# Oct. Grade 2 Art: October

Content Area: Course(s): Art

Time Period:
Length:
Status:

October
4 weeks
Published

# **Unit Overview**

Identify the aesthetic qualities of abstract art

Discuss the transition of Picasso's work from realism to abstract

# **Enduring Understandings**

Abstsract art can be admired for its aesthetic qualities.

# **Essential Questions**

How do abstract artists create their work?

How de we create, interpret and appreciate abstract art?

**Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities** 

Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities			
Objectives	Suggested Activities	Evaluations	
Identify the aesthetic qualities of	Picasso witches: Create the illusion of a	Teacher observation	
abstract art	face looking at and away at the same time		
	in the image of a witch the way Picasso		
	created abstract portraits.	gallery walk	
Discuss the transition of Picasso's work		ganery wark	
from realism to abstract			
arom realism to abstract	Discuss the life of Picasso.		
	Discuss the file of Fleasso.	Students will be encourage	
		and challenge their art skil	
		proceed.	
		Simpler instructions and ta	
		assigned for struggling stud	

## **Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills**

Students will learn about Picasso's career as an artist.

WRK.9.1.2.CAP	Career Awareness and Planning
WRK.9.1.2.CAP.1	Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.
TECH.9.4.2.CI	Creativity and Innovation
TECH.9.4.2.CI.1	Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).
TECH.9.4.2.CI.2	Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g., 1.3A.2CR1a).
TECH.9.4.2.CT	Critical Thinking and Problem-solving
TECH.9.4.2.CT.3	Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive).

### **Technology and Design Integration**

Students will interact with the artist's work displayed on the Smartboard.

# **Interdisciplinary Connections**

MA.2.G.A Reason with shapes and their attribu	tes.
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LA.SL.2.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and

texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.

#### **Differentiation**

- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.

#### • Definitions of Differentiation Components:

• Content – the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.

- o Process how the student will acquire the content information.
- o Product how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
- Learning Environment the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

#### **Differentiation occurring in this unit:**

Students will be encouraged to improve and challenge thier art skills as they proceed.

Simpler instructions and tasks will be assigned for struggling students

#### For Gifted:

Encourage students to explore concepts in depth and encourage independent studies or investigations. Use thematic instruction to connect learning across the curriculum. Encourage creative expression and thinking by allowing students to choose how to approach a problem or assignment. Expand students' time for free reading. Invite students to explore different points of view on a topic of study and compare the two. Provide learning centers where students are in charge of their learning. Brainstorm with gifted children on what types of projects they would like to explore to extend what they're learning in the classroom. Determine where students' interests lie and capitalize on their inquisitiveness. Refrain from having them complete more work in the same manner. Employ differentiated curriculum to keep interest high. Avoid drill and practice activities. Ask students' higher level questions that require students to look into causes, experiences, and facts to draw a conclusion or make connections to other areas of learning. If possible, compact curriculum to allow gifted students to move more quickly through the material. Encourage students to make transformations- use a common task or item in a different way. From

http://www.bsu.edu/web/lshasky/Forms/Interventions/Gifted.pdf

#### **Modifications & Accommodations**

In addition to the differentiation above, individual IEP's and 504's will be accommodated.

Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMOCATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

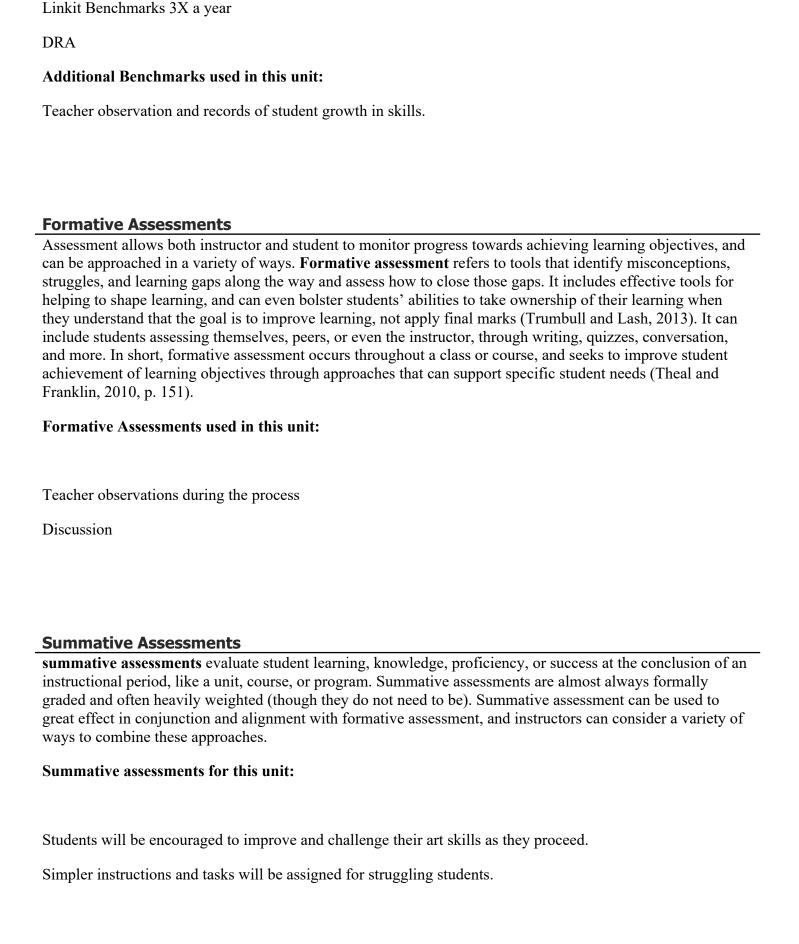
**Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:** 

#### **Benchmark Assessment**

**Benchmark Assessments** are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

#### Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year



Instructional Materials
Read Girl with the Ponytail (about Picasso)

Necessary art materials

# Standards

VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cr	Creating
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cr1	Generating and conceptualizing ideas.
	Explore
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cr2	Organizing and developing ideas.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cr2a	Through experimentation, build skills and knowledge of materials and tools through various approaches to art making.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cr2b	Demonstrate safe procedures for using and cleaning art tools, equipment and studio spaces.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cr3	Refining and completing products.
	Reflect, Refine, Continue
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cr3a	Explain the process of making art, using art vocabulary. Discuss and reflect with peers about choices made while creating art.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Pr	Presenting
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Pr4	Selecting, analyzing, and interpreting work.
	Analyze
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Pr5	Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Pr6	Conveying meaning through art.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Re	Responding
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Re7	Perceiving and analyzing products.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Re7a	Identify works of art based on personal connections and experiences. Describe the aesthetic characteristics within both the natural and constructed world.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Re7b	Describe, compare and categorize visual artworks based on subject matter and expressive properties.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Re8	Interpreting intent and meaning.
	Interpret
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Re8a	Categorize and describe works of art, by identifying subject matter, details, mood, and formal characteristics.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Re9	Applying criteria to evaluate products.
	Analyze
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Re9a	Use art vocabulary to explain preferences in selecting and classifying artwork.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cn	Connecting
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cn10	Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.

	Synthesize
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cn10a	Create art that tells a story or describes life events in home, school and community.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cn11	Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural and historical contexts to deepen understanding.
	Relate
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cn11a	Compare, contrast and describe why people from different places and times make art.
VA.K-2.1.5.2.Cn11b	Describe why people from different places and times make art about different issues, including climate change.