Sept. Gr. 2 Cultural Exploration Sept. Oct. Nov. Copied from: Grade 2, Copied on: 08/09/22

Content Area: Spanish

Course(s):

Time Period: September
Length: 10-12 Weeks
Status: Published

Unit Overview

Introduction to Spanish. This Spanish program incorporates basic vocabulary and cultural aspects of the language through the use of videos, music, activities and games.

Enduring Understandings

Spanish is another language that people use to communicate.

Essential Questions

What is Spanish?

How can we speak words in Spanish?

Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

Review Maestro/Maestra.

Hola means hello. Spanish is spoken in 20 countries.

Greetings

Review song Buenas dias ti.

Discuss names.

Como te llamas and como se llama?

| Different endings to Buenas and Buenos. |
|----------------------------------------------------------|
| How children greet each other in Spanish |
| People in USA may speak more than one language. |
| Match pictures to Maestro and Maestra. Respond to "Toca" |
| El Salon de clase. |
| Count from 1-5 |
| Review Tu and usted |
| Respond to "Traeme". |
| Numbers 1-10 |
| Song: Unos, dos Tres ninitos. |
| Match Spanish names with numbers. |
| Review Tu and usted |
| endings ito and ita. |
| New vocab with object (match) |
| Anda and Salta commands |
| declining 10-1 |
| Show ability to count |
| Review prior learning |
| Associate new objects with new vocabulary |
| Associate new vocabulary with feelings and objects |
| |
| |
| |
| |

Technology and Design Integration

Smartboard

Individuals use computing devices to perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly. Computing devices interpret and follow the instructions they are given literally.

Interdisciplinary Connections

There is a direct correlation to English/ Language Arts when learning Spanish.

Differentiation

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.

• Definitions of Differentiation Components:

- o Content the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
- o Process how the student will acquire the content information.
- o Product how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
- Learning Environment the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

Differentiation occurring in this unit:

Students will be monitored for the need for additional challenges, or support during the program lessons.

Modifications & Accommodations

Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMOCATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:

504 and IEP accommodations will be utilized.

Benchmark Assessments

Benchmark Assessments are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year

Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year

DRA

Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:

Teachers will keep track of growth over time across the grades.

Formative Assessments

Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and can be approached in a variety of ways. **Formative assessment** refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student achievement of learning objectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and Franklin, 2010, p. 151).

Formative Assessments used in this unit:

Teacher Observation

Discussion

Summative Assessments

summative assessments evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.

Summative assessments for this unit:

Teacher Observation

Discussion

Worksheets

Instructional Materials

All lessons:

Music CD's and videos

Manipulatives and flashcards

Vocabulary words posted in classrooms

Standards

| WL.NL.7.1.NL.IPERS | Interpersonal Mode of Communication |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.IPERS.1 | Respond to a few simple questions on very familiar topics using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced. |
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.IPERS.2 | With the help of gestures and/or visuals, share with others basic needs on very familiar topics using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced. |
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.IPERS.3 | Tell others a few basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized words and phrases, often supported by gestures or visuals. |
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.IPERS.4 | React to a few procedural instructions, directions, and commands in classroom situations. |
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.IPERS.5 | Enact a few culturally authentic gestures when greeting others and during leave takings. |
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.IPERS.6 | Share with others the names of a few memorized and practiced words and phrases related to climate change in the target culture(s) and in students' own cultures. |
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.IPRET.1 | Identify a few memorized and practiced words contained in oral, viewed, and written chunks of language in culturally authentic materials when supported by visual cues such as pictures and gestures and text support such as bolded words, bulleted lists, and/or captions. |

| WL.NL.7.1.NL.IPRET.2 | Respond with physical actions and/or gestures to simple oral directions, commands, and requests. |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.IPRET.3 | Recognize a few common gestures associated with the target culture(s). |
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.IPRET.4 | Recognize a few memorized words related to weather and climate in the target culture(s) and in students' own cultures in highly contextualized oral texts. |
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.PRSNT.1 | Present very familiar personal information using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced, often using gestures and visuals to support communication. |
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.PRSNT.2 | Express a few basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized words and phrases that are supported by gestures or visuals. |
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.PRSNT.3 | Imitate a few culturally authentic gestures when greeting others and during leave takings. |
| WL.NL.7.1.NL.PRSNT.4 | State the names of a few memorized and practiced words and phrases related to climate change in the target culture(s) and in students' own cultures. |
| | Novice Low learners express basic information about themselves using memorized words |

Novice Low learners express basic information about themselves using memorized words and phrases, with the help of gestures or visuals.