Jan. Grade 8 Literary Analysis through Music

Content Area: Gifted and Talented

Course(s):

Time Period: January
Length: 6-8 Weeks
Status: Published

Unit Overview

This unit will ask students to listen to music, read lyrics and watch music videos for the purpose of literary analysis.

Enduring Understandings

Literary analysis is a process by which we construct meaning about the information being communicated.

Essential Questions

How do you analyze in order to construct meaning (through words, images and sounds)?

What is theme?

What is figurative language and how do you recognize it?

What is the message portrayed in individual songs?

What is a social conscious and in what ways does music have a social conscious?

Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

- 1. Refresher of figurative language. Give each student a flip book of fig. lang. Go through each one and give more examples from example sheet and as a class.
- 2. Fig. lang. in Song lyrics- watch youtube video that gives examples of various fig. lang. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-S-uxMeNnt4
- 3. Listen to Katy Perry's Firework video and annotate the lyrics for all the fig. lang. they can find. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6BtI43kqkOI
- Choose one song (with partner or alone) and annotate the lyrics. Finish for homework.
- 1. Share songs they chose and give a few examples of fig. lang. they discovered.

Theme in songs- discuss theme and universal truths. Look at examples. Watch Glee LEAN ON ME video https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sf9_lkf7BtA and complete handout about the theme. Watch John Mayer

WAITING ON THE WORLD TO CHANGE video https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oBIxScJ5rlY and complete hand out for theme. Choose a song of their choice and analyze the same way. Finish for homework

1. Share songs they chose from homework.

Theme of "greatness"- Use HALL OF FAME video http://www.vevo.com/watch/the-script/hall-of-fame/GB1101200733. Analyze the lyrics, as well as the video itself for how greatness is portrayed and how everyday people can be heroes. Writing assignment: write journal entry as one of the people in the video.

- 1. Watch DEMONS https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mWRsgZuwf_8&feature=kp by Imagine Dragons. What demons to we all run from- what issues or stories do we hide? Analyze lyrics and video for examples of demons. Explore one of the characters from the video and infer more about their life than what is revealed in the video. Use that person as a character in a short story, poem, diary entry, news article...
- 2. Watch Stereo Hearts https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T3E9Wjbq44E by Gym Class Heroes ft. Adam Levine. Compare lyrics to A Red, Red Rose poem by Robert Burns. Answer questions comparing the two.
- 3. Listen to "I bet my life:" by Imagine Dragons. Pass out lyrics. Analyze lyrics with questioning sheet. Discuss as a class. Pair up or groups of three and work out the overall concept for the music video. They will watch the real video at the end. What do they think it should look like? They need to complete- as a group- the overall concept sheet, the plot mountain sheet and the characters/setting. Then watch real video at end. This may take a few periods.
- 4. FINAL PROJECT 1... Song for social conscious- students listen to song BRAVE https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dyAfjUHIFSM. What is the message? Label lyrics for VOICE and SILENCE. VOICE is having a say or opinion. SILENCE is preventing a person or group from speaking out. Read Malala's address to UN. Label her speech for VOICE and SILENCE. Answer essay question comparing Malala to song BRAVE. Students then pick their own song with a social message. Identify words/phrases to develop the message. Use three sources to research the social message and write an argument for or against the message in song. Present in class.
- 5. FINAL PROJECT 2- Write your own song, pick a poem and create the music accompaniment, take an existing song and map out the music video... Choice for final creative project. Students must evaluate the theme and figurative language used, as well as the message. The creative expression part is left up to them.

Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

WRK.9.2.8.CAP	Career Awareness and Planning
WRK.9.2.8.CAP.2	Develop a plan that includes information about career areas of interest.
WRK.9.2.8.CAP.5	Develop a personal plan with the assistance of an adult mentor that includes information about career areas of interest, goals and an educational plan.
TECH.9.4.8.CI	Creativity and Innovation
TECH.9.4.8.Cl.3	Examine challenges that may exist in the adoption of new ideas (e.g., 2.1.8.SSH, 6.1.8.CivicsPD.2).
TECH.9.4.8.CI.4	Explore the role of creativity and innovation in career pathways and industries.
TECH.9.4.8.CT	Critical Thinking and Problem-solving
TECH.9.4.8.CT.3	Compare past problem-solving solutions to local, national, or global issues and analyze the

factors that led to a positive or negative outcome.

