# LHS ELA 10 Unit 3

Content Area: Course(s): ELA

Time Period:

**МР3** 

Length: Status:

**Published** 

# **Unit Overview**

Theme: Adversity & Justice

Benchmark Text Focus: Literature

**Anchor Text:** To Kill a Mockingbird

Writing Genre Focus: Argumentative

## Benchmark & Answer Key

#### **Targeted ELA Standards**

Add the appropriate **NJSLS ELA** standards with which this unit aligns. This is done by clicking "actions" and then "add standards".

ELA.L.SS.9-10.1	Demonstrate command of the system and structure of the English language when writing or speaking.
ELA.L.KL.9-10.2	Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices for meaning, or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading, writing, speaking or listening.
ELA.L.VL.9-10.3	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, including technical meanings, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
ELA.L.VI.9-10.4	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings, including connotative meanings.
ELA.RL.CR.9-10.1	Cite a range of thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to strongly support analysis of multiple aspects of what a literary text says explicitly and inferentially, as well as including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
ELA.RI.CR.9-10.1	Cite a range and thorough textual evidence and make clear and relevant connections, to strongly support an analysis of multiple aspects of what an informational text says

explicitly and inferentially, as well as interpretations of the text.

ELA.RL.CI.9-10.2	Determine one or more themes of a literary text and analyze how it is developed and refined over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
ELA.RI.CI.9-10.2	Determine one or more central ideas of an informational text and analyze how it is developed and refined over the course of a text, including how it emerges and is shaped by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
ELA.RL.IT.9-10.3	Analyze how an author unfolds and develops ideas throughout a text, including how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.
ELA.RI.IT.9-10.3	Analyze how an author unfolds ideas throughout the text, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.
ELA.RL.TS.9-10.4	Analyze how an author's choices concerning the structure of a text, order of the events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulation of time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create specific effects (e.g., mystery, tension, or surprise).
ELA.RL.PP.9-10.5	Determine an author's lens in a text (including cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature) and analyze how an author uses rhetorical devices to advance a point of view.
ELA.RL.MF.9–10.6	Analyze, integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretations (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry) of a single text or text/s presented in different formats (visually, quantitatively).
ELA.RI.MF.9–10.6	Analyze, integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretations (e.g., charts, graphs, diagrams, videos) of a single text or text/s presented in different formats (visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
ELA.RI.AA.9-10.7	Describe and evaluate the argument and specific claims in an informational text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and reasoning.
ELA.W.AW.9-10.1	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient textual and non-textual evidence.
ELA.W.WP.9-10.4	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach; sustaining effort to complete complex writing tasks; seeking out feedback and reflecting on personal writing progress; consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
ELA.W.RW.9-10.7	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
ELA.SL.PE.9-10.1	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
ELA.SL.II.9-10.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.
ELA.SL.ES.9-10.3	Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any false reasoning or distorted evidence.
ELA.SL.PI.9-10.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
ELA.SL.AS.9-10.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English.

**Weekly Structure** 

Day	y One	Day	Two	Day Three		Day Four		Day Five		Day Six	
	ading ocus	Reading	j Focus		Reading Reading Reading Focus Reading Reading Reading Focus						j Focus
Acti vity	Sugge sted Time	Activity	Sugge sted Time	Acti vity	Sugge sted Time	Activity	Sugge sted Time	Acti vity	Sugge sted Time	Activity	Sugge sted Time
Do Now	10 minute s	Mini- lesson review/r ecap	10 minute s	Do Now	10 minute s	Mini- lesson review/r ecap	10 minute s	Do Now	10 minute s	Mini- lesson review/r ecap	10 minute s
Mini- lesso n (I Do)	20 minute s	Small Group Instructi on (You Do)	30 minute s	Mini- lesso n (I Do)	20 minute s	Small Group Instructi on (You Do)	30 minute s	Mini- lesso n (I Do)	20 minute s	Small Group Instructi on (You Do)	30 minute s
Pract ice (We Do)	17 minute s	Closure	7 minute s	Pract ice (We Do)	17 minute s	Closure	7 minute s	Practice (We Do)	17 minute s	Closure	7 minute s

Day Seven Day Ei		Day Eight		y Nine	Day Ten		
	Writi	ng Focus					
Activity	Suggested Time	Activity	Suggested Time	Activity	Suggested Time	Activity	Suggested Time
Do Now	10 minutes	Mini-lesson review/recap	10 minutes	Do Now	10 minutes	Mini-lesson review/recap	10 minutes
Mini- lesson (I Do)	20 minutes	Individual Conferences (You Do)	30 minutes	Mini- lesson (I Do)	20 minutes	Individual Conferences (You Do)	30 minutes
Practice (We Do)	17 minutes	Closure	7 minutes	Practice (We Do)	17 minutes	Closure	7 minutes

#### **Rationale**

This unit on adversity and justice, anchored by the study of "To Kill a Mockingbird," prepares students for both academic growth and real-world challenges. By exploring complex themes through literature, students develop critical thinking and analytical skills, learning to identify and articulate nuanced perspectives on social issues. Engaging in argumentative writing and collaborative discussions equips them with the ability to construct and defend well-reasoned viewpoints, fostering effective communication. Ultimately, this unit empowers students to become empathetic and informed individuals, capable of advocating for justice and addressing adversity in their communities, thus preparing them for active and responsible citizenship beyond

the classroom.

Mastery of the standards of this unit will be shown through students' performance on the benchmark and summative assessments by progressively building their analytical and argumentative skills. Through close reading and discussion of "To Kill a Mockingbird," students will practice citing textual evidence and analyzing complex characters and themes, which are essential for their assessments. Writing assignments throughout the unit will hone their ability to craft coherent and persuasive arguments, while peer and teacher feedback will guide their revisions and improvements. Additionally, engaging with diverse media and formats will help them evaluate sources critically, ensuring they can effectively support their claims. By the end of the unit, students will be well-equipped to demonstrate their understanding and analysis in both written and oral assessments.

