Nov. Grade 5 Unit 2 Emotions, Conflict, Bullying, and Social Health

Content Area: **Health**
Course(s):
Time Period: **November**
Length: **4-5 Weeks**
Status: **Published**

Unit Overview

Mental, emotional and social wellbeing is a foundation for building good health which includes a sense of security, identity, belonging, purpose and competence in order to strive toward a healthy and productive life.

Enduring Understandings

Properly managing stress and expressing emotions can benefit overall health.

All people, regardless of race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, age, religion and beliefs have a right to be treated fairly and with acceptance.

Essential Questions

How does my emotional health influence my interaction with others?

What factors in my life affect my mental and emotional health?

How can I show my respect for all people who may be different than me, and accept all kinds of people so that they do not struggle with their mental health stessors because of my actions?

Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

Teacher presentation with PowerPoint

Worksheet readings & Activities

Whole class discussion

Small group discussion

Note taking

Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

WRK.9.2.5.CAP.1	Evaluate personal likes and dislikes and identify careers that might be suited to personal likes.
WRK.9.2.5.CAP.2	Identify how you might like to earn an income.
WRK.9.2.5.CAP.3	Identify qualifications needed to pursue traditional and non-traditional careers and occupations.
WRK.9.2.5.CAP.4	Explain the reasons why some jobs and careers require specific training, skills, and certification (e.g., life guards, child care, medicine, education) and examples of these requirements.
TECH.9.4.5.CI.3	Participate in a brainstorming session with individuals with diverse perspectives to expand one's thinking about a topic of curiosity (e.g., 8.2.5.ED.2, 1.5.5.CR1a).
TECH.9.4.5.CT	Critical Thinking and Problem-solving
TECH.9.4.5.CT.4	Apply critical thinking and problem-solving strategies to different types of problems such as personal, academic, community and global (e.g., 6.1.5.CivicsCM.3).
TECH.9.4.5.DC.4	Model safe, legal, and ethical behavior when using online or offline technology (e.g., 8.1.5.NI.2).
TECH.9.4.5.DC.5	Identify the characteristics of a positive and negative online identity and the lasting implications of online activity.
TECH.9.4.5.DC.6	Compare and contrast how digital tools have changed social interactions (e.g., 8.1.5.IC.1).
TECH.9.4.5.DC.7	Explain how posting and commenting in social spaces can have positive or negative consequences.
	Collaboration with individuals with diverse perspectives can result in new ways of thinking and/or innovative solutions.
	Digital identities must be managed in order to create a positive digital footprint.
	The ability to solve problems effectively begins with gathering data, seeking resources, and applying critical thinking skills.
	Curiosity and a willingness to try new ideas (intellectual risk-taking) contributes to the development of creativity and innovation skills.
	Digital tools have positively and negatively changed the way people interact socially.

Technology and Design Integration

Students will interact with the unit using the Smartboard.

CS.3-5.8.1.5.IC.1	Identify computing technologies that have impacted how individuals live and work and describe the factors that influenced the changes.
	The development and modification of computing technology is driven by individual's needs and wants and can affect individuals differently.

Interdisciplinary Connections

CCSS.ELA-Literacy.L.5.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.L.5.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.L.5.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.5.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RF.5.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.5.4	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.5.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

Differentiation

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.

- **Definitions of Differentiation Components**:

  o Content – the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
  o Process – how the student will acquire the content information.
  o Product – how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
  o Learning Environment – the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

  Differentiation occurring in this unit:

Check for understanding before moving on

Provide extra reinforcement and review

Encourage class participation

Use positive reinforcement and reassurance

Student will brainstorm ways that the curriculum is connected to the real world

Connect the curriculum to field of knowledge

Modifications & Accommodations

Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMOCATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:

Follow IEP's

Utilize 504's

Benchmark Assessments

Benchmark Assessments are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year

Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year

DRA

Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:

Teacher designed assessments to measure growth over time.

Formative Assessments

Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and can be approached in a variety of ways. **Formative assessment** refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student

achievement of learning objectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and Franklin, 2010, p. 151).

Formative Assessments used in this unit:

Teacher will listen for appropriate input during open discussion

Question and answer

Check worksheet and classwork completion

Check homework

Summative Assessments

Graded Test

Instructional Materials

The Great Body Shop Teacher Binder – 5th Grade Edition (modified)

Standards

HE.3-5.2.1.5.EH.1	Discuss the impact of one's feelings and thoughts that lead to healthy and unhealthy behaviors.
HE.3-5.2.1.5.EH.2	Explain how to cope with rejection, loss, difficult learning situations and/or separation from family or others.
HE.3-5.2.1.5.EH.3	Identify different feelings and emotions that people may experience and how they might express these emotions (e.g., anger, fear, happiness, sadness, hopelessness, anxiety).
HE.3-5.2.1.5.EH.4	Identify behaviors that help to deal with difficult situations that can occur at home, in school, and/or in the community and where to go for assistance.
HE.3-5.2.1.5.SSH	Social and Sexual Health
HE.3-5.2.1.5.SSH.1	Describe gender-role stereotypes and their potential impact on self and others.
HE.3-5.2.1.5.SSH.2	Differentiate between sexual orientation and gender identity.
HE.3-5.2.1.5.SSH.3	Demonstrate ways to promote dignity and respect for all people (e.g., sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, race, ethnicity, socio-economic status, differing ability,

immigration status, family configuration).

HE.3-5.2.1.5.SSH.5	Explain the importance of communication with family members, caregivers and other trusted adults about a variety of topics.
HE.3-5.2.1.5.SSH.6	Describe the characteristics of healthy versus unhealthy relationships among friends and with family members.
HE.3-5.2.1.5.SSH.7	Define teasing, harassment and bullying and provide examples of inappropriate behaviors that are harmful to others.
HE.3-5.2.1.5.CHSS.3	Describe strategies that are useful for individuals who are feeling sadness, anger, anxiety, or stress.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.1	Discuss how individuals make their own choices about how to express themselves.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.3	Describe different kinds of families locally, nationally and globally and note similarities in the ways in which they keep their children safe.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.4	Determine the factors that contribute to healthy relationships within a family.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.5	Identify basic social needs of all people.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.6	Determine the factors that contribute to healthy relationships.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.7	Explain healthy ways for friends to express feelings for and to one another.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.8	Demonstrate healthy ways to respond to disagreements or conflicts with others (e.g., leave, talk to trusted adults, tell a sibling or peer).
HE.K-2.2.1.2.SSH.9	Define bullying and teasing and explain why they are wrong and harmful.
	Conflicts between people occur, and there are effective ways to resolve them.
	Families shape the way we think about our bodies, our health and our behaviors.
	Every individual has unique skills and qualities, which can include the activities they enjoy such as how they may dress, their mannerisms, things they like to do.
	All individuals should feel welcome and included regardless of their gender, gender expression, or sexual orientation.