

# April Gr.2 :Spring Writing Projects Copied from: Grade 2, Copied on: 03/21/25

Content Area: **English**  
Course(s):  
Time Period: **April**  
Length: **6-8 Weeks**  
Status: **Published**

## Unit Overview

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This unit was created to supplement the Fundamentals Writing Program with projects that diversify the students' writing experience and complement the season in which they are written. The projects will help students understand the writing process for different types of prose. The books in the study will help students read closely, think about the seasonal aspects of the theme and expand their writing repertoire. The texts span multiple genres, styles, structures, and themes. The topics will allow students to connect to seasons, holidays and themselves as they grow and explore their writing abilities.

## Enduring Understandings

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Personal narratives, posters, letters and poems are a form of writing that allows the writer to tell stories from their own lives and express a point of view. They help the writer tell the readers about who they are and what they know and feel.

## Essential Questions

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How do authors' tell their stories through personal narratives, poetry, letters and poems and what process and techniques do they use to create successful narrative writing?

## Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

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My Favorite Dr. Seuss Book

This project uses the classroom Dr. Seuss library to encourage students to read and reflect on the author and his works. Students will write about their favorite book and tell why they feel a personal connection to the text.

Rationale: Students will share information about themselves as a way of sharing information about their favorite book. This will inform their work on their personal narrative relative to the school's writing program.

Common Core State Standards: W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.7, W.2.8, SL.2.1, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.1, L.2.2, L.2.4, L.2.5, L.2.6

If Thing One and Thing Two Came to My House.....

This project uses "The Cat in the Hat" as a starting point for an imaginary story about Thing One and Thing Two. Students will write about the problems they would cause and how they would solve them. This will complement the school's writing program

which focuses on experience writing in the form of a personal narrative.

Rationale: Students will practice writing narratives with a problem and a solution. This will enrich their own personal narratives later in the year.

Common Core State Standards: W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.7, W.2.8, SL.2.1, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.1, L.2.2, L.2.4, L.2.5, L.2.6

#### If I Caught A Leprechaun

This project uses writing prompts to allow the student to express what they would wish for if they caught a leprechaun. Uses "Jaime O'Rourke and the Big Potato" as an introduction to the project.

Rationale: Students will share information about what they would wish for if they were granted three wishes from a leprechaun. This will inform their work on their personal narrative relative to the school's writing program.

Common Core State Standards: W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.7, W.2.8, SL.2.1, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.1, L.2.2, L.2.4, L.2.5, L.2.6

#### My Luckiest Day Was.....

This project encourages students to think back on their personal experiences to express what they believe was their luckiest day ever. Uses "The Luckiest Leprechaun" as a preview to instruction.

Rationale: Students will reflect on their experiences and share what they believe is their luckiest day. This writing assignment will add to their ability to write about life experiences in a personal narrative.

Common Core State Standards: W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.7, W.2.8, SL.2.1, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.1, L.2.2, L.2.4, L.2.5, L.2.6

#### Spring Acrostic Poem

The Spring Acrostic Poem introduces the concept and technique of drafting an acrostic poem to the class. Uses "How Mama Brought the Spring" as a preview to the instruction.

Rationale: Students will share information about their favorite aspects of the season using adjectives and seasonal words. The poem allows students to explore their feelings and express them in a way that will enhance their writing in the personal narrative that is a part of the school's writing program.

Common Core State Standards: W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.7, W.2.8, SL.2.1, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.1, L.2.2, L.2.4, L.2.5, L.2.6

#### Signs of Spring

The Signs of Spring project uses a graphic organizer to allow the student to convey observations about the changing season. Uses "Snow Bunny Spring Bunny" as an introduction to the project.

Rationale: Students will share information about a common experience to practice writing about observations. This will inform their work on their personal narratives relative to the school's writing program.

Common Core State Standards: W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.7, W.2.8, SL.2.1, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.1, L.2.2, L.2.4, L.2.5, L.2.6

## Mother's and Father's Day Writing

These projects encourage students to think back on their personal experiences with their parents to express what they appreciate and love about them.

Rationale: Students will reflect on their experiences and share what they appreciate and love about their parents. This writing assignment will add to their ability to write about life experiences in a personal narrative.

Common Core State Standards: W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.7, W.2.8, SL.2.1, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.1, L.2.2, L.2.4, L.2.5, L.2.6

### I Wanna Iguana!

This project uses "I Wanna Iguana!" as a starting point to have the students put together a persuasive paragraph to convince their parents to buy them an exotic pet. The students will be able to form effective arguments in their paragraph and then present it with a picture of them using a speech bubble for their text.

Rationale: Students will reflect on what makes a good argument and then put this in the context of a paragraph to convince their parents to get them their dream pet.

Common Core State Standards: W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.7, W.2.8, SL.2.1, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.1, L.2.2, L.2.4, L.2.5, L.2.6

## Thank You Brunch Writing and Performance

The Thank You Brunch allows students to write about their feelings for their parents, to recite poetry and to sing songs during a performance for their parents.

Rationale: Students will reflect on their experiences and share what they appreciate and love about their parents. This writing assignment will add to their ability to write about life experiences in a personal narrative.

