includes information about career areas of interest.
TECH.9.4.8.CT.2	Develop multiple solutions to a problem and evaluate short- and long-term effects to determine the most plausible option (e.g., MS-ETS1-4, 6.1.8.CivicsDP.1).
TECH.9.4.8.CT.3	Compare past problem-solving solutions to local, national, or global issues and analyze the factors that led to a positive or negative outcome.
TECH.K-12.P.4	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
TECH.K-12.P.5	Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
TECH.K-12.P.8	Use technology to enhance productivity increase collaboration and communicate effectively.

## Technology & Design Integration

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CS.6-8.8.1.8.AP.2	Create clearly named variables that represent different data types and perform operations on their values.
CS.6-8.8.1.8.AP.4	Decompose problems and sub-problems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs.
CS.6-8.8.1.8.AP.6	Refine a solution that meets users' needs by incorporating feedback from team members and users.
CS.6-8.8.1.8.AP.8	Systematically test and refine programs using a range of test cases and users.
CS.6-8.8.1.8.DA.4	Transform data to remove errors and improve the accuracy of the data for analysis.
CS.6-8.8.1.8.DA.5	Test, analyze, and refine computational models.
TECH.8.1.8.A.1	Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.
TECH.8.1.8.A.4	Graph and calculate data within a spreadsheet and present a summary of the results.
TECH.8.1.8.A.5	Create a database query, sort and create a report and describe the process, and explain the report results.
TECH.8.1.8.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems.
TECH.8.1.8.A.CS2	Select and use applications effectively and productively.
TECH.8.1.8.B.1	Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).
TECH.8.1.8.B.CS1	Apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes.
TECH.8.1.8.C.CS2	Communicate information and ideas to multiple audiences using a variety of media and formats.
TECH.8.1.8.F	Critical thinking, problem solving, and decision making: Students use critical thinking skills

to plan and conduct research, manage projects, solve problems, and make informed decisions using appropriate digital tools and resources.

TECH.8.2.8.D.CS1

Apply the design process.

## Interdisciplinary Connections

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ELA.L.KL.8.2.A	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases.
ELA.L.KL.8.2.B	Gather vocabulary knowledge when selecting a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
ELA.L.VL.8.3.A	Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
ELA.L.VL.8.3.B	Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.
ELA.L.VL.8.3.C	Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).
ELA.L.VL.8.3.D	Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
	Patterns
	Developing and Using Models
	Analyzing and Interpreting Data
	Asking Questions and Defining Problems

## Differentiation

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### Definitions of Differentiation Components:

- Content – the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
- Process – how the student will acquire the content information.
- Product – how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
- Learning Environment – the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

### Differentiation occurring in this unit:

- High-achieving students will assist low-achieving students in mixed ability groupings for games and activities.
- High-achieving students can complete sudoku puzzles and logic puzzles as extension activities.
- Limit number/difficulty of problems for low-achieving students to demonstrate mastery.
- Narrow down problem choice to core concepts for low-achieving students.
- Leveled group-based activities, determined by formative assessment.

## Modifications & Accommodations

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## **Benchmark Assessments**

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### **Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:**

- Linkit Benchmarks (Form A in September, Form B in January, Form C in June): Linked to NJSLA standards

### **Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:**

- IXL Diagnostic + continued practice during IXL periods

## **Formative Assessments**

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### **Formative Assessments used in this unit:**

- Kahoot! Games
- Quizizz Games
- Homework
- Q & A
- Scavenger Hunts
- Coloring Activities
- Task Cards
- Partner Activities

## Summative Assessments

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### Summative assessments for this unit:

- Chapter Test
- Quizzes

## Instructional Materials

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1. Big Ideas Math: Math & You 6th Grade Textbook
2. Quizizz
3. Kahoot!
4. Scavenger Hunts
5. Task Cards
6. Coloring Activities
7. GimKit

## Standards

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MATH.9-12.S.ID.A.1	Represent data with plots on the real number line (dot plots, histograms, and box plots).
MATH.9-12.S.ID.A.2	Use statistics appropriate to the shape of the data distribution to compare center (median, mean) and spread (interquartile range, standard deviation) of two or more different data sets.
MATH.9-12.S.ID.A.3	Interpret differences in shape, center, and spread in the context of the data sets, accounting for possible effects of extreme data points (outliers).
MATH.9-12.S.ID.B.5	Summarize categorical data for two categories in two-way frequency tables. Interpret relative frequencies in the context of the data (including joint, marginal, and conditional relative frequencies). Recognize possible associations and trends in the data.