

# Mar. Climate Change: No Option Except Escape A Role Play on the Struggles of Climate Refugees

Content Area: **Social Studies**  
Course(s):  
Time Period: **March**  
Length: **3 Weeks**  
Status: **Published**

## Unit Overview

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This unit is in conjunction with a language arts Book unit. See link below in "Instructional.."

## Enduring Understandings

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Edit to fit grade level:

Big Idea: Climate change causes extremes in weather, long term change in earth systems and affects populations of many multitudes of species.

Enduring Understandings: Students will be able to:

- Articulate mechanisms driving climate change both in the past and present.
- Define climate change adaptation and climate change mitigation.
- Identify examples of climate change adaptation and mitigation ideas.
- Identify tools that may be useful in gathering information about climate change impacts.

## Essential Questions

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What is climate change and why is it important to us?

[https://cdn.naaee.org/sites/default/files/10\\_essential\\_questions\\_for\\_each\\_grade\\_band.pdf](https://cdn.naaee.org/sites/default/files/10_essential_questions_for_each_grade_band.pdf)

## Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

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<https://climatechangelive.org/index.php?pid=180#3>

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1zUaScrVv5Q1d2k6q5LBIXRbXCgmJF1Ft/view?usp=sharing>

THIS LINK LEADS TO THE FULL LESSON PLAN FOR THIS UNIT.

## **Integration of Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills**

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| WRK.9.2.8.CAP    | Career Awareness and Planning   |
| WRK.9.2.8.CAP.2  | Develop a plan that includes information about career areas of interest.  |
| WRK.9.2.8.CAP.3  | Explain how career choices, educational choices, skills, economic conditions, and personal behavior affect income.  |
| WRK.9.2.8.CAP.4  | Explain how an individual's online behavior (e.g., social networking, photo exchanges, video postings) may impact opportunities for employment or advancement.  |
| WRK.9.2.8.CAP.10 | Evaluate how careers have evolved regionally, nationally, and globally.   |
| WRK.9.2.8.CAP.12 | Assess personal strengths, talents, values, and interests to appropriate jobs and careers to maximize career potential.   |
| TECH.9.4.8.CI.1  | Assess data gathered on varying perspectives on causes of climate change (e.g., cross-cultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple potential solutions (e.g., RI.7.9, 6.SP.B.5, 7.1.NH.IPERS.6, 8.2.8.ETW.4). |
| TECH.9.4.8.CI.3  | Examine challenges that may exist in the adoption of new ideas (e.g., 2.1.8.SSH, 6.1.8.CivicsPD.2).   |
| TECH.9.4.8.CI.4  | Explore the role of creativity and innovation in career pathways and industries.  |
| TECH.9.4.8.CT    | Critical Thinking and Problem-solving   |
| TECH.9.4.8.CT.1  | Evaluate diverse solutions proposed by a variety of individuals, organizations, and/or agencies to a local or global problem, such as climate change, and use critical thinking skills to predict which one(s) are likely to be effective (e.g., MS-ETS1-2).              |
| TECH.9.4.8.CT.2  | Develop multiple solutions to a problem and evaluate short- and long-term effects to determine the most plausible option (e.g., MS-ETS1-4, 6.1.8.CivicsDP.1).   |
| TECH.9.4.8.CT.3  | Compare past problem-solving solutions to local, national, or global issues and analyze the factors that led to a positive or negative outcome.   |
| TECH.9.4.8.DC.1  | Analyze the resource citations in online materials for proper use.  |
| TECH.9.4.8.DC.2  | Provide appropriate citation and attribution elements when creating media products (e.g., W.6.8).   |
| TECH.9.4.8.DC.8  | Explain how communities use data and technology to develop measures to respond to effects of climate change (e.g., smart cities).   |
| TECH.9.4.8.TL.2  | Gather data and digitally represent information to communicate a real-world problem (e.g., MS-ESS3-4, 6.1.8.EconET.1, 6.1.8.CivicsPR.4).  |
| TECH.9.4.8.TL.3  | Select appropriate tools to organize and present information digitally.   |
| TECH.9.4.8.TL.4  | Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (e.g., MSLS4-5, 6.1.8.CivicsPI.3).  |
| TECH.9.4.8.GCA   | Global and Cultural Awareness   |
| TECH.9.4.8.GCA.1 | Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect (e.g., 1.5.8.C1a).  |
| TECH.9.4.8.GCA.2 | Demonstrate openness to diverse ideas and perspectives through active discussions to achieve a group goal.  |
| TECH.9.4.8.IML.1 | Critically curate multiple resources to assess the credibility of sources when searching for  |

information.

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| TECH.9.4.8.IML.3  | Create a digital visualization that effectively communicates a data set using formatting techniques such as form, position, size, color, movement, and spatial grouping (e.g., 6.SP.B.4, 7.SP.B.8b).   |
| TECH.9.4.8.IML.4  | Ask insightful questions to organize different types of data and create meaningful visualizations.   |
| TECH.9.4.8.IML.5  | Analyze and interpret local or public data sets to summarize and effectively communicate the data.   |
| TECH.9.4.8.IML.12 | Use relevant tools to produce, publish, and deliver information supported with evidence for an authentic audience.   |
| TECH.9.4.8.IML.14 | Analyze the role of media in delivering cultural, political, and other societal messages.<br><br>An individual's strengths, lifestyle goals, choices, and interests affect employment and income.<br><br>Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, fosters creativity and innovative thinking.<br><br>Digital technology and data can be leveraged by communities to address effects of climate change.<br><br>An essential aspect of problem solving is being able to self-reflect on why possible solutions for solving problems were or were not successful.<br><br>Multiple solutions often exist to solve a problem. |