#### **Enduring Understandings**

Content Specific	Skills Specific
1. Justice and Moral Dilemmas:    Justice is not always clear-cut.    Literature, like "To Kill a    Mockingbird," demonstrates that    addressing issues of injustice often    involves grappling with complex    moral dilemmas and societal    expectations.  2. The Role of Argumentation in    Change: Argumentative writing is a    critical skill for engaging with societal    issues such as injustice. Through well-    structured arguments, individuals can    influence opinions and advocate for    fairness and equity.  3. Perspective and Justice: The    perspectives of various characters in    literature can shed light on the    differing views of justice, highlighting    the subjectivity of fairness and    righteousness.  4. Historical Context and Justice:    Historical and cultural contexts shape    the portrayal of justice in literature,    influencing both the actions of    characters and the themes of the text.  5. Effective Communication:    Mastering the conventions of the    English language and rhetorical    strategies allows individuals to	<ol> <li>Constructing Arguments: Students will develop the ability to write clear, logical, and persuasive arguments that address complex social issues, such as justice and fairness, with well-supported claims, counterclaims, and evidence from the text.</li> <li>Analyzing and Citing Evidence: Students will hone their skills in identifying relevant textual evidence that supports their analysis of the novel's themes, including the portrayal of adversity and justice.</li> <li>Language and Rhetorical Effectiveness: Students will practice using precise language, tone, and rhetorical devices to enhance the clarity and persuasiveness of their arguments, both in writing and speaking.</li> <li>Understanding Multiple Perspectives: Students will analyze how differing perspectives within the text contribute to a deeper understanding of justice and how these viewpoints can be effectively addressed in argumentative writing.</li> </ol>

express complex ideas clearly and persuasively, particularly when addressing issues of adversity and justice.

#### **Essential Questions**

## **Content Specific**

- What role do empathy and understanding play in bridging divides between people with different backgrounds and perspectives?
- How do the lessons learned from historical and fictional accounts of adversity and justice inform our responses to current social issues?
- What responsibilities do we have to stand up against injustice, and what risks might we face in doing so?
- How can storytelling and literature influence societal change and promote greater awareness of social justice issues?
- How do family, community, and cultural values shape our understanding of right and wrong, and how can we critically evaluate these influences?
- How do authors use literary techniques and rhetorical devices to portray struggles with adversity and quests for justice in literature and informational texts?

# Skills Specific

- How can we cite and analyze textual evidence to support our interpretations and arguments about themes of adversity and justice?
- What strategies can we use to clarify the meanings of unfamiliar or complex words and phrases related to the themes of adversity and justice?
- How can we effectively plan, revise, and present argumentative writing that addresses issues of justice and adversity, ensuring our arguments are clear, logical, and well-supported by evidence?
- What techniques can we employ to engage in meaningful discussions about justice and adversity, building on others' ideas while clearly expressing our own?
- How can we evaluate the credibility and accuracy of diverse sources of information when researching issues of justice and adversity?

## **Key Resources**

## Reading:

To Kill A Mockingbird by Harper Lee

To Kill A Mockingbird Novel Protocol

To Kill a Mockingbird Google Folder

Novel Chapters to Graphic Novel Pages Alignment

#### Writing:

- Literary Essay Building a Thesis Statement Graphic Organizer
- Analyzing a Literary Essay
- Exemplars & Non-Exemplars
- Grades 9-12 Argumentative Essay Rubric
- How to Write a Perfect 3-Point Thesis Statement

### **Supplementary Resources**

Informational texts from district-approved resources.

Additional district-approved secondary ELA instructional resource list

Warm-Up Activities to Engage Students Before They Read Nonfiction Texts

# Nonfiction Connections to Accompany To Kill a Mockingbird:

#### Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills:

Newsela Article: Legal Careers

Newsela - Key Skills: Evaluate and Corroborate Primary Sources

#### **Interdisciplinary Connections:**

Newsela Article: The Many Causes of the Great Depression
Readworks Article: How Satchel Paige Struck Down Jim Crow
Newsela Lesson: Communities in the South during Jim Crow

Newsela Article: Scottsboro Boys Trial Newsela Lesson: Illusion of Equality Newsela: Book Review of TKAM Newsela: TKAM Best Loved Novel

EdPuzzle: Stereotypes vs. Prejudice vs. Discrimination Newsela Article: Gender Stereotypes at Young Age

EdPuzzle - The Great Depression

EdPuzzle - Race, Class, and Gender in TKAM Crash Course

EdPuzzle - Fascinating Facts about Harper Lee

### Skills, Content, Activity, Assessment

### **Pacing Guide:**

Week 1: Pre-assessments

Week 2: Introductions

Week 3: Read pages 1-73 (GN) or Chapters 1-6 (novel)

Week 4: Read pages 74-126 (GN) or Chapters 7-11 (novel)

Week 5: Read pages 127-168 (GN) or Chapters 12-15 (novel)

Week 6: Read pages 169-221 (GN) or Chapters 16-20 (novel)

Week 7: Read pages 222-247 (GN) or Chapters 21-25 (novel)

Week 8: Read pages 248-273 (GN) or Chapters 26-31 (novel)

Week 9: Final Essays, Review & Benchmarks

	We eks	Standar ds	Sugges ted Learni ng Target	Mini-Lesson Skills	Suggeste d Student Centere d Activitie s	Resources	Assessment
February	1-2	L.VL.9– 10.3. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grades 9– 10 reading and content,	SWBAT demonstr ate their knowled ge of reading a fictional text by taking a pre-assessme nt.  SWBAT demonstr ate their knowled	<ul> <li>Reading Pre- assessment</li> <li>Writing Pre- assessment</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>LinkIt! pre- assessme nt - reading</li> <li>Argumen tative essay writing pre- assessme nt</li> </ul>

including	ge of			
technical	argumen			
meanings,	tative			
choosing	essay			
flexibly	writing			
from a	by taking			
range of	a pre-			
strategies.	assessme			
Januare Bress.	nt.			
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1 3/10				
L.VI.9-				
10.4.				
Demonstra				
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understand				
ing of				
figurative				
language,				
word				
relationshi				
ps, and				
nuances in				
word				
meanings,				
incannigs,				
including				
connotativ				
e				
meanings.				
RL.CR.9–				
10.1. Cite				
a range of				
thorough				
textual				
evidence				
and make				
relevant				
connection				
s to				
strongly				
support				
analysis of				
multiple				
aspects of				
what a				
literary				
text says				
explicitly				
and				
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y, as well			
as			
including			
determini	$_{\mathbf{a}}$		
g where			
the text			
leaves			
matters			
uncertain.			
uncertain.			
RL.CI.9–			
10.2.			
Determine	,		
one or			
more			
themes of	.		
a literary			
text and			
analyze			
how it is			
developed	.		
and	<b>`</b>		
refined			
over the			
course of			
the text,			
including			
how it			
1 1			
emerges and is			
	.		
shaped by			
specific			
details;			
provide an	1		
objective			
summary	.		
of the text	•		
RL.IT.9–			
10.3.			
Analyze			
how an			
author			
unfolds			
and			
develops			
ideas			
lucas			

throughout			
a text,			
including			
how			
complex			
characters			
(e.g., those			
with			
multiple or			
conflicting			
motivation			
s) develop,			
interact			
with other			
characters,			
and			
advance			
the plot or			
develop			
the theme.			
RL.TS.9-			
10.4.			
Analyze			
how an			
author's			
choices			
concerning			
the			
structure			
of a text,			
order of			
the events			
within it			
(e.g.,			
parallel			
plots), and			
manipulati			
on of time			
(e.g.,			
pacing,			
flashbacks			
) create			
specific			
effects			
(e.g.,			
mystery,			
tension, or			
 1			

