April P.E. K Tumbling/Dance Unit

Content Area: **P.E.** Course(s):

Time Period: April

Length: **3-4 Weeks** Status: **Published**

Unit Overview

Students will be able to combine locomotor and nonlocomotor skills into movement patterns. Students will demonstrate body management and use skills in successful participation in individual and group activities.

Enduring Understandings

Striving to reach goals, persevering, and maintaining motivation builds increased resiliency and positive self-identity.

Participating in a variety of physical activities supports health and physical activity goals.

Essential Questions

What rules need to be followed for safe participation in tumbling activities?

Can you identify the levels and directions that you see in dancing?

Why is learning different ways to move important for participation in physical education?

Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

Introduction to safety guidelines and equipment

Body roll, balancing, and basic tumbling skills

Vaulting

Balance beam

Line Dancing

Folk Dancing

Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

WRK.9.1.2.CAP	Career Awareness and Planning
WRK.9.1.2.CAP.1	Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.
TECH.9.4.2.CI.1	Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).
TECH.9.4.2.CI.2	Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g., 1.3A.2CR1a).
TECH.9.4.2.CT.3	Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive).
	Different types of jobs require different knowledge and skills.

Technology and Design Integration

Projector/Screen

Computer

Equipment to play music

Interdisciplinary Connections

MA.K.CC.A.1	Count to 100 by ones and by tens.
MA.K.CC.A.2	Count forward beginning from a given number within the known sequence (instead of having to begin at 1).
MA.K.G.A.1	Describe objects in the environment using names of shapes, and describe the relative positions of these objects using terms such as above, below, beside, in front of, behind, and next to.
MA.K.G.A.2	Correctly name shapes regardless of their orientations or overall size.
LA.SL.K.1.B	Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.
LA.SL.K.3	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.
LA.SL.K.6	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.
SOC.6.1.4.A.1	Explain how rules and laws created by community, state, and national governments

Rules and laws are developed to protect people's rights and the security and welfare of society.

Differentiation

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.

• Definitions of Differentiation Components:

- Content the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
- o Process how the student will acquire the content information.
- o Product how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
- Learning Environment the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

Differentiation occurring in this unit:

Differentiation will be made according to individual IEP's and 504's.

Modifications & Accommodations

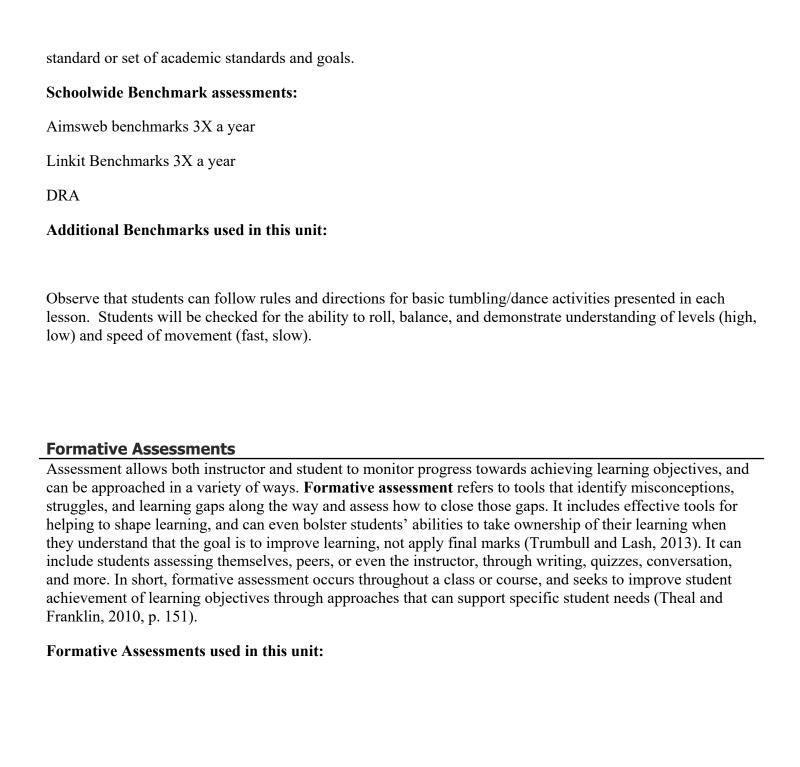
Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMOCATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:

IEP and 504 accommodations will be utilized.

