Dec. Gr. 2 Music

Content Area:

Music

Course(s): Time Period:

Length:

Status:

December 4-5 Weeks Published

Unit Overview

Creating ★ Connecting ★ Performing ★ Responding

Students will explore and create music through singing.

Enduring Understandings

We can read and sing written music by understanding musical notation.

Essential Questions

How can we create music through singing?

Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

Objectives	Suggested	Evaluations	Re
	Activities		
Recognize and respond to introduction, call and response, repeat, phrase, verse/refrain, solo	Follow the written lyrics in songs with more than one verse	Teacher observation	Grade
and chorus	Following notated melodies	Performance assessment	Suppl and a
Identify and respond to melodic contour, patterns and phrases	Recognizing and singing solfege syllables and demonstrating hand	Oral/Aural assessment	Chror
Identify steps, leaps and repeats	signs SOL, MI and LA	Games	Class

both visually and aurally	Singing ostinati against a melody	pitche
Demonstrate melodic independence against an accompaniment		Steps
		Music
		Hal L Cards
		Intera

Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

WRK.9.1.2.CAP	Career Awareness and Planning
WRK.9.1.2.CAP.1	Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.
TECH.9.4.2.CI	Creativity and Innovation
TECH.9.4.2.Cl.1	Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).
TECH.9.4.2.CI.2	Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g., 1.3A.2CR1a).
TECH.9.4.2.CT	Critical Thinking and Problem-solving
TECH.9.4.2.CT.3	Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive).
	Different types of jobs require different knowledge and skills.
	Income is received from work in different ways including regular payments, tips, commissions, and benefits.

Technology and Design IntegrationStudents will interact with the unit using the Smartboard.

Interdisciplinary Connections

LA.RF.2.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
LA.RF.2.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
LA.RL.2.4	Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats, alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song.
LA.RL.2.10	Read and comprehend literature, including stories and poetry, at grade level text complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.

Differentiation

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.
- Definitions of Differentiation Components:
 - o Content the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
 - o Process how the student will acquire the content information.
 - o Product how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
 - Learning Environment the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

Differentiation occurring in this unit:

Students will be offered support and challenges as determined by teacher evaluation.

Modifications & Accommodations

Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMOCATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:

IEP's and 504 plans will be utilized.

Benchmark Assessments

• Benchmark Assessments are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year

Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year

Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:

Teacher made benchmark assessments to assess growth over time.

Formative Assessments

Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and can be approached in a variety of ways. Formative assessment refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student achievement of learning chiectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and

Franklin, 2010, p. 151).
Formative Assessments used in this unit:
Teacher observation
Performance assessment
Oral/Aural assessment
Games

Summative Assessments

Summative assessments evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an
instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally
graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to
great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of
ways to combine these approaches.

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Summative assessments for this unit:
Teacher observation
Performance assessment
Oral/Aural assessment
Games
Instructional Materials
Grade 2 book
Supplemental song, games
and activities
Chromatic bell set
Classroom pitched and non-pitched instruments

Steps, skips and leap review
game
Music Teacher's almanac
Hal Leonard Rhythm Flash Cards

Interactive smartboard

Standards

MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Pr4	Selecting, analyzing, and interpreting work.
MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Pr5	Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products.
MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Pr5c	Demonstrate knowledge of basic music concepts (e.g., tonality and meter) in music from a variety of cultures selected for performance.
MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Pr6b	Perform appropriately for the audience and purpose.
MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Re7b	Describe how specific music concepts are used to support a specific purpose in music.
MU.K-2.1.3A.2.Cn11a	Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life.