surprise).			
RL.PP. 9–			
10.5.			
Determine			
an			
author's			
lens in a			
text			
(including cultural			
experience			
reflected			
in a work			
of			
literature			
from			
outside the			
United			
States,			
drawing			
on a wide			
reading of world			
literature)			
and			
analyze			
how an			
author			
uses			
rhetorical			
devices to			
advance a			
point of			
view.			
RL.MF.9–			
10.6.			
Analyze			
integrate,			
and			
evaluate			
multiple			
interpretati			
ons (e.g., recorded			
or live			
production			
F =			

of a play or recorded novel or poetry) of a single text or text/s presented in different formats (visually, quantitativ ely).					
W.AW.9– 10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantiv e topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient textual and non- textual evidence.					
SL.PE.9– 10.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborati ve discussion s (one-on-	SWBAT analyze how an author uses graphic elements , such as panels, frames,	Reading Minilessons:  Introduction:  Introduce book & format Possible Do Now:	Station Ideas:  Historical Context Exploratio n - Students research Jim Crow	Who Was Harper Lee?  4 Things to Know Before You Read To Kill A Mockingbird	

one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own	and visual contrasts to enhance storytelli ng.  SWBAT compare and contrast the	"What are some reasons authors might choose to use a graphic novel format?"  • Introduce context (time period,	laws, The Great Depressio n, and the Scottsboro Trials using curated digital resources. They complete a graphic organizer connecting	Analyzing a Literary Essay  Exemplars & Non-Exemplars  Grades 9-12 Argumentative Essay Rubric	
clearly and persuasive ly.  RL.CT.9– 10.8.	novel format to tradition al novels.	author) RL.CT.9- 10.8  • Compare/c ontrast graphic novel vs.	historical events to potential themes in the novel.		
Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge	SWBAT identify the character istics of	novel (format, parts of a comic, writing style)			
historical/c ultural context, and backgroun d	an argumen tative essay.	SE.PE.9- 10.1  • Instruction al Focus Points:			
knowledge ) how an author draws on, develops, or transforms	SWBAT analyze the argumen tative writing	o A gra phic nov el uses			
source material historical and literary significanc	rubric.	text and illus trati ons in a			
e (e.g., how a modern		gra phic for			

author	mat	
treats a	to	
theme or	tell	
topic from	a	
mythology	stor	
or a	y.	
religious		
text) and	o The	
how they	auth	
relate in	or	
terms of	of a	
themes	gra	
and	phic	
significant	nov	
concepts.	el	
	uses	
	gra	
	phic	
W.AW.9-	ele	
10.1.	men	
Write	ts	
arguments	(pa	
to support	nels	
claims in	,	
an analysis	, fra	
of	mes	
substantiv	,	
e topics or	spe	
texts,	ech/	
using valid	tho	
reasoning	ugh	
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relevant	bub	
and	bles	
sufficient	,	
textual and	colo	
non-	r,	
textual	cont	
evidence.	rast,	
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	ive essay		
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	argumentat		
	ive essay rubric.		
	Tuotic.		

3-4	SL.PE.9–10.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborati ve discussion s (one-on-one, in groups, and teacherled) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasive ly.  L.VL.9–10.3. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content,	SWBAT analyze how authors develop character s through their actions, dialogue, and relations hips, using a character mapping activity to track their growth and motivati ons.  SWBAT evaluate how a first-person perspective shapes the reader's understanding of events, identifying how her biases and experien ces influence the storytelli	Reading Minilessons:  Read pages 1-73 (GN) or Chapters 1-6 (novel)  Characterization of Scout, Jem, and Atticus RLIT.9-10.3 — Character mapping, using textual evidence  Narrative Point of View RL.PP.9-10.5 — Analyze Scout's perspective  Close Reading & Visual Analysis RL.MF.910.6 — Compare descriptions of Boo Radley's house in the text vs. images in the graphic novel  Vocabulary L.VL.9-10.3  Chapter 1  Assuage: To lessen or calm.  Taciturn: Quiet; not talkative.  Imprudent: Unwise or lacking	LHS ELA Instruction al Workshop Model Suggested Activities/ Groups  Station Ideas:  Perspective e Shift Writing - Students choose a key event (e.g., Scout meeting Dill or the Radley House dare) and rewrite it from another character's perspective e (e.g., Boo Radley watching from inside).  Character Map Creation - Students map Scout, Atticus, Jem, Boo Radley,	Exemplars & Non-Exemplars  How to Write a Perfect 3-Point Thesis Statement  Literary Essay - Building a Thesis Statement Graphic Organizer	• LHS Suggeste d Formativ e Reading Assessme nts
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including	ng.	discretion.	and Dill	
technical			with	
meanings,		Repertoire: A	description	
choosing		collection of skills	s, key	
flexibly	SWBAT	or	quotes,	
from a	compare	accomplishments.	and	
l	and	accompnishments.	l I	
range of	contrast	Malevolent: Evil	predictions	
strategies.	textual	or wishing harm to	•	
	and	others.		
	visual	ouleis.	They use	
1 3/10		Foray: A brief	color	
L.VI.9-	depiction	venture into	coding to	
10.4.	s,		track	
Demonstra	examinin	unfamiliar territory	relationshi	
te	g how	Chanton 2	ps and	
understand	imagery	Chapter 2	personality	
ing of	and	Condescend: To	traits.	
figurative	artistic			
language,	choices	show feelings of		
word	in the	superiority.		
relationshi	graphic	Saiaum, A		
ps, and	novel	Sojourn: A		
nuances in	enhance	temporary stay		
word	or alter	Chapter 3		
meanings,	the	Chapter 3		
including	reader's	Contemptuous:		
connotativ	perceptio	Showing scorn or		
e	n.	disdain.		
meanings.	111	uisuaiii.		
meanings.		Amiable: Friendly		
		,		
	SWBAT	and agreeable.		
RL.CR.9–	analyze	Chanton 4		
10.1. Cite	an	Chapter 4		
a range of	argumen	Abominable:		
thorough	tative	Horrible or		
textual	exemplar			
evidence		unpleasant.		
l	by using the	Arbitrate: To settle		
and make				
relevant	rubric.	an argument		
connection		between two		
s to		parties.		
strongly	CWDAT	Ch4 - 5		
support	SWBAT	Chapter 5		
analysis of	write an	E4:64:		
multiple	argumen	Edification:		
aspects of	t on a	Intellectual or		
what a	topic by	moral		
literary	formulati	improvement.		
text says	ng a			
explicitly	clear	Benevolence:		
and		Kindness or		
L				

