

Dec. Music Grade 6 Unit 3 : Acoustic guitar

Content Area: **Music**
Course(s):
Time Period: **December**
Length: **4-5 Weeks**
Status: **Published**

Unit Overview

Creating ★ Connecting ★ Performing ★ Responding

Students will learn to play an acoustic guitar.

Enduring Understandings

The acoustic guitar is a versatile instrument.

Essential Questions

What must we know how to do to play the guitar?

Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

| Objectives | Suggested Activities | Evaluations | Resources |
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| Students will learn acoustic guitar basic | Perform basic chords such as “easy” C & G and eventually fill out the chords if able | Teacher observation | Supplemental Guitar |
| Students will learn the string names of the guitar and how to properly tune and identify strings and fingers by numbers and letters | Additional chords D7, A7, em, G7 | Playing in quartets Peer evaluation | Handbook Acoustic |
| Students will read basic rhythms and chords using the brush strum method | Create and aurally and visually identify the I, IV and V chord | Performance assessment | |

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| | <p>Accompany themselves on songs using the I, IV and V chords</p> | <p>Oral/Aural assessment</p> <p>Self evaluation</p> | |
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Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

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| WRK.9.2.5.CAP | Career Awareness and Planning |
| WRK.9.2.5.CAP.2 | Identify how you might like to earn an income. |
| WRK.9.2.5.CAP.3 | Identify qualifications needed to pursue traditional and non-traditional careers and occupations. |
| WRK.9.2.5.CAP.5 | Identify various employee benefits, including income, medical, vacation time, and lifestyle benefits provided by different types of jobs and careers. |
| TECH.9.4.5.CI | Creativity and Innovation |
| TECH.9.4.5.CI.3 | Participate in a brainstorming session with individuals with diverse perspectives to expand one's thinking about a topic of curiosity (e.g., 8.2.5.ED.2, 1.5.5.CR1a). |
| TECH.9.4.5.CT.4 | Apply critical thinking and problem-solving strategies to different types of problems such as personal, academic, community and global (e.g., 6.1.5.CivicsCM.3). |
| TECH.9.4.5.DC.4 | Model safe, legal, and ethical behavior when using online or offline technology (e.g., 8.1.5.NI.2). |
| | Collaboration with individuals with diverse perspectives can result in new ways of thinking and/or innovative solutions. |
| | Income and benefits can vary depending on the employer and type of job or career. |
| | Curiosity and a willingness to try new ideas (intellectual risk-taking) contributes to the |

development of creativity and innovation skills.

The ability to solve problems effectively begins with gathering data, seeking resources, and applying critical thinking skills.

Technology and Design Integration

Students will interact with the Smartboard in this unit.

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| TECH.8.1.8 | Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge. |
| TECH.8.1.8.A | Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations. |
| TECH.8.1.8.A.CS1 | Understand and use technology systems. |
| TECH.8.1.8.A.CS2 | Select and use applications effectively and productively. |

Interdisciplinary Connections

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| LA.RI.6.1 | Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. |
| LA.RI.6.4 | Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings. |
| LA.SL.6.1 | Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. |

Differentiation

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.
- **Definitions of Differentiation Components:**
 - Content – the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
 - Process – how the student will acquire the content information.
 - Product – how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
 - Learning Environment – the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

Differentiation occurring in this unit:

Students will be offered support and challenges as determined by teacher evaluation.

Modifications & Accommodations

Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMODATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:

IEP's and 504 plans will be utilized.

Benchmark Assessments

Benchmark Assessments are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year

Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year

Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:

Teacher made pre and post assessments for growth

Formative Assessments

Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and can be approached in a variety of ways. **Formative assessment** refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs

throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student achievement of learning objectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and Franklin, 2010, p. 151).

Formative Assessments used in this unit:

Teacher observation

Playing in quartets

Peer evaluation

Performance assessment

Oral/Aural assessment

Self evaluation

Summative Assessments

Summative assessments evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.

Summative assessments for this unit:

Teacher observation

Playing in quartets

Peer evaluation

Performance assessment

Oral/Aural assessment

Self evaluation

Instructional Materials

Supplemental songs and activity materials from *Playing the Guitar*

Handouts

Acoustic guitars

Standards

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| MU.6-8.1.3A.8.Cr1a | Generate and improvise rhythmic, melodic and harmonic phrases and harmonic accompaniments within basic forms (e.g., AB, ABA, Theme & Variations) and expanded forms (e.g., introductions, transitions, codas) that convey expressive intent. Explain connection to specific purpose and context (e.g., social, cultural, historical). |
| MU.6-8.1.3A.8.Cr2b | Use standard and/or iconic notation and/or recording technology to document personal rhythmic phrases, melodic phrases and harmonic sequences. |
| MU.6-8.1.3A.8.Cr3a | Evaluate, refine and explain their own work by selecting and applying criteria including appropriate application of elements of music, compositional techniques, style and form, and use of sound sources. |
| MU.6-8.1.3A.8.Pr4b | Compare the structure of contrasting pieces of music selected for performance, explaining how the elements of music are used in each. |
| MU.6-8.1.3A.8.Pr4e | Perform contrasting pieces of music, demonstrating as well as explaining how the music's intent is conveyed by their interpretations of the elements of music and expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo, timbre, articulation/style, phrasing). |
| MU.6-8.1.3A.8.Pr6b | Demonstrate performance decorum (e.g., stage presence, attire, behavior) and audience etiquette appropriate for venue, purpose, context, and style. |
| MU.6-8.1.3A.8.Cn10a | Demonstrate how interests, knowledge and skills related to personal choices and intent when creating, performing, and responding to music. |

