

Amis. Sept. Oct. Library Gr. 2

Content Area: **Library**
Course(s):
Time Period: **September**
Length: **6-8 Weeks**
Status: **Published**

Unit Overview

Students will learn how to use the library, basic book care and how to find a book.

Students will learn about different parts of a book, different genre.

During the week of respect, students will discuss how to make friends and not be a bully.

Review of fiction vs nonfiction

Introduction to Destiny Online circulation system

Start of a 5 week chapter book

Enduring Understandings

There are all kinds of books that are exciting to read.

Books require special care.

There are many ways to choose a special book to enjoy.

Essential Questions

How do we take care of books?

How can we be respectful of books and other people?

Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

Intro to the library
Basic library rules
Review of names

activity - interactive worksheet of library rules part 1

review of drills

minions video

book - Miss Brooks loves books....

pick books

picking a just right book

activity - book musical chairs

Week of respect

video book - Mr Peabody's Apples

activity - question response sheet

fiction and nonfiction

activity - differentiate and sort through book fair flyers

book - Bob, not Bob!

Intro to Destiny

chapter book - Tales of a 4th grade Nothing

read and discuss

Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

WRK.9.1.2.CAP

Career Awareness and Planning

WRK.9.1.2.CAP.1

Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.

TECH.9.4.2.CI.1

Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).

TECH.9.4.2.CI.2

Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g., 1.3A.2CR1a).

Different types of jobs require different knowledge and skills.

Technology and Design Integration

Students will interact with the Smartboard during the lessons.

CS.K-2.8.1.2.CS.1

Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.

Interdisciplinary Connections

Students will discuss bullying and making friends during the week of respect.

SOC.6.1.2.CivicsPR.2

Cite evidence that explains why rules and laws are necessary at home, in schools, and in communities.

Processes and rules should be fair, consistent, and respectful of the human rights of all people.

SOC.6.1.2.CivicsCM.3

Explain how diversity, tolerance, fairness, and respect for others can contribute to individuals feeling accepted.

Differentiation

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.
- **Definitions of Differentiation Components:**
 - Content – the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
 - Process – how the student will acquire the content information.
 - Product – how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
 - Learning Environment – the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

Differentiation occurring in this unit:

Students will be encouraged to choose books that are based on their interests and skill levels.

Modifications & Accommodations

Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMODATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:

:

IEP and 504 plans will be utilized.

Benchmark Assessments

Benchmark Assessments are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year

Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year

Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:

Teacher record of book choices

Formative Assessments

Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and can be approached in a variety of ways. **Formative assessment** refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student achievement of learning objectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and Franklin, 2010, p. 151).

Formative Assessments used in this unit:

Discussion

Teacher observation

Checklists

Summative Assessments

Summative assessments evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.

Summative assessments for this unit:

Teacher made tests

Instructional Materials

See books listed above.

Library selections

Standards

LA.RL.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
LA.RL.2.3	Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges using key details.
LA.RL.2.4	Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats, alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song.
LA.RL.2.5	Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action identifying how each successive part builds on earlier sections.
LA.RL.2.6	Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters, including by speaking in a different voice for each character when reading dialogue aloud.