inferentiall	thesis.	generosity.		
y, as well				
as		Inquisitive:		
including		Curious or asking		
determinin		many questions.		
g where				
the text		Chapter 6		
leaves		_		
matters		Prowess:		
uncertain.		Exceptional skill		
uncertain.		or ability.		
RL.IT.9–				
10.3.		Figurative		
Analyze		Language L.VI.9-		
how an		10.4		
author				
unfolds		Simile: "She		
		looked and		
and		smelled like a		
develops		peppermint drop."		
ideas		(Chapter 1)		
throughout				
a text,		This simile		
including		describes Miss		
how		Caroline's neat		
complex		and sweet		
characters		appearance,		
(e.g., those		likening her to a		
with		candy.		
multiple or				
conflicting		Metaphor:		
motivation		"Maycomb was an		
s) develop,		old town, but it		
interact		was a tired old		
with other		town." (Chapter 1)		
characters,		(		
and		Maycomb is		
advance		metaphorically		
the plot or		described as		
develop		"tired" to		
the theme.		emphasize its		
		stagnant and		
		outdated		
		atmosphere.		
RL.PP. 9–				
10.5.		Miss Maudie's		
Determine		description of		
an		religion as a		
author's		"steeple perched		
lens in a		precariously on the		
text		Productionally on the		
1	L			

(including	roof" symbolizes
cultural	
	her view of rigid
experience	religious beliefs.
reflected	(Chapter 5)
in a work	
of	Personification:
literature	"The house was
from	the same, droopy
outside the	and sick."
United	(Chapter 1, 4, 6)
States,	
drawing	The Radley house
	is personified as
on a wide	"droopy and sick,"
reading of	reflecting its eerie
world	and lifeless
literature)	
and	presence in the
analyze	neighborhood. The
how an	Radley Place is
author	continually given
uses	human-like
rhetorical	qualities to reflect
devices to	its sinister aura.
advance a	Hyperbole: "The
point of	Cunninghams
view.	never took
	anything they can't
	pay back—no
RL.MF.9-	church baskets and
10.6.	no scrip stamps.
Analyze	They never took
integrate,	anything off
and	anybody."
evaluate	(Chapter 2)
multiple	
interpretati	Exaggerates the
ons (e.g.,	Cunninghams'
recorded	pride and
or live	independence.
production	Symbolism: The
of a play	gifts left in the
or	knothole of the
recorded	
novel or	tree represent Boo
poetry) of	Radley's quiet
a single	attempts to
text or	communicate.(Cha
text/s	pter 4)
presented	Imagery: "Ladies
in	bathed before

different	noon, after their
formats	three-o'clock naps,
(visually,	and by nightfall
quantitativ	were like soft
	teacakes with
ely).	
	frostings of sweat
	and sweet talcum."
W. AW. O	(Chapter 1)
W.AW.9-	
10.1.	This imagery
Write	vividly describes
arguments	the sweltering heat
to support	of Maycomb and
claims in	the townspeople's
an analysis	routines.
of	
substantiv	"Atticus shook his
e topics or	head at me again.
l - I	But he's gone and
texts,	drowned his dinner
using valid	
reasoning	in syrup." (Chapter
and	3)
relevant	
and	This imagery
sufficient	vividly describes
textual and	the sweltering heat
non-	of Maycomb and
textual	the townspeople's
evidence.	routines.
evidence.	
	Euphemism:
	"When a man
	spends his relief
	checks on green
	whiskey, his
	children have a
	way of crying
	from hunger
	pains." (Chapter 3)
	WP 11 C 1 1 W
	"Relief checks"
	refers to
	government aid,
	and "green
	whiskey"
	euphemistically
	addresses
	alcoholism.
	Writing Mini-

SL.PE.9-	SWRAT	lessons:  Review argumentat ive exemplar  Formulatin g a clear thesis		
SL.PE.9– 10.1. Initiate and participate effectivel in a range of collaborative discussions (one-one, in groups, and teacherled) with peers on grades 9–10 topics texts, and issues, building on others ideas and expressing their own clearly arpersuasively.  L.VL.9– 10.3. Determine or clarify the meaning of	trace the theme of moral growth by analyzin g key events and character interactions that contribut e to their evolving understanding of justice and empathy.  SWBAT analyze the symbolic meaning of textual elements, evaluatin g how both	Reading Minilessons:  Read pages 74-126 (GN) or Chapters 7-11 (novel)  Theme Development RLCI.9-10.2  Trace the theme of moral growth in Scout and Jem, using textual evidence  Symbolism in Visuals RL.MF.9-10.6  Analyze the camellia flower given to Jem  Vocabulary L.VL.9-10.3  Chapter 7  Ascertaining: Discovering with certainty.  Chapter 8	LHS ELA Instruction al Workshop Model Suggested Activities/ Groups  Station Ideas:  Compare the symbolism of the mockingbi rd to the treatment of other innocent or vulnerable characters in literature.	• LHS Suggeste d Formativ e Reading Assessme nts

	unknown	elements	Aberration: A		
	and	in the	deviation from the		
	multiple-	graphic	norm.		
1 1 1	meaning	novel			
	words and	convey	Perpetrate: To		
		themes	commit, as in a		
1 1 1	phrases		crime.		
1 1 1	based on	of .	CHIIIC.		
	grades 9–	forgiven	Morphodite: A		
	10 reading	ess and	slang term for		
	and	maturity.			
	content,		hermaphrodite		
	including		(used		
	technical		humorously).		
	meanings,	SWBAT			
1 1 1	choosing	introduc	Chapter 9		
1 1 1	flexibly	e a			
	from a	topic/the	Analogous:		
	range of	sis	Similar or		
1 1 1	strategies.	clearly	comparable.		
	strategies.	by			
		organizi	Guilelessness:		
		ng ideas	Innocence or		
	L.VI.9–	in a	naïveté.		
	10.4.				
		logical	Chapter 10		
1 1 1	Demonstra	way.			
1 1 1	te		Vehement:		
1 1 1	understand		Showing strong		
	ing of	SWBAT	feeling or passion.		
	figurative	develop			
	language,	_	Chapter 11		
	word	a tomio/tho			
1 1 1	relationshi	topic/the	Passé: Outdated or		
1 1 1	ps, and	sis by	no longer		
	nuances in	includin	fashionable.		
	word	g			
	meanings,	relevant	Apoplectic:		
	including	facts,	Extremely angry		
1 1 1	connotativ	definitio	or furious.		
	e	ns,			
	meanings.	concrete	Philippic: A verbal		
		details,	attack or tirade.		
		quotatio			
		ns, and	Umbrage: Offense		
	RL.CR.9-	example	or annoyance.		
	10.1. Cite	s to			
	a range of	support			
1 1 1	thorough	their			
1 1 1	textual	ideas.	Figurative		
	evidence	14045.	Language L.VI.9-		
	and make		10.4		
	relevant				
1 1 1			Simile: "It was		
	connection				

