# (8th) Unit 10: Volume & Similar Solids

Content Area: Math
Course(s): Math
Time Period: June
Length: 3 weeks
Status: Published

#### **Unit Overview**

In this unit, students will learn about the following topics:

- Volumes of Cylinders
- Volumes of Cones
- Volumes of Spheres
- Surface Areas & Volumes of Similar Solids

## **Enduring Understandings**

#### SWBAT:

- Find the volume of a cylinder given the height and radius of the cylinder
- Find the height or radius of the cylinder given the volume
- Find the volume of a cone given the height and radius of the cylinder
- Find the height or radius of the cone given the volume
- Find the volume of a sphere given the radius
- Find the radius of a sphere given the volume
- Solve a proportion to determine if two solids are similar
- Solve a proportion to find missing surface areas or volumes between similar figures

## **Essential Questions**

How can we:

- use a formula to find the volume of a cylinder ( $V=pi*r^2*h$ )
- use the formula for the volume of a cylinder to find a missing dimension (height or radius)

#### How can we:

- use a formula to find the volume of a cone?
- use the formula for volume of a cone to find a missing dimension?

#### How can we:

- use a formula to find the volume of a sphere?
- use the formula for the volume of a sphere to find the radius?
- find volumes of composite solids?

#### How can we:

- use corresponding dimensions to determine whether solids are similar?
- use corresponding dimensions to find missing measures in similar solids?
- use linear measures to find surface areas and volumes of similar solids?

### **Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities**

- Guided Practice
- Daily Do Now
- Extra Practice & Puzzle Time (Resources)
- Scavenger Hunts
- Coloring Activities
- Task Cards (Around the World)
- Maze Activities
- Quizizz Online Assignments
- Kahoot! Online Games
- GimKit Online Games

## **Integration of 21st Century Themes and Skills**

CRP.K-12.CRP1.1 Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a

member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater

good.

CRP.K-12.CRP2.1 Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between

abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when

it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.

TECH.9.4.8.CT.2	Develop multiple solutions to a problem and evaluate short- and long-term effects to determine the most plausible option (e.g., MS-ETS1-4, 6.1.8.CivicsDP.1).
TECH.9.4.8.CT.3	Compare past problem-solving solutions to local, national, or global issues and analyze the factors that led to a positive or negative outcome.
TECH.9.4.8.TL.3	Select appropriate tools to organize and present information digitally.
TECH.K-12.P.5	Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
TECH.K-12.P.8	Use technology to enhance productivity increase collaboration and communicate effectively.

## **Technology & Design Integration**

CS.6-8.8.1.8.AP.4	Decompose problems and sub-problems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs.
CS.6-8.8.1.8.AP.8	Systematically test and refine programs using a range of test cases and users.
TECH.8.1.8.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems.
TECH.8.1.8.B.CS1	Apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes.
TECH.8.1.8.E.CS1	Plan strategies to guide inquiry.
TECH.8.1.8.F	Critical thinking, problem solving, and decision making: Students use critical thinking skills to plan and conduct research, manage projects, solve problems, and make informed decisions using appropriate digital tools and resources.
TECH.8.1.8.F.CS2	Plan and manage activities to develop a solution or complete a project.
TECH.8.2.8.D.CS1	Apply the design process.

## Interdisciplinary Connections

ELA.L.KL.8.2.A	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases.
ELA.L.KL.8.2.B	Gather vocabulary knowledge when selecting a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
ELA.L.VL.8.3.A	Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
ELA.L.VL.8.3.B	Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.
ELA.L.VL.8.3.C	Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).
ELA.L.VL.8.3.D	Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
SCI.MS-ESS3-5	Ask questions to clarify evidence of the factors that have caused climate change over the past century.
SCI.MS.ETS1.B	Developing Possible Solutions

## **Differentiation**

#### **Definitions of Differentiation Components:**

- Content the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
- Process how the student will acquire the content information.
- Product how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
- Learning Environment the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

#### Differentiation occurring in this unit:

- High-achieving students will assist low-achieving students in mixed ability groupings for games and activities.
- High-achieving students can complete sudoku puzzles and logic puzzles as extension activities.
- Limit number/difficulty of problems for low-achieving students to demonstrate mastery.
- Narrow down problem choice to core concepts for low-achieving students.
- Leveled group-based activities, determined by formative assessment.

#### **Modifications & Accommodations**

- High-achieving students will assist low-achieving students in mixed ability groupings for games and activities.
- High-achieving students can complete sudoku puzzles and logic puzzles as extension activities.
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- Narrow down problem choice to core concepts for low-achieving students.
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#### **Benchmark Assessments**

#### **Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:**

- Linkit Benchmarks (Form A in September, Form B in January, Form C in June): Linked to NJSLA standards

#### Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:

- IXL Diagnostic + continued practice during IXL periods

#### **Formative Assessments**

#### Formative Assessments used in this unit:

- Kahoot! Games
- Quizizz Games
- Homework
- Q & A
- Scavenger Hunts
- Coloring Activities
- Task Cards
- Partner Activities

#### **Summative Assessments**

#### **Summative assessments for this unit:**

- Chapter Test
- Quizzes

## **Instructional Materials**

- 1. Big Ideas Math: Math & You 6th Grade Textbook
- 2. Quizizz
- 3. Kahoot!
- 4. Scavenger Hunts
- 5. Task Cards
- 6. Coloring Activities
- 7. GimKit

#### **Standards**