Mar. Band 6-8

Content Area:

Music

Course(s): Time Period: Length:

Status:

March 6-8 Weeks Published

Unit Overview

Creating ★ Connecting ★ Performing ★ Responding

A. Knowledge and skills that increase aesthetic awareness in music.

- 1.1.8.B.CS2
- **B**. Perceptual, physical and technical skills 1.3.8.B.2; 1.4.8.A.CS3; 1.3.8.B.CS3

Enduring Understandings

Music is nade up of complex rhythms and sounds.

Playing music requires dedication and practice.

Essential Questions

What techniques and skills must a musician acquire to enhance thier musical abilities?

Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

A. Describe the sound of their instrument. What is easy or difficult about playing the student's specific instrument.

- •Record materials and practice time in a journal (lesson book).
- •Posture, no talking, being on time.
- •Being prepared-instrument, music
- •Paying attention, no gum chewing
- **B.** Rhythms-identify
- •up and down beat
- •Whole note/whole rest

- •Half note/half rest
- •Quarter note/quarter rest
- Dotted half note
- •Eighth notes/rests
- Tied notes
- Sixteenth notes/rests
- •Clap an even pulse, tap foot
- •Embouchure, breath support
- Hand position
- •Stick release

Staff

- •Repeat sign
- •D.C. al Fine/D.C. al coda
- •Coda
- •Fine
- •1st & 2nd endings
- Staccato
- •Breath mark
- •Key signature
- •3/4 time signature
- •One measure repeat
- •Key signature

C. Demonstrate perceptual awareness of conductor's signals by utilizing:

- •Tempo
- •Loud/soft
- •Entrances and cut-offs
- •Meter
- •Fermata
- Tempo changes

Demonstrate improvisation skills

Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

CRP.K-12.CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.

CRP.K-12.CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

CRP.K-12.CRP6 Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

CRP.K-12.CRP10 Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.

CRP.K-12.CRP12 Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.

Technology and Design Integration

There is no technology integration in performance band.

Interdisciplinary Connections

Music connects to all disciplines.

Differentiation

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.
- Definitions of Differentiation Components:
 - o Content the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
 - o Process how the student will acquire the content information.
 - o Product how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
 - Learning Environment the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

Differentiation occurring in this unit:

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Students	gk1llg	drive	instruc	tı∩nal	level	C

Modifications & Accommodations

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Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMOCATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:

As needed

Benchmark Assessments

Benchmark Assessments are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year

Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:

. Summative assessment can be used to great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.

Summative assessments for this unit:

Performance Growth

Formative Assessments

Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and can be approached in a variety of ways. **Formative assessment** refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student achievement of learning objectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and Franklin, 2010, p. 151).

Formative Assessments used in this unit:

- **A.** Students will develop an understanding of the instruments of the band through answering questions about their experiences. Students will communicate verbal responses to questions.
- **B.** Students will recognize rewards of achievement through regular practice.
- •Say note names, play scale on instrument.
- •Continue performing regular exercises that include all mentioned skills.
- •Identify terms and symbols.
- •Continue performing regular exercises.

Summative Assessments

Summative assessments evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.

Summative assessments for this unit:

Performance

Instructional Materials

Instrument Method Book (Intermediate Volume)

Band Music for Spring Concert

Concert Scale Sheets

Metronome

Standards

MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Pr5	Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products.
MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Pr6	Conveying meaning through art.
MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Cn11	Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural, and historical contexts to deepen understanding.
MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Cr2a	Select and develop draft melodies and rhythmic passages that demonstrate understanding of characteristic(s) of music or text(s) studied in rehearsal.
MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Pr4a	Select varied repertoire to study based on music reading skills (where appropriate), an understanding of formal design in the music, context, and the technical skill of the individual and ensemble.
MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Pr4b	Demonstrate, using music reading skills (where appropriate), how the setting and formal characteristics of musical works contribute to understanding the context of the music in prepared or improvised performances.

MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Pr4c	Demonstrate understanding and application of expressive qualities in a varied repertoire of music through prepared and improvised performances.
MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Pr5a	Develop strategies to address technical challenges in a varied repertoire of music and evaluate their success using feedback from ensemble peers and other sources to refine performances.
MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Pr6a	Demonstrate attention to technical accuracy and expressive qualities in prepared and improvised performances of a varied repertoire of music representing diverse cultures and styles.
MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Pr6b	Demonstrate an understanding of the context of the music through prepared and improvised performances.
MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Re7b	Describe how understanding context and the way the elements of music are manipulated inform the response to music.
MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Re8a	Identify and support interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of musical works, citing as evidence the treatment of the elements of music, contexts and the setting of the text (when appropriate).
MU.K-12.1.3C.12int.Cn11a	Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life.