s to	like being in a
strongly	cocoon." (Chapter
support	10)
+ +	
analysis o	Refers to the sense
multiple	
aspects of	of protection Scout
what a	feels with Atticus.
literary	
text says	Metaphor: Mrs.
explicitly	Dubose is
and	described as "plain
inferentia	hell." (Chapter 11)
y, as well	
	Illustrates Scout's
as	frustration and
including	diality of hou
determini	
g where	Symbolism: The
the text	cemented knothole
leaves	
matters	represents the
uncertain.	severing of Boo
	Radiey's
	connection with
	the children
RL.CI.9–	(Chapter 7)
10.2.	
	The mockingbird
Determine	symbolizes
one or	innocence and
more	go de ogg og
themes of	goodness, as
a literary	characters like
text and	Tom Robinson and
analyze	Boo Radley are
how it is	metaphorical
developed	mockingbirds.
and	(Chapter 10)
refined	Personification:
over the	"The fire silently
course of	devoured Miss
the text,	Maudie's house."
including	
how it	(Chapter 8)
emerges	Incary Coopt is
and is	Irony: Scout is
shaped by	punished for
specific	detending
	Atticus's honor,
details;	even though she is
provide an	standing up for
objective	justice—an
summary	important theme in
	the book. (Chapter
	the book. (Chapter

of the te	xt. 9)	
RL.MF.9 10.6. Analyze integrate and evaluate multiple interpret ons (e.g. recorded or live producti of a play or recorded novel or poetry) of a single text or text/s presente in different formats (visually quantitate ely).	Foreshadowing: The children's fascination with Boo Radley and his mysterious gifts hints at his role later in the story. (Chapter 7)  atti  Writing Mini- lessons:  Introduce the topic clearly and engage the reader  Organizing reasons and evidence logically to support claims	
W.AW.9 10.1. Write argumento supportion claims in an analy of substanting e topics texts, using vareasonin and relevant and sufficient textual a	ts rt n sis v or lid g	

		non- textual evidence.				
Marc h	1-2	SL.PE.9–10.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborati ve discussion s (one-on-one, in groups, and teacherled) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasive ly.  L.VL.9–10.3. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–	SWBAT compare different perspectives on race by examining how characters' backgrounds and social positions influence their viewpoints and biases.  SWBAT analyze how an author uses figurative language and symbolism to portray fear and prejudice, identifying key passages that illustrate these literary devices.	Reading Minilessons:  Read pages 127-168 (GN) or Chapters 12-15 (novel)  Perspective & Bias RL.PP.9-10.5 → Compare different perspectives on race in Maycomb  Figurative Language & Symbolism L.VI.9-10.4 → Analyze how Lee uses literary devices to portray fear and prejudice, using textual evidence  Vocabulary L.VL.9-10.3  Chapter 12  Interdict: An authoritative prohibition.  Chapter 13  Austere: Severe or strict in manner.  Tactful: Showing sensitivity in dealing with	LHS ELA Instruction al Workshop Model Suggested Activities/ Groups  Station Ideas:  Empathy Journals - After reading Chapters 12 and 15, students write journal entries from the perspectiv e of Scout or Jem as they visit Calpurnia's church and witness the confrontati on at the jail.	• LHS Suggeste d Formativ e Reading Assessme nts

10 reading	SWBAT	others.		
and	develop			
content,	_	Formidable:		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	a topic	Inspiring fear or		
including	by			
technical	includin	respect.		
meanings,	g			
choosing	relevant	Chapter 14		
flexibly	facts,			
from a	definitio	Uncouth: Lacking		
		good manners or		
range of	ns,	refinement.		
strategies.	concrete			
	details,	Manacles:		
	quotatio	Handcuffs or		
	ns, and			
L.VI.9-	example	restraints.		
10.4.	s to	61 4 4 5		
Demonstra		Chapter 15		
te	support			
understand	their	Succinct: Brief and		
	ideas.	clearly expressed.		
ing of				
figurative				
language,				
word		Figurative		
relationshi		Language L.VI.9-		
ps, and		10.4		
nuances in		10.1		
word		Hyperbole: "A day		
meanings,				
		was twenty-four		
including		hours long but		
connotativ		seemed longer."		
e		(Chapter 12) This		
meanings.		hyperbole		
		emphasizes how		
		time felt slow and		
		monotonous in		
RL.CR.9–		Maycomb.		
10.1. Cite		1.120, 0011101		
a range of		Imagery: The		
thorough		description of		
textual		Calpurnia's church		
evidence				
and make		service creates a		
relevant		vivid picture of the		
		congregation's		
connection		differences from		
s to		the Finch family's		
strongly		traditions.		
support		(Chapter 12)		
analysis of		,		
multiple				
aspects of				
what a		Writing Mini-		
literary				
interary				

text says	lessons:		
explicitly			
and	<ul> <li>Identificati</li> </ul>		
inferentiall	on and		
	integration		
y, as well			
as	of relevant		
including	and		
determinin	accurate		
g where	data and		
the text	evidence.		
leaves	0 / 10/01200		
	<ul> <li>Quoting</li> </ul>		
matters			
uncertain.	and citing		
	textual		
	evidence		
RL.PP. 9–	• The		
10.5.	relationship		
Determine	between		
an	claims,		
author's			
	evidence,		
lens in a	and		
text	reasoning		
(including			
cultural			
experience			
reflected			
in a work			
of			
literature			
from			
outside the			
United			
States,			
drawing			
on a wide			
reading of			
world			
literature)			
and			
analyze			
how an			
author			
uses			
rhetorical			
devices to			
advance a			
point of			
view.			