TECH.9.4.8.DC Digital Citizenship

TECH.9.4.8.DC.1 Analyze the resource citations in online materials for proper use.

TECH.9.4.8.DC.2 Provide appropriate citation and attribution elements when creating media products (e.g.,

W.6.8).

TECH.9.4.8.GCA Global and Cultural Awareness

TECH.9.4.8.GCA.1 Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect (e.g., 1.5.8.C1a).

TECH.9.4.8.GCA.2 Demonstrate openness to diverse ideas and perspectives through active discussions to

achieve a group goal.

TECH.9.4.8.IML Information and Media Literacy

TECH.9.4.8.IML.1 Critically curate multiple resources to assess the credibility of sources when searching for

information.

TECH.9.4.8.IML.2 Identify specific examples of distortion, exaggeration, or misrepresentation of

information.

TECH.9.4.8.IML.7 Use information from a variety of sources, contexts, disciplines, and cultures for a specific

purpose (e.g., 1.2.8.C2a, 1.4.8.CR2a, 2.1.8.CHSS/IV.8.AI.1, W.5.8, 6.1.8.GeoSV.3.a,

6.1.8.CivicsDP.4.b, 7.1.NH. IPRET.8).

Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including

global perspectives, fosters creativity and innovative thinking.

An essential aspect of problem solving is being able to self-reflect on why possible

solutions for solving problems were or were not successful.

An individual's strengths, lifestyle goals, choices, and interests affect employment and

income.

Awareness of and appreciation for cultural differences is critical to avoid barriers to

productive and positive interaction.

Multiple solutions often exist to solve a problem.

Technology and Design Integration

CS.6-8.8.1.8.CS.4 Systematically apply troubleshooting strategies to identify and resolve hardware and

software problems in computing systems.

Interdisciplinary Connections

Music

Social studies/history topics discussed in music

Visual literacy

Technology (final project)

MU.6-8.1.3A.8.Re7c Identify and compare the context of programs of music from a variety of genres, cultures

and historical periods.

VA.6-8.1.5.8.Cr3a Use criteria to examine, reflect on and plan revisions for a work of art, and create an

artistic statement.

Interpretation and appreciation of an artwork and its media require consideration of form, context, and personal experience. Analysis of media artworks provides clues to their expressive intent.

Differentiation

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.
- Definitions of Differentiation Components:
 - o Content the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
 - o Process how the student will acquire the content information.
 - o Product how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
 - Learning Environment the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

Differentiation occurring in this unit:

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Modifications & Accommodations

Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMOCATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline. **Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:**

Provide list of universal themes for those who need prompts

Ear buds for listening to music

Benchmark Assessments

Benchmark Assessments are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of

academic standards and goals.
Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:
Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year
Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year
Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:

Teacher observation and data to track growth over time and grade levels.

Formative Assessments

Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and can be approached in a variety of ways. **Formative assessment** refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student achievement of learning objectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and Franklin, 2010, p. 151).

Formative Assessments used in this unit:

Weekly class work where students are asked to analyze one or more elements of a song or music video.

Summative Assessments

Summative assessments evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.

Summative assessments for this unit:

Two final projects described above scored with rubric.

Instructional Materials

Surface tablets

Paper and pencil

Video links provided through Google Classroom for students to view

Song lyrics provided either digitally or on paper

Excerpt of Malala speech to the UN

Figurative language booklets- assembled

Universal themes handout

Standards

LA.L.8.5.A	Interpret figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.
LA.W.8.1.B	Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
LA.W.8.1.E	Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
LA.W.8.2.B	Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
LA.W.8.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
LA.RI.8.1	Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
LA.RI.8.3	Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
LA.RI.8.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.
LA.RI.8.7	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
LA.RL.8.1	Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
LA.RL.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
LA.RL.8.5	Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.
LA.SL.8.1.D	Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.
LA.SL.8.2	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind

its presentation.

LA.SL.8.5

Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.