Common Core State Standards: W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.7, W.2.8, SL.2.1, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.1, L.2.2, L.2.4, L.2.5, L.2.6

## Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

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WRK.9.1.2.CAP	Career Awareness and Planning
WRK.9.1.2.CAP.1	Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.
TECH.9.4.2.CI	Creativity and Innovation
TECH.9.4.2.CI.1	Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).
TECH.9.4.2.CI.2	Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g., 1.3A.2CR1a).
TECH.9.4.2.CT	Critical Thinking and Problem-solving
TECH.9.4.2.CT.3	Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive).
TECH.9.4.2.DC.3	Explain how to be safe online and follow safe practices when using the internet (e.g., 8.1.2.NI.3, 8.1.2.NI.4).

TECH.9.4.2.TL.2	Create a document using a word processing application.
TECH.9.4.2.GCA	Global and Cultural Awareness
TECH.9.4.2.GCA.1	<p>Articulate the role of culture in everyday life by describing one’s own culture and comparing it to the cultures of other individuals (e.g., 1.5.2.C2a, 7.1.NL.IPERS.5, 7.1.NL.IPERS.6).</p> <p>Digital tools and media resources provide access to vast stores of information that can be searched.</p> <p>Different types of jobs require different knowledge and skills.</p> <p>Individuals should practice safe behaviors when using the Internet.</p> <p>Brainstorming can create new, innovative ideas.</p> <p>Individuals from different cultures may have different points of view and experiences.</p>

## **Technology and Design Integration**

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Students will interact with Smartboard, Ipads, Chromebooks and document camera.

CS.K-2.8.1.2.CS.1	<p>Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.</p> <p>Individuals use computing devices to perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly. Computing devices interpret and follow the instructions they are given literally.</p>
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## **Interdisciplinary Connections**

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Through the mentor texts, and personal choice text, students will make interdisciplinary connections during the writing process.

SCI.K-2.5.4.2.F.1	Observe and document daily weather conditions and discuss how the weather influences your activities for the day.
SCI.K-2.5.4.2.F.a	Current weather conditions include air movement, clouds, and precipitation. Weather conditions affect our daily lives.
SOC.6.1.4.D.CS5	Cultures include traditions, popular beliefs, and commonly held values, ideas, and assumptions that are generally accepted by a particular group of people.
SOC.6.1.4.D.CS6	American culture, based on specific traditions and values, has been influenced by the behaviors of different cultural groups living in the United States.

## **Differentiation**

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Based on individual need, teachers will offer additional support through conferencing, modified mentor text, peer support and individualized mini-lessons.

Advanced learners will be offered more rigorous mentor texts to emulate, teacher conferences and reference materials to support in-depth writing endeavors, based on choice.

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.

- **Definitions of Differentiation Components:**

- Content – the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
- Process – how the student will acquire the content information.
- Product – how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
- Learning Environment – the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

**Differentiation occurring in this unit:**

Based on individual need, teachers will offer additional support through conferencing, modified mentor text, peer support and individualized mini-lessons.

Advanced learners will be offered more rigorous mentor texts to emulate, teacher conferences and reference materials to support in-depth writing endeavors, based on choice.

## **Modifications & Accommodations**

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IEP accommodations, and modifications will be in place, and teacher assigned modifications and accommodations will be assigned, assessed, and monitored.

Follow IEP accommodations and differentiate materials, project requirements as needed.

Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMODATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

## **Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:**

IEP modifications will be followed.

RTI support in writing

conferencing,

re-teaching mini-lessons

extended writing time/opportunities

## **Benchmark Assessments**

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**Benchmark Assessments** are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

### **Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:**

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year

Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year

DRA

### **Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:**

DRA and Aimsweb

## **Formative Assessments**

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Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and can be approached in a variety of ways. **Formative assessment** refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student achievement of learning objectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and Franklin, 2010, p. 151).

### **Formative Assessments used in this unit:**

Discussion

Teacher conferences

worksheets

Anecdotal records

Student drafts

### **Summative Assessments**

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**summative assessments** evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.

### **Summative assessments for this unit:**

Student Self-Reflection  
uses a self-reflection questionnaire.

Rationale: Students are more engaged learners when they are actively involved in the evaluation process. Teaching students to reflect on their own growth as writers and the effectiveness of the strategies they use will help them set goals for their future as independent writers.

Final writing pieces

Teacher made assessments

## **Instructional Materials**

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Mentor texts as listed above

Leveled texts to be used as additional resources to differentiate instruction

leveled resources for research into topics of interest

Links and videos (Schoolwide and teacher chosen)

Smartboard applications

Document camera

## **Standards**

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LA.W.2.1	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a conclusion.
LA.W.2.3	Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.
LA.W.2.5	With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed through self-reflection, revising and editing.
LA.W.2.7	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).
LA.W.2.8	Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
LA.SL.2.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
LA.SL.2.2	Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
LA.SL.2.3	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.
LA.SL.2.4	Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
LA.SL.2.6	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide



requested detail or clarification.

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| LA.L.2.1 | Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.                                                                                                              |
| LA.L.2.2 | Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.                                                                                                  |
| LA.L.2.3 | Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.                                                                                                                        |
| LA.L.2.4 | Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.                                             |
| LA.L.2.5 | Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.                                                                                                                  |
| LA.L.2.6 | Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy). |