W.AW.9– 10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantiv e topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient textual and non- textual evidence.				
SL.PE.9– 10.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborati ve discussion s (one-on- one, in groups, and teacher-	SWBAT analyze how an author uses ethos, pathos, and logos in a text and evaluatin	Reading Minilessons:  Read pages 169-221 (GN) or Chapters 16-20 (novel)  Rhetorical Appeals in Atticus's Speech RL.TS.9-10.4 — Analyze ethos, pathos, and logos	LHS ELA Instruction al Workshop Model Suggested Activities/ Groups  Station Ideas:	• <u>LHS</u> <u>Suggeste</u> <u>d</u> <u>Formativ</u> <u>e Reading</u> Assessme
led) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasive	g the effective ness of the rhetorica l appeals.  SWBAT examine how	Mood & Tone in the Graphic Novel RL.IT.9-10.3 → How does shading and panel layout affect mood?  Text-to-World	Case Study on Tom Robinson - Groups analyze the testimonie s in Chapters 17-19, focusing on the	Assessme nts

	ly.	shading,	Connection →	racial	
	•	panel	Compare the case	injustices	
		layout,	to real-world	revealed in	
		and	injustices, using	the trial.	
	L.VL.9–	artistic	textual evidence	Each	
	10.3.	choices	RL.CR.9-10.1	group is	
	Determine	in the	142,014,710,1	assigned a	
	or clarify	graphic		different	
	the	novel		character's	
	meaning	influence	Vocabulary	testimony	
	of	the mood	L.VL.9-10.3	(e.g., Heck	
	unknown	and tone		Tate, Bob	
	and	of key	Chapter 16	Ewell,	
	multiple-		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	meaning	scenes,	Acrimonious:	Mayella	
	words and	enhancin	Bitter or angry in	Ewell,	
	phrases	g the	tone.	Tom	
	based on	reader's		Robinson)	
	grades 9–	emotiona	Tenet: A principle	to analyze.	
	10 reading	1	or belief.	Students	
	and	response.		identify	
	content,		Chapter 18	bias and	
	including			racism in	
	technical	SWBAT	Mollified: Calmed	the	
			or soothed.	testimonie	
	meanings,	compare the trial	**	s and	
	choosing	in the	Unmitigated:	discuss	
	flexibly		Absolute or	how these	
	from a	text to	complete.	elements	
	range of	real-	D'1 1 4 1	impact the	
	strategies.	world	Riled: Annoyed or	trial's	
		cases of	irritated.	outcome.	
		injustice,	Candid: Honest or	They	
	L.VI.9-	drawing		create a	
	10.4.	connecti	straightforward.	simple	
	Demonstra	ons	Chapter 19	chart	
	te	between	Спарист 19	comparing	
	understand	historical	Immaterial:	the	
	ing of	and	Irrelevant or	testimonie	
	figurative	contemp	unimportant.	s and	
	language,	orary	ammportunt.	discussing	
	word	example	Chapter 20	the lack of	
	relationshi	s of		empathy	
	ps, and	racial	Contraband:	shown	
	nuances in	bias in	Illegal goods.	toward	
	word	the legal		Tom	
		system.	Temerity:	Robinson.	
	meanings,		Boldness or		
	including		audacity.		
	connotativ	CWDAT	·		
	e maninas	SWBAT		Courtroom	
	meanings.	develop		Diagram	
		a topic			

	by	Figurative	Analysis -
	includin	Language L.VI.9-	Students
RL.CR.9–	g	10.4	sketch the
10.1. Cite	relevant	10.1	courtroom
a range of	facts,	Metaphor: Tom	and label
thorough	definitio	Robinson's	where
textual	ns,	honesty and	Atticus,
evidence	concrete	integrity are	Tom
and make	details,	emphasized when	Robinson,
relevant	quotatio	Atticus compares	the Ewells,
connection	ns, and	him to a	and the
s to	example	mockingbird.	jury are
strongly	s to	(Chapter 19)	seated.
support		(Chapter 17)	
analysis of	support	Foreshadowing:	They discuss
multiple	their	"There was a long	
_	ideas.	jagged scar that	how
aspects of		ran across his face;	physical
what a		what teeth he had	positionin
literary	SWBAT	were yellow and	g reflects
text says	provide a	rotten." (Chapter	social
explicitly	concludi	17)	hierarchies
and		17)	
inferentiall	ng statemen	Early descriptions	
y, as well		of Boo Radley	
as	t or	foreshadow his	
including	section	misunderstood	
determinin	that	nature and role in	
g where	logically		
the text	follows	the story.	
leaves	the flow	The trial's tense	
matters	of ideas,	opening sets the	
uncertain.	reflects		
	on the	stage for the	
	topic,	eventual verdict.	
	and	(Chapter 16)	
RL.IT.9–	reinforce		
10.3.	s the		
Analyze	informati	Writing Mini-	
how an	on	lessons:	
author	presente	tessons.	
unfolds	d.	Acknowled	
and			
develops		ging	
ideas		alternate or	
throughout		opposing	
a text,		claims	
including			
how		• Summarizi	
complex		ng key	
characters		points and	
(e.g., those		emphasizin	
(c.g., those		g the	

		I	
with	significanc		
multiple or	e of their		
conflicting	claims in a		
motivation	conclusion		
	Conclusion		
s) develop,			
interact			
with other			
characters,			
and			
advance			
the plot or			
develop			
the theme.			
RL.TS.9–			
10.4.			
Analyze			
how an			
author's			
choices			
concerning			
the			
structure			
of a text,			
order of			
the events			
within it			
(e.g.,			
parallel			
paranci			
plots), and			
manipulati			
on of time			
(e.g.,			
pacing,			
flashbacks			
) create			
specific			
effects			
(e.g.,			
mystery,			
tension, or			
surprise).			
W.AW.9-			
10.1.			
Write			
arguments			
to support			
to support			

	claims in an analysis of substantiv e topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient textual and				
	non- textual evidence.				
3-4	SL.PE.9–10.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborati ve discussion s (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasive ly.  L.VL.9–10.3.	SWBAT analyze how illustrations in the graphic novel reinforce key themes, such as morality, justice, and empathy, by examinin gartistic choices that enhance the narrative .  SWBAT compare character	Reading Minilessons:  Read pages 222-247 (GN) or Chapters 21-25 (novel)  Theme Development in Visuals RL.CI.9-10.2 → How do illustrations reinforce key themes?  Character Reactions & Growth RL.IT.9-10.3 → Compare reactions of Jem, Dill, and Scout to the verdict, using textual evidence  Literary Devices in the Text & Art	LHS ELA Instruction al Workshop Model Suggested Activities/ Groups  Station Ideas:  Evaluate whether the claims made by Bob Ewell are supported by relevant evidence (e.g., no physical evidence, lack of reliable witnesses) or whether they are based on racial bias and faulty	• LHS Suggeste d Formativ e Reading Assessme nts

Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, including technical meanings, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.  L.VI.9–10.4. Demonstra te understand ing of figurative language, word relationshi ps, and nuances in word meanings, including connotative meanings.  RL.CR.9–10.1. Cite a range of thorough textual	reactions to the trial verdict, evaluating how their response s reflect their character growth and differing levels of understanding about justice and prejudice.  SWBAT explore how foreshad owing operates both textually and visually in a text, comparing an author's use of language with the graphic novel's use of imagery to hint at future events.	RL.TS.9-10.4, RL.MF.9-10.6 → How does foreshadowing work visually vs. textually?  Vocabulary L.VL.9-10.3  Chapter 21  Indicted: Formally charged with a crime.  Iota: A very small amount.  Chapter 22  Cynical: Distrustful of human sincerity or integrity.  Squalor: Filthy and wretched conditions.  Chapter 23  Feral: Wild or untamed.  Fatalistic: Believing outcomes are predetermined and inevitable.  Chapter 24  Heathen: An uncivilized or irreligious person.  Chapter 25  Veneer: A thin covering or	reasoning.  Verdict Reflection - Students create one- slide reflections answering: "Was justice served?" "How would a modern trial differ?"	

