

# Sept. Ch. 25 Geography and the Settlement of Ancient Greece

Content Area: **Social Studies**  
Course(s):  
Time Period: **September**  
Length: **1 week**  
Status: **Published**

## Unit Overview

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This unit is a study of Geography and the settlement of ancient Greece.

## Enduring Understandings

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Geography of Ancient Greece influenced the settlement of the area.

## Essential Questions

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How did geography influence settlement and way of life in Ancient Greece?

## Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

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Date:	Day 1/2	Day 3/4	Day 5	Day 6
	<p><b>Aim:</b> To understand the location and geographic features of Ancient Greece</p> <p><b>Procedure:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Distribute syllabus and discuss classroom guidelines.</li><li>2. Use Google Drive to organize 10 Question Report materials.</li><li>3. Distribute 10QR</li></ol>	<p><b>Aim:</b> Examine the physical geography of the Greek peninsula.</p> <p><b>Procedure:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Review Critical Thinking Questions</li><li>2. Discuss the essential question.</li><li>3. Complete Preview Activity. using TCI</li></ol>	<p><b>Aim:</b> Analyze thematic maps of Ancient Greece; discuss connections between geography and city-states</p> <p><b>Procedure:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Collect signed syllabus. Greece Map Review.</li><li>2. In pairs, complete Visual Discovery Activity. Project Visual 25B.</li></ol>	<p><b>Aim:</b> Review geogr Ancient Greece</p> <p><b>Procedure:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Review HW and Visual Discovery A</li><li>2. Complete Proces Activity. Pair/Share</li></ol>

<p>Checklist and discuss.</p> <p>4. Look at calendar for remainder of year. Students use agenda to schedule the rest of their report. Write dates in Google Drive 10QR Tracking Sheet. Use rest of class to begin steps 1-3.</p> <p>5. Orally read Setting the Stage p. 268-269. Discuss maps.</p> <p>6. Complete Reading Challenge as pretest</p> <p>7. Distribute Unit 5 Geography Challenge.</p> <p>8. Review directions with students. Place check over completed items.</p> <p>9. Complete Geography Skills as guided practice.</p> <p>10. Begin Critical Thinking questions</p> <p><b>Assessment:</b> geography challenge</p> <p><b>Homework:</b></p> <p>Day 1: Syllabus signed by Day 3 Critical Thinking Questions;</p>	<p>presentation. Discuss</p> <p>4. Complete outline map of modern day Greece and surrounding countries in pairs using textbook maps.</p> <p><b>Assessment:</b></p> <p>critical thinking questions; preview activity; visual discovery</p> <p><b>Homework:</b></p> <p>SS Info Sheet Signed</p> <p>Lesson Game</p> <p>Preassessment</p>	<p>Discuss.</p> <p>2. Read 25.2 &amp; 25.3 and complete in online notebook.</p> <p>3. Project Visual 25C and discuss.</p> <p>4. Pairs read and complete 25.4 &amp; 25.5 in online notebook.</p> <p><b>Assessment:</b></p> <p>visual discovery; C25notebook</p> <p><b>Homework:</b></p> <p>finish 25.4 &amp; 25.5 in online notebook</p>	<p>collect.</p> <p>3. Complete Crack Code Review.</p> <p><b>Assessment:</b></p> <p>C25 notebook; Pro Activity</p> <p><b>Homework:</b></p> <p>Study for quiz</p> <p>Greece Map quiz in</p>
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## Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

WRK.9.2.8.CAP	Career Awareness and Planning
WRK.9.2.8.CAP.1	Identify offerings such as high school and county career and technical school courses, apprenticeships, military programs, and dual enrollment courses that support career or occupational areas of interest.
WRK.9.2.8.CAP.2	Develop a plan that includes information about career areas of interest.
TECH.9.4.8.CI	Creativity and Innovation

TECH.9.4.8.CI.1	Assess data gathered on varying perspectives on causes of climate change (e.g., cross-cultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple potential solutions (e.g., RI.7.9, 6.SP.B.5, 7.1.NH.IPERS.6, 8.2.8.ETW.4).
TECH.9.4.8.CT	Critical Thinking and Problem-solving
TECH.9.4.8.CT.3	Compare past problem-solving solutions to local, national, or global issues and analyze the factors that led to a positive or negative outcome.
TECH.9.4.8.DC	Digital Citizenship
TECH.9.4.8.DC.1	Analyze the resource citations in online materials for proper use.
TECH.9.4.8.DC.2	Provide appropriate citation and attribution elements when creating media products (e.g., W.6.8).
TECH.9.4.8.TL	Technology Literacy
TECH.9.4.8.GCA	Global and Cultural Awareness
TECH.9.4.8.GCA.1	Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect (e.g., 1.5.8.C1a).
TECH.9.4.8.GCA.2	Demonstrate openness to diverse ideas and perspectives through active discussions to achieve a group goal.
TECH.9.4.8.IML	Information and Media Literacy
TECH.9.4.8.IML.1	Critically curate multiple resources to assess the credibility of sources when searching for information.
TECH.9.4.8.IML.7	<p>Use information from a variety of sources, contexts, disciplines, and cultures for a specific purpose (e.g., 1.2.8.C2a, 1.4.8.CR2a, 2.1.8.CHSS/IV.8.AI.1, W.5.8, 6.1.8.GeoSV.3.a, 6.1.8.CivicsDP.4.b, 7.1.NH. IPRET.8).</p> <p>Some digital tools are appropriate for gathering, organizing, analyzing, and presenting information, while other types of digital tools are appropriate for creating text, visualizations, models, and communicating with others.</p> <p>An individual’s strengths, lifestyle goals, choices, and interests affect employment and income.</p> <p>Awareness of and appreciation for cultural differences is critical to avoid barriers to productive and positive interaction.</p> <p>Detailed examples exist to illustrate crediting others when incorporating their digital artifacts in one’s own work.</p> <p>Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, fosters creativity and innovative thinking.</p> <p>Increases in the quantity of information available through electronic means have heightened the need to check sources for possible distortion, exaggeration, or misrepresentation.</p> <p>Sources of information are evaluated for accuracy and relevance when considering the use of information.</p>

