# Dec. Gr. 3 Music

Content Area:

Music

Course(s): Time Period: Length:

Status:

December 4-5 Weeks Published

### **Unit Overview**

Creating ★ Connecting ★ Performing ★ Responding

Students will explore written and performed music through the playing of a recorder.

### **Enduring Understandings**

Written musical notation can be translated into music we can hear.

## **Essential Questions**

How do you read music and play it on the recorder?

**Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities** 

| Objectives  | Suggested<br>Activities   | Evaluations            | Re             |
|---|---|------------------------|----------------|
| Identify and respond to melodic contour, patterns and phrases | Following notated melodies  | Teacher observation    | Grade          |
| Demonstrate melodic independence against an                   | Recognizing and singing solfege syllables and demonstrating hand signs SOL, MI and LA | Performance assessment | Suppl<br>and a |
| accompaniment   |   | Oral/Aural assessment  |                |

|   |   |   | Chror            |
|---|---|---|------------------|
| Identify pitches by their letter names and location on the treble staff | Play recorder using B,A,G & E and practice silent fingering and sight reading | 1 | Class:<br>pitche |
| Identify and develop qualities of good vocal tone                       | Singing and playing songs in various meters                                   |   | Music            |
| Demonstrate rhythmic sensitivity to rhythm patterns                     |   |   | Playiı           |
|   |   |   | Interc           |
|   |   |   |                  |
|   |   |   |                  |
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|   |   |   |                  |

# Integration of Career Exploration, Life Literacies and Key Skills

| WRK.9.2.5.CAP   | Career Awareness and Planning   |
|-----------------|---|
| WRK.9.2.5.CAP.1 | Evaluate personal likes and dislikes and identify careers that might be suited to personal likes. |
| WRK.9.2.5.CAP.2 | Identify how you might like to earn an income.  |
| WRK.9.2.5.CAP.3 | Identify qualifications needed to pursue traditional and non-traditional careers and occupations. |

WRK.9.2.5.CAP.4 Explain the reasons why some jobs and careers require specific training, skills, and

certification (e.g., life guards, child care, medicine, education) and examples of these

requirements.

TECH.9.4.5.GCA Global and Cultural Awareness

Culture and geography can shape an individual's experiences and perspectives.

Curiosity and a willingness to try new ideas (intellectual risk-taking) contributes to the

development of creativity and innovation skills.

An individual's passions, aptitude and skills can affect his/her employment and earning

potential.

## **Technology Integration**

Students will interact with the units using the Smartboard.

TECH.9.4.5.Cl.3 Participate in a brainstorming session with individuals with diverse perspectives to expand

one's thinking about a topic of curiosity (e.g., 8.2.5.ED.2, 1.5.5.CR1a).

TECH.9.4.5.CT Critical Thinking and Problem-solving

TECH.9.4.5.CT.4 Apply critical thinking and problem-solving strategies to different types of problems such

as personal, academic, community and global (e.g., 6.1.5.CivicsCM.3).

TECH.9.4.5.DC Digital Citizenship

TECH.9.4.5.DC.4 Model safe, legal, and ethical behavior when using online or offline technology (e.g.,

8.1.5.NI.2).

Intellectual property rights exist to protect the original works of individuals. It is allowable to use other people's ideas in one's own work provided that proper credit is given to the

original source.

Collaboration with individuals with diverse perspectives can result in new ways of thinking

and/or innovative solutions.

Sending and receiving copies of media on the internet creates the opportunity for unauthorized use of data, such as personally owned video, photos, and music.

### **Interdisciplinary Connections**

LA.RI.3.1 Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding

of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.

LA.RI.3.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a

text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area.

LA.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding and encoding

words.

#### **Differentiation**

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.

- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.
- Definitions of Differentiation Components:
  - o Content the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
  - o Process how the student will acquire the content information.
  - o Product how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
  - Learning Environment the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

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|-----------------|------------|----|------|-------|
| Differentiation | ACCUITTING | in | thic | unit  |
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### **Modifications & Accommodations**

Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMOCATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:

IEP's and 504 plans will be utilized.

#### **Benchmark Assessments**

**Benchmark Assessments** are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year

Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:

unit:

Teacher made pre and post assessments to measure growth over time.

#### **Formative Assessments**

Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and can be approached in a variety of ways. **Formative assessment** refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student achievement of learning objectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and Franklin, 2010, p. 151). **Formative Assessments used in this unit:** 

| Γeacher observation    |  |
|------------------------|--|
| Performance assessment |  |
| Oral/Aural assessment  |  |
| Games                  |  |
|                        |  |
| Summative Assessments  |  |

**Summative assessments** evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.

Summative assessments for this unit:

Teacher observation

| Performance assessment                        |
|---|
| Oral/Aural assessment                         |
| Games   |
|   |
| Instructional Materials                       |
| Grade 3 book                                  |
| Supplemental song, games                      |
| and activities                                |
| Chromatic bell set                            |
| Classroom pitched and non-pitched instruments |
| Music Teacher's almanac                       |
| Playing the recorder                          |
| Interactive smartboard                        |
|   |
| Standards                                     |

### Standards

| MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Cr3b  | Convey expressive intent for a specific purpose by presenting a final version of musical ideas to peers or informal audience.            |
|---------------------|--|
| MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Pr5b  | Rehearse, identify and apply strategies to address interpretive, performance and technical challenges of music.                          |
| MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Pr5c  | Demonstrate knowledge of basic music concepts (e.g., tonality and meter) in music from a variety of cultures selected for performance.   |
| MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Re7a  | Demonstrate and explain how personal interests and experiences influence musical selection for specific purposes.                        |
| MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Cn10a | Demonstrate how interests, knowledge and skills relate to personal choices and intent when creating, performing and responding to music. |
| MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Cn11a | Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life.         |