evide		SWBAT	superficial		
and m	nake	use	appearance.		
releva		appropri			
conne	ection	ate			
s to		transitio	<b></b>		
strong	gly	ns to	Figurative		
suppo		create	Language L.VI.9-		
analys	sis of	cohesion	10.4		
multij	ple	and	T T1.		
aspec	ts of	clarify	Imagery: The		
what	a	the	courtroom scene		
literar	ry	relations	vividly portrays the emotional		
text sa	•	hips			
explic	eitly	among	weight of the trial.		
and		ideas and	(Chapter 21)		
	entiall	concepts	Irony: The		
y, as v	well	within	missionary circle's		
as		their	concern for		
includ		writing.	African tribes		
deterr			while ignoring		
g whe			racial injustice at		
the te		SWBAT	home is an		
leaves		establish	example of		
matte		and	situational irony.		
uncer	taın.	maintain	(Chapter 24)		
		a formal,	(		
		a tormai, academi	The townspeople		
RL.C	1 9_	c style in	celebrate the trial's		
10.2.	1.7	their	fairness while		
Deter	mine	writing	ignoring its deep		
one of		to match	injustice. (Chapter		
more	1	the	22)		
theme	es of	purpose			
a liter		and			
text a	-	audience	Whiting Min:		
analy			Writing Mini- lessons:		
how i			iessons.		
devel			• Using		
and	•		transitional		
refine	ed		words,		
over t	the		phrases,		
course	e of		and clauses		
the te	xt,		to create		
includ	ding		cohesion.		
how i	t		Concion.		
emerg	ges		• Use of		
and is	S		formal		
shape	ed by		language		
specif			and tone in		
detail	s;				

provide an	writing.		
objective	8		
summary			
of the text.			
RL.IT.9-			
10.3.			
Analyze			
how an			
author unfolds			
and			
develops			
ideas			
throughout			
a text,			
including			
how			
complex			
characters (e.g., those			
with			
multiple or			
conflicting			
motivation			
s) develop,			
interact			
with other characters,			
and			
advance			
the plot or			
develop			
the theme.			
RL.TS.9-			
10.4.			
Analyze			
how an			
author's			
choices concerning			
the			
structure			
of a text,			
order of			
the events			
within it			

(e.g., parallel plots), and manipulati on of time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create specific effects (e.g., mystery, tension, or surprise).  RL.MF.9–10.6. Analyze integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretati ons (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or rec
parallel plots), and manipulati on of time (c.g., pacing, flashbacks ) create specific effects (e.g., mystery, tension, or surprise).  RL.MF.9– 10.6. Analyze integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretati ons (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or
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on of time (c.g., pacing, flashbacks ) create specific effects (e.g., mystery, tension, or surprise).  RL.MF.9— 10.6. Analyze integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretati ons (c.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or
(e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create specific effects (e.g., mystery, tension, or surprise).  RL.MF.9–10.6. Analyze integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretati ons (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or
pacing, flashbacks ) create specific effects (e.g., mystery, tension, or surprise).  RL.MF.9– 10.6. Analyze integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretati ons (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or
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specific effects (e.g., mystery, tension, or surprise).  RL.MF.9– 10.6. Analyze integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretati ons (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or
effects (e.g., mystery, tension, or surprise).  RL.MF.9– 10.6. Analyze integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretati ons (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or
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(e.g., mystery, tension, or surprise).  RL.MF.9– 10.6. Analyze integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretati ons (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or
mystery, tension, or surprise).  RL.MF.9– 10.6. Analyze integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretati ons (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or
tension, or surprise).  RL.MF.9— 10.6. Analyze integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretati ons (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or
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10.6. Analyze integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretati ons (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or
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production of a play or recorded novel or
of a play or recorded novel or
or recorded novel or
recorded novel or
recorded novel or
novel or
poetry) of
a single
text or
text/s
presented
different
formats
(visually,
quantitativ
ely).
W.AW.9–
10.1.
Write
arguments

e topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient textual and non-textual evidence.  SL.PE.9–10.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborati ve discussion	SWBAT analyze how an author resolves character arcs.	Reading Minilessons:  Read pages 248-273 (GN) or Chapters 26-31 (novel)  Closure & Resolution	LHS ELA Instruction al Workshop Model Suggested Activities/ Groups  Station Ideas:	• LHS
s (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasive ly.	discuss what character s learn in a text, using textual evidence to support their analysis of how her perspecti ve on empathy and understa nding	RL.IT.9-10.3 → Analyze how Harper Lee resolves character arcs  Final Discussion on Empathy SL.PE.9-10.1 → What does Scout learn from Boo? Use textual evidence to support responses.  Final Visual	Visual Representa tion of Character Growth - Students create a visual timeline of Scout's growth as a character, marking key events (e.g., the trial, visiting	Suggeste d Formativ e Reading Assessme nts

			ı
RL.CR.9-	SWBAT	Chapter 31	
10.1. Cite	develop	1	
a range of	and	Turmoil: A state of	
thorough	strengthe	confusion or	
textual	n their	disturbance.	
evidence	writing		
and make	by		
relevant	editing		
connection	with	Figurative	
s to	guidance	Language L.VI.9-	
strongly	from	10.4	
support	peers		
analysis of	and	<u>Personification</u> :	
multiple	adults by	"The night was	
aspects of	examinin	still. The air was	
what a	g their	thin, the earth's	
literary	punctuati	insects singing a	
text says	on.	shrill keening love	
explicitly	011.	song to the moon."	
and		(Chapter 28)	
inferentiall			
y, as well		Symbolism: Boo	
as well		Radley's rescue of	
including		the children	
determinin		solidifies his role	
		as the	
g where the text		mockingbird—an	
leaves		innocent who	
matters		brings goodness.	
uncertain.		(Chapter 31)	
uncertain.			
		W W	
RL.IT.9–		Writing Mini-	
10.3.		lessons:	
Analyze		• Edition	
how an		• Editing: Grammar	
author		Graninai	
unfolds		• Editing:	
and		Punctuatio	
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throughout			
a text,			
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complex			
characters			
(e.g., those			
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multiple or			
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conflicting			
motivation			
s) develop,			
interact			
with other			
characters,			
and			
advance			
the plot or			
develop			
the theme.			
DI ME O			
RL.MF.9–			
10.6.			
Analyze			
integrate,			
and			
evaluate			
multiple			
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ons (e.g.,			
ons (c.g.,			
recorded			
or live			
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of a play			
or			
recorded			
novel or			
poetry) of			
a single			
text or			
text/s			
presented			
in			
different			
formats			
(visually,			
quantitativ			
ely).			
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MI AMI O			
W.AW.9-			
10.1.			
Write			
arguments			
to support			
als in the			
claims in			
an analysis			
of			