## **Technology and Design Integration**

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Students will create reports using Google Drive.

## **Interdisciplinary Connections**

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LA.RH.6-8.1	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.
LA.RH.6-8.2	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
LA.RH.6-8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.
LA.RH.6-8.10	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
LA.WHST.6-8.2	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.
LA.WHST.6-8.2.B	Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
LA.WHST.6-8.2.D	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
LA.WHST.6-8.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
LA.WHST.6-8.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.
LA.WHST.6-8.7	Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.

## Differentiation

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- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.
- **Definitions of Differentiation Components:**
  - Content – the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
  - Process – how the student will acquire the content information.
  - Product – how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
  - Learning Environment – the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

### Differentiation occurring in this unit:

#### Learners Reading and Writing Below Grade Level

- **Read One Section at a Time** Break up the reading during the Visual Discovery activity so that students read only one section at a time.
- To break up the reading for *Physical Geography of Greece*:
- Ask all but the last bulleted question in Step 2. Have students read Section 2 and complete the corresponding Reading Notes.
- Ask the last bulleted question in Step 2. Have students read Section 3 and complete the corresponding Reading Notes.
- To break up the reading for *Ancient Greek Colonies and Trade Routes*: Ask all but the last two bulleted

- questions in Step 5. Have students read Section 4 and complete the corresponding Reading Notes.
- Ask the last two bulleted questions in Step 5. Have students read Section 5 and complete the corresponding Reading Notes.
  - **Scaffold the Reading Notes** Use the Guide to Reading Notes to scaffold the Reading Notes so that students take steps toward working more independently.
  - For Section 2, omit key words that students can fill in.
  - For Sections 3 and 4, provide prompts that students can complete.
  - For Section 5, have students complete as written.

#### Learners with Special Education Needs

- **Divide the Preview Question** Divide the Preview question in the Interactive Student Notebook into two separate questions: *How do you think the physical geography of Greece influenced where people settled?* and *How do you think the physical geography of Greece influenced how people lived?* Students should write a brief response to each question.
- **Offer a Choice for the Processing Activity** Have students complete two of the four storyboard pages for the Processing activity. Allow students the choice of doing Pages 1 and 2 or Pages 3 and 4. Alternatively, consider pairing students to work together to complete all four pages of the storyboard.

#### Advanced Learners

- **Add Questions to the Debrief** Add the following questions to Step 8 in the Visual Discovery activity:

## Modifications & Accommodations

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Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMODATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

### **Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:**

IEP and 504 Accommodations will be utilized.

## Benchmark Assessments

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**Benchmark Assessments** are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

### **Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:**

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year

Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year

### **Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:**

sentence construction

paragraph writing

DBQ

## **Formative Assessments**

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Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and can be approached in a variety of ways. **Formative assessment** refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student achievement of learning objectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and Franklin, 2010, p. 151).

**Formative Assessments used in this unit:**

See assessments listed above.

## **Summative Assessments**

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**Summative assessments** evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.

**Summative assessments for this unit:**

See assessments listed above.

## **Standards**

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LA.RH.6-8.2	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
LA.RH.6-8.3	Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest rates are raised or lowered).
LA.RH.6-8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.
LA.RH.6-8.5	Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).
LA.RH.6-8.6	Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).
LA.RH.6-8.7	Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.
LA.RH.6-8.8	Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text.
LA.RH.6-8.9	Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.
LA.RH.6-8.10	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
	The physical and human characteristics of places and regions are connected to human identities and cultures.
	Relationships between humans and environments impact spatial patterns of settlement and movement.
SOC.6.2.8.GeoPP.3.a	Use geographic models to describe how the availability of natural resources influenced the development of the political, economic, and cultural systems of each of the classical civilizations and provided motivation for expansion.
SOC.6.2.8.GeoPP.3.b	Explain how geography and the availability of natural resources led to both the development of classical civilizations and to their decline.
SOC.6.2.8.GeoHE.4.a	Explain how geography influenced the development of the political, economic, and cultural centers of each empire as well as the empires' relationships with other parts of the world.

## **Instructional Materials**

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History Alive! textbook series

See materials listed in lesson plans above.