## Technology and Design Integration

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| CS.6-8.8.2.8.ED.7  | Design a product to address a real-world problem and document the iterative design process, including decisions made as a result of specific constraints and trade-offs (e.g., annotated sketches).  |
| CS.6-8.8.2.8.ETW.3 | Analyze the design of a product that negatively impacts the environment or society and develop possible solutions to lessen its impact.  |
| CS.6-8.8.2.8.ETW.4 | Compare the environmental effects of two alternative technologies devised to address climate change issues and use data to justify which choice is best.   |
| CS.6-8.8.2.8.ITH.1 | Explain how the development and use of technology influences economic, political, social, and cultural issues.   |
| CS.6-8.8.2.8.ITH.2 | Compare how technologies have influenced society over time.  |
| CS.6-8.8.2.8.ITH.4 | Identify technologies that have been designed to reduce the negative consequences of other technologies and explain the change in impact.  |
| CS.6-8.ETW         | Effects of Technology on the Natural World<br><br>Resources need to be utilized wisely to have positive effects on the environment and society. Some technological decisions involve trade-offs between environmental and economic needs, while others have positive effects for both the economy and environment. |

## Interdisciplinary Connections

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| LA.W.5.2.A | Introduce a topic clearly to provide a focus and group related information logically; include text features such as headings, illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. |
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| LA.W.5.2.C   | Link ideas within paragraphs and sections of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., in contrast, especially).  |
| LA.W.5.2.D   | Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.  |
| LA.W.5.2.E   | Provide a conclusion related to the information of explanation presented.  |
| LA.RI.5.1    | Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.  |
| LA.RI.5.2    | Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.  |
| LA.RI.5.3    | Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.                          |
| LA.RI.5.4    | Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.   |
| LA.RI.5.5    | Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.   |
| LA.RI.5.6    | Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent.   |
| LA.RI.5.7    | Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.   |
| LA.RI.5.8    | Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).   |
| LA.RI.5.9    | Integrate and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably. |
| LA.SL.5.1.A  | Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.   |
| LA.SL.5.1.B  | Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.   |
| LA.SL.5.1.C  | Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others.  |
| LA.SL.5.1.D  | Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions.   |
| SCI.5-ESS2-1 | Develop a model using an example to describe ways the geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and/or atmosphere interact.   |
| SCI.5-ESS3-1 | Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.   |

## Differentiation

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- Understand that gifted students, just like all students, come to school to learn and be challenged.
- Pre-assess your students. Find out their areas of strength as well as those areas you may need to address before students move on.
- Consider grouping gifted students together for at least part of the school day.
- Plan for differentiation. Consider pre-assessments, extension activities, and compacting the curriculum.
- Use phrases like "You've shown you don't need more practice" or "You need more practice" instead of words like "qualify" or "eligible" when referring to extension work.
- Encourage high-ability students to take on challenges. Because they're often used to getting good grades, gifted students may be risk averse.

- **Definitions of Differentiation Components:**

- Content – the specific information that is to be taught in the lesson/unit/course of instruction.
- Process – how the student will acquire the content information.
- Product – how the student will demonstrate understanding of the content.
- Learning Environment – the environment where learning is taking place including physical location and/or student grouping

**Differentiation occurring in this unit:**

**Offer challenge ideas to students wishing to explore additional information concerning climate change.**

## **Modifications & Accommodations**

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Refer to QSAC EXCEL SMALL SPED ACCOMMODATIONS spreadsheet in this discipline.

**Modifications and Accommodations used in this unit:**

IEP's and 504 accommodations will be utilized.

## **Formative Assessments**

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Assessment allows both instructor and student to monitor progress towards achieving learning objectives, and can be approached in a variety of ways. **Formative assessment** refers to tools that identify misconceptions, struggles, and learning gaps along the way and assess how to close those gaps. It includes effective tools for helping to shape learning, and can even bolster students' abilities to take ownership of their learning when they understand that the goal is to improve learning, not apply final marks (Trumbull and Lash, 2013). It can include students assessing themselves, peers, or even the instructor, through writing, quizzes, conversation, and more. In short, formative assessment occurs throughout a class or course, and seeks to improve student achievement of learning objectives through approaches that can support specific student needs (Theal and Franklin, 2010, p. 151).

**Formative Assessments used in this unit:**

**Discussion**

**Teacher observation and checklist**

**quizzes**

## **Benchmark Assessments**

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**Benchmark Assessments** are given periodically (e.g., at the end of every quarter or as frequently as once per month) throughout a school year to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress toward a standard or set of academic standards and goals.

### **Schoolwide Benchmark assessments:**

Aimsweb benchmarks 3X a year

Linkit Benchmarks 3X a year

### **Additional Benchmarks used in this unit:**

**Final Assessment**

## **Summative Assessments**

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**Summative assessments** evaluate student learning, knowledge, proficiency, or success at the conclusion of an instructional period, like a unit, course, or program. Summative assessments are almost always formally graded and often heavily weighted (though they do not need to be). Summative assessment can be used to great effect in conjunction and alignment with formative assessment, and instructors can consider a variety of ways to combine these approaches.

### **Summative assessments for this unit:**

Final assessment

## Instructional Materials

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See link above.

## Standards

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| SOC.6.3.5.CivicsPD.3 | Propose a solution to a local issue after considering evidence and the perspectives of different groups, including community members and local officials.    |
| SOC.6.3.5.EconET.1   | Investigate an economic issue that impacts children and propose a solution.  |
| SOC.6.3.5.GeoGI.1    | Use technology to collaborate with others who have different perspectives to examine global issues, including climate change and propose possible solutions. |
| SOC.6.3.5.GeoHE.1    | Plan and participate in an advocacy project to inform others about the impact of climate change at the local or state level and propose possible solutions.  |