Benchmark Assessments

Benchmark Assessments are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a



Observation of students ability to follow a series of movements in tumbling and/or dance. Students will also be observed in their ability to take turns (if necessary) and remember movement patterns with minimal reminders.

Summative Assessments

summative assessments evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to

great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.		
Summative assessments for this unit:		
Observation of students ability to follow or create a series of movement patterns and remember a given movement pattern without reminders.		

Instructional Materials
Lines on gym floor
Cones
Hoops
Mats
Trap Mats
Wedge mats
Springboard
Balance beam
Scarves
Ribbons
Lummi sticks
Smartboard / internet
Music

Standards

DA.K-2.1.1.2.Cr	Creating
DA.K-2.1.1.2.Cr1	Generating and conceptualizing ideas.
DA.K-2.1.1.2.Cr1a	Demonstrate movement in response to a variety of sensory stimuli (e.g., music, imagery, objects) and suggest additional sources for movement ideas.
DA.K-2.1.1.2.Cr1b	Combine movements using the elements of dance to solve a movement problem.
DA.K-2.1.1.2.Pr	Performing
DA.K-2.1.1.2.Pr4	Selecting, analyzing, and interpreting work.
	Express
DA.K-2.1.1.2.Pr4a	Perform planned and improvised movement sequences, with variations in direction (e.g., forward/backward, up/down, big/small, sideways, right/left, diagonal), spatial level (e.g., low, middle, high), and spatial pathways (e.g., straight, curved, circular, zigzag), alone and in small groups.
DA.K-2.1.1.2.Pr4b	Perform planned and improvised movement sequences, with variations in tempo, meter, and rhythm, alone and in small groups.
DA.K-2.1.1.2.Pr4c	Demonstrate contrasting dynamics and energy with accuracy (e.g., loose/tight, light/heavy, sharp/smooth).
HE.K-2.2.1.2.EH.3	Demonstrate self-control in a variety of settings (e.g., classrooms, playgrounds, special programs).
HE.K-2.2.1.2.EH.4	Demonstrate strategies for managing one's own emotions, thoughts and behaviors.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.EH.5	Explain healthy ways of coping with stressful situations.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.LF.1	Express one's feeling and emotions when involved in movement and physical activities to increase positive behaviors.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.LF.2	Perform movement skills that involve controlling and adapting posture and balance, to successfully negotiate different environments (e.g., mats, turf fields, grass fields, hard surfaces, gym floors, sand, water, snow) during physical activity.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.LF.3	Explore the body's range of motion through participating in flexibility and breathing exercises (e.g., stretching, mindfulness, yoga).
HE.K-2.2.2.LF.4	Identify physical activities available outside of school that are in the community.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.PF.1	Explain the benefits of regular physical activity and what it means to be physically fit in relation to personal health. (e.g., healthy heart, strong bones, increased energy, strong muscles).
HE.K-2.2.2.2.PF.2	Explore how to move different body parts in a controlled manner.
HE.K-2.2.2.2.PF.3	Engage in moderate to vigorous age-appropriate physical movement and physical activities that promote movement (e.g., games, challenges, team building).
HE.K-2.2.2.2.MSC.1	Perform a combination of sequences of locomotor movements and rhythmic activities (e.g., walking, balancing, hoping, skipping, running).
HE.K-2.2.2.2.MSC.2	Differentiate non-locomotor and locomotor movements as well transferring body weight

	(e.g., stretching, bending, twisting, curling).
HE.K-2.2.2.2.MSC.5	Adjust and correct movements and skill in response to feedback.
HE.K-2.2.2.MSC.6	Execute appropriate behaviors and etiquette while participating in activities, games, sports, and other events to contribute to a safe environment.
HE.K-2.2.2.MSC.7	Demonstrate kindness towards self and others during physical activity to create a safe and caring environment.
	Individuals enjoy different activities and grow at different rates.