# **Yearlong - The Writing Revolution - Grade 3 Copied** from: Grade 3, Copied on: 03/14/25

Content Area:

**English** 

Course(s): Time Period:

September

Length: **All Year Across the curriculum** 

Status: **Published** 

## **Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities**

Sample Pacing Guides: Grades 5

This is a sample pacing guide for a school first implementing TWR in grade 5. As students advance through the pacing guide, previous activities should be practiced recursively. Individual classes may move through the guide at a different pace based on the frequency and fidelity of use, and student readiness. Activities should be differentiated as needed.

Pacing Guides are based on the following end-of-year goals:

- Students are proficient in all Grade 4 skills. In addition:
  - o Students can use the MPO independently and convert it into a composition
  - o Students can write introductions and conclusions independently

## Sample Pacing: Grade 5

SEMESTE	P ONE	(Grade	5)
SUMPSIL		Chauc	IJТ

Month 1 – Mid-Month 2

Mid-Month 2 – Mid-

Month 3

Review Sentence Activities

Practice previous

sentence, note-taking, sentence, note-taking,

• Sentences &

Fragments

• Scrambled Sentences recursively.

SPO, summarizing, & revision activities

• Sentence Expansion

• Sentence Types

Multiple-Paragraph Outline (MPO)

• Complete an MPO

• Developing Questions

Activities

• Basic Conjunctions

**MPO** Activities

 Given topic and T (thesis statement), fill in categories

revision, & MPO activities revision, & MPO

Mid-Month 3– Month 4

Practice previous

SPO, summarizing,

recursively.

and supporting

MPO Activities

Month 5

Practice previous

SPO, summarizing,

activities recursively.

sentence, note-taking,

o Given topic and T. complete MPO & write

- Subordinating Conjunctions
- Transitions
- Appositives
- Sentence Combining

### Review Note-taking

 Continue using key words, phrases, symbols & abbreviations.

#### Review SPO

- Practice SPO scaffold activities as needed.
- Practice narrative, cause-effect, problemsolution, comparecontrast, summary SPO formats.

#### Continue Revision Activities

- o Improve T.S. using 3 ways.
- Varying vocabulary activities
- Revise given, unelaborated paragraph as a whole class, in pairs, and independently.

# Review Summarizing Activities:

 Continue to practice with all 3 formats:
 Sentence Summary, as a class

 Given topic and T (thesis statement), fill in categories and supporting details of MPO details of MPO3

Introductions (GST)

- Distinguish
  between a general
  statement (G) & a
  specific statement
  (S)
- o Distinguish between G, S, & T

body of composition (teacher provides introduction & conclusion) \*

Introductions (GST)

- Given S&T, write G
- Given G&T, write S
- Given T, write G&S
- Given topic or prompt, write T

SPO, Combined Outline.

Sample Pacing Guide: Grade 5

SEMESTER TWO (Grade 5)

Month 6 Month 7

Practice previous sentence, note-taking,

SPO, summarizing, revision, & MPO

activities recursively.

Practice previous sentence, note-taking,

**MPO** Activities

SPO, summarizing, revision, & MPO

 Given topic or prompt, complete MPO, write introduction (GST) & body of composition

activities recursively.

**MPO** Activities

 Given topic or prompt, complete MPO & write composition (introduction, body &

conclusion)

Conclusions (TSG)

• Given T, rephrase for conclusion

 Given MPO & introduction, rephrase T, write new S & new G for conclusion (TSG) Months 8-9

Month 10

Practice previous sentence,

note-taking,

SPO, summarizing, revision, &

**MPO** 

activities recursively.

Grade 5 End-of-Year Goals:

• Students are proficient in all Grade 4 skills. In

addition:

• Students use key words and phrases, abbreviations, and symbols when annotating text or taking notes based on a lecture, video clip, etc.

• Students can use the MPO independently and convert it into a composition

 Students can write introductions and conclusions independently

• Students practice

Practice previous sentence, note-taking,

SPO, summarizing, revision, & MPO

activities recursively.

the steps for planning and writing a research paper. (Optional)

# **Integration of 21st Century Themes and Skills**

The 21st century skills are a set of abilities that students need to develop in order to succeed in the information age. The Partnership for 21st Century Skills lists three types:

# **Learning Skills**

- Critical Thinking
- Creative Thinking
- Collaborating
- Communicating

# **Literacy Skills**

- Information Literacy
- Media Literacy
- Technology Literacy

being taught in any subject area and at any grade level.

### **Differentiation**

Modify expectations: Shorten or lengthen assignment depending on abilities.

Require basic or extended vocabulary.

Small group teacher instruction based on student's writing ability.

Pair students heterogeneously for centers to encourage students to learn from peers.

Allow for speech to text for longer writing assignments.

Provide choice extension projects as necessary to extend learning

### **Modifications & Accommodations**

Refer to QSAC, EXCEL SPED Accommodations spreadsheet in this discipline.

IEP and 504 accommodations will be utilized.

### **Formative Assessments**

You can provide this formative assessment during different types of writing conferences:

- Desk-Side Conferences occur when you stop at a student's desk to ask questions and make responses. Questions should be open-ended. This gives the writer "space" to talk and clarify his or her own thinking about the writing.
- Scheduled Conferences give you and a student a chance to meet for 3 to 5 minutes in a more structured setting. In such a conference, a student may have a specific problem or need to discuss or simply want you to assess his or her progress on a particular piece of writing.
- Small-Group Conferences give you a chance to meet with three to five students who are at

the same stage of the writing process or are experiencing a similar problem. The goal of such conferences is twofold: first, to help students improve their writing and, second, to help them become better assessors.

### **Summative Assessments**

Decide which assignments require summative assessment, and then grade the writing following this process:

- Ask students to submit prewriting and rough drafts with their final drafts.
- Scan final drafts once, focusing on the writing as a whole.
- Reread them, this time assessing them using the qualities of writing.
- Make marginal notations, if necessary, as you read the drafts a second time.
- Scan the writing a third and final time. Note the feedback you have given.
- Complete your rating sheet or rubric, and, if necessary, write a summary comment.

### **Instructional Materials**

Teacher made materials, Sentence expansion sheets, SPO's and MPO's. Templates on The Writing Revolution Website.

### **Standards**

ELA.L.KL.5.1	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
LA.W.5.1.D	Provide a conclusion related to the opinion presented.
LA.W.5.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
LA.W.5.2.A	Introduce a topic clearly to provide a focus and group related information logically; include text features such as headings, illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
LA.W.5.2.B	Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.
LA.W.5.2.C	Link ideas within paragraphs and sections of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., in contrast, especially).
LA.W.5.2.D	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.
Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.
Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
Conventions of Standard English
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
Explain the function of conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections in general and their function in particular sentences.
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
Use punctuation to separate items in a series.
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
Choose words and phrases for effect.