# Jan/Feb. Grade 3

Content Area: Art Course(s):

Time Period: January
Length: 6-8 Weeks
Status: Published

#### **Unit Overview**

This unit explores pastels and the safety rules for handling art materials with health hazards. The unit also explores techniques in creating a dynamic sense of 3D space using foreshortening, values, and overlapping of objects

## **Enduring Understandings**

VIS.3.VA:Cr1.1.EU Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed.

VIS.3.VA:Cr1.2.EU Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in

pursuit of creative art-making goals.

## **Essential Questions**

How do artists and designers care for & maintain materials, tools, & equipment?

Why is it important for safety & health to understand & follow correct procedures in handling materials & tools?

What responsibilities come with the freedom to create?

# **Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills**

WRK.9.2.5.CAP	Career Awareness and Planning
WRK.9.2.5.CAP.1	Evaluate personal likes and dislikes and identify careers that might be suited to personal likes.
WRK.9.2.5.CAP.2	Identify how you might like to earn an income.
WRK.9.2.5.CAP.3	Identify qualifications needed to pursue traditional and non-traditional careers and occupations.

WRK.9.2.5.CAP.4 Explain the reasons why some jobs and careers require specific training, skills, and

 $certification \ (e.g., life \ guards, child \ care, \ medicine, \ education) \ and \ examples \ of \ these$ 

requirements.

TECH.9.4.5.CI Creativity and Innovation

TECH.9.4.5.CI.3	Participate in a brainstorming session with individuals with diverse perspectives to expand one's thinking about a topic of curiosity (e.g., 8.2.5.ED.2, 1.5.5.CR1a).
TECH.9.4.5.CI.4	Research the development process of a product and identify the role of failure as a part of the creative process (e.g., W.4.7, 8.2.5.ED.6).
TECH.9.4.5.CT	Critical Thinking and Problem-solving
TECH.9.4.5.CT.4	Apply critical thinking and problem-solving strategies to different types of problems such as personal, academic, community and global (e.g., 6.1.5.CivicsCM.3).

### **Technology and Design Integration**

Students will interact with the lesson using the Smartboard.

## **Interdisciplinary Connections**

#### **Differentiation**

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.

#### • Definitions of Differentiation Components:

- o Content the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
- o Process how the student will acquire the content information.
- o Product how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
- Learning Environment the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

#### Differentiation occurring in this unit:

Students will be encouraged to improve and challenge thier art skills as they proceed.

Simpler instructions and tasks will be assigned for struggling students

For Gifted:

Encourage students to explore concepts in depth and encourage independent studies or investigations. Use thematic instruction to connect learning across the curriculum. Encourage creative expression and thinking by allowing students to choose how to approach a problem or assignment. Expand students' time for free reading. Invite students to explore different points of view on a topic of study and compare the two. Provide learning centers where students are in charge of their learning. Brainstorm with gifted children on what types of projects they would like to explore to extend what they're learning in the classroom. Determine where students' interests lie and capitalize on their inquisitiveness. Refrain from having them complete more work in the same manner. Employ differentiated curriculum to keep interest high. Avoid drill and practice activities. Ask students' higher level questions that require students to look into causes, experiences, and facts to draw a conclusion or make connections to other areas of learning. If possible, compact curriculum to allow gifted students to move more quickly through the material. Encourage students to make transformations- use a common task or item in a different way. From

http://www.bsu.edu/web/lshasky/Forms/Interventions/Gifted.pdf

#### **Modifications & Accommodations**

In addition to the differentiation above, individual IEP's and 504's will be accommodated.

Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMOCATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

**Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:** 

#### **Benchmark Assessments**

**Benchmark Assessments** are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

#### **Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:**

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year

Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year

DRA

#### Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:

Teacher observation and recording of growth in handling of media.

#### **Formative Assessments**

Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and

can be approached in a variety of ways. **Formative assessment** refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student achievement of learning objectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and Franklin, 2010, p. 151).

Formative	Assessma	ents used	in this	unit.
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Teacher observations during the process

Discussion

## **Summative Assessments**

**summative assessments** evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.

#### **Summative assessments for this unit:**

Project will be assessed in the following areas:

Creativity, foreshortening techniques, blending all pastel colors, highlights and shadows, outline all objects with black chalk

#### **Instructional Materials**

Examples of previous years outcomes

National Geographic images of space

Art supplies as required for project

# **Standards**

VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cr	Creating
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cr1	Generating and conceptualizing ideas.
	Explore
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cr1a	Brainstorm and curate ideas to innovatively problem solve during artmaking and design projects.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cr1b	Individually and collaboratively set goals, investigate, choose, and demonstrate diverse approaches to art-making that is meaningful to the makers.
	Investigate
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cr2a	Experiment and develop skills in multiple art-making techniques and approaches, through invention and practice.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cr2b	Demonstrate craftsmanship through the safe and respectful use of materials, tools and equipment.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cr2c	Individually or collaboratively represent environments or objects of personal significance that includes a process of peer discussion, revision and refinement.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cr3a	Reflect, refine, and revise work individually and collaboratively, and discuss and describe personal choices in artmaking.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Pr	Presenting
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Pr4	Selecting, analyzing and interpreting work.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Pr4a	Define and analyze the responsibilities of a curator in preserving and presenting artifacts or artwork.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Pr5	Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Pr6	Conveying meaning through art.
	Share
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Re7a	Speculate about artistic processes. Interpret and compare works of art and other responses.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Re7b	Analyze visual arts including cultural associations.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Re8	Interpreting intent and meaning.
	Interpret
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Re8a	Interpret ideas and mood in artworks by analyzing form, structure, context, subject, and visual elements.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Re9	Applying criteria to evaluate products.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Re9a	Identify different evaluative criteria for different types of artwork dependent on genre, historical and cultural contexts.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cn	Connecting
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cn10	Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cn10a	Create works of art that reflect community cultural traditions. Discuss using formal and conceptual vocabulary.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cn11	Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural and historical contexts to deepen understanding.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cn11a	Communicate how art is used to inform the values, beliefs and culture of an individual or society.
VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cn11b	Communicate how art is used to inform others about global issues, including climate

change.