		substantiv e topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient textual and non- textual evidence.				
April	1	L.VL.9– 10.3. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, including technical meanings, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.  L.VI.9– 10.4. Demonstra te understand ing of figurative language, word	creating	<ul> <li>Reading benchmark MP 3</li> <li>Writing benchmark MP 3</li> <li>End of MP reflection</li> <li>Creating SMART goals</li> </ul>	• End of MP Reflection  • Argumentative Essay Rubric	• LinkIt! Benchma rk MP 3 • End of MP Reflectio n

	relationshi		
	ps, and		
	nuances in		
	word		
1 1 1			
	meanings,		
	including		
	connotativ		
1 1 1	e .		
	meanings.		
	RL.CR.9-		
	10.1. Cite		
	a range of		
	thorough		
	textual		
	evidence		
	and make		
	relevant		
	connection		
1 1 1	s to		
1 1 1	strongly		
	support		
	analysis of		
	multiple		
	aspects of		
	what a		
	literary		
	text says		
'	explicitly		
	and		
	inferentiall		
	y, as well		
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i	including		
	determinin		
	g where		
	the text		
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	RL.CI.9-		
	10.2.		
	Determine		
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	a literary		
	<i>y</i>		

text and			
analyze			
how it is			
developed			
and			
refined			
over the			
course of			
the text,			
including			
how it			
emerges			
and is			
shaped by			
specific			
details;			
provide an			
objective			
summary			
of the text.			
of the text.			
RL.IT.9–			
10.3.			
Analyze			
how an			
author			
unfolds			
and			
develops			
ideas			
throughout			
a text,			
including			
how			
complex			
characters			
(e.g., those			
with			
multiple or			
conflicting			
motivation			
s) develop,			
interact			
with other			
characters,			
and			
and advance			
the plot or			
develop			

RL.TS.9– 10.4. Analyze how an author's choices	
10.4. Analyze how an author's	
10.4. Analyze how an author's	
10.4. Analyze how an author's	
Analyze how an author's	
how an author's	
author's	
choices	
concerning	
the structure	
of a text,	
order of	
the events	
within it	
(e.g.,	
parallel	
plots), and	
manipulati	
on of time	
(e.g.,	
pacing,	
flashbacks	
) create	
specific	
effects (a.g.	
(e.g., mystery,	
tension, or	
surprise).	
RL.PP. 9-	
10.5.	
Determine	
an author's	
lens in a	
text	
(including	
cultural	
experience	
reflected	
in a work	
of	
literature	
from	
outside the	
United	

States,			
drawing			
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literature	7		
and	7		
analyze			
how an			
author			
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advance	a		
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RL.MF.9	<b>'</b> -		
10.6.			
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or live			
production	on		
of a play			
or			
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novel or			
poetry) o	of		
a single			
text or			
text/s			
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Spiraling for Mastery	
Content or Skill for this Unit	Spiral Focus from Previous Unit
• Language Skills	
1. Demonstrate Command of English Language System and Structure	1. Command of Language Structure and Style (ELA.L.SS.9–10.1 & ELA.L.KL.9–10.2):
<ul> <li>Skill: Use standard English grammar and usage effectively in writing and speaking.</li> <li>Standard: ELA.L.SS.9–10.1</li> <li>Apply Knowledge of Language for Meaning and Style</li> <li>Skill: Make effective choices in language to enhance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Previous Unit Focus: Emphasis on effective writing techniques, including grammar, syntax, and stylistic choices.</li> <li>Current Unit Application: Students will continue to refine their command of language in their writing, focusing on advanced stylistic and structural choices to enhance clarity and impact in their current assignments.</li> </ul>
meaning and style in various contexts.  • Standard: ELA.L.KL.9–10.2	2. Vocabulary and Figurative Language (ELA.L.VL.9–10.3 & ELA.L.VI.9–10.4):
3. Determine Meaning of Words and Phrases	Previous Unit Focus: Understanding and using vocabulary and figurative language in context.
<ul> <li>Skill: Use strategies to understand and clarify unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases.</li> </ul>	• Current Unit Application: Students will analyze how authors use figurative language and word choices to convey deeper meanings and themes in their current texts.

• Standard: ELA.L.VL.9–10.3

## 4. Understand Figurative Language and Word Nuances

- Skill: Interpret and analyze figurative language and nuances in word meanings, including connotations.
- Standard: ELA.L.VI.9–10.4

#### **Reading Skills**

#### 1. Cite Textual Evidence

- Skill: Provide strong and thorough evidence from texts to support analysis and interpretation.
- Standards: ELA.RL.CR.9– 10.1, ELA.RI.CR.9–10.1

## 2. Determine Themes and Central Ideas

- Skill: Identify and analyze themes or central ideas and understand how they develop and are refined in a text.
- Standards: ELA.RL.CI.9–10.2, ELA.RI.CI.9–10.2

## 3. Analyze Author's Development of Ideas

- Skill: Examine how an author develops ideas, characters, and themes throughout a text.
- Standards: ELA.RL.IT.9–10.3, ELA.RI.IT.9–10.3

# 4. Determine Author's Lens and Rhetorical Devices

- Skill: Identify the author's perspective and analyze the use of rhetorical devices to advance a point of view.
- Standard: ELA.RL.PP.9–10.5

### 5. Evaluate Multiple Interpretations

# 3. Textual Evidence and Analysis (ELA.RL.CR.9–10.1 & ELA.RI.CR.9–10.1):

- **Previous Unit Focus:** Citing textual evidence to support analysis of literary and informational texts.
- Current Unit Application: Students will strengthen their ability to cite relevant evidence and make connections to support their analysis of new texts.

## 4. Theme and Central Ideas (ELA.RL.CI.9–10.2 & ELA.RI.CI.9–10.2):

- **Previous Unit Focus:** Determining and analyzing themes and central ideas in texts.
- Current Unit Application: Students will build on their understanding of theme and central ideas by analyzing how these elements develop and are refined throughout new texts.

## 5. Development of Ideas and Complex Characters (ELA.RL.IT.9–10.3 & ELA.RI.IT.9–10.3):

- **Previous Unit Focus:** Analyzing how authors develop ideas and characters.
- Current Unit Application: Students will further explore how authors develop complex characters and ideas in their current texts, paying attention to character motivations and plot development.

# 6. Author's Choices and Rhetorical Devices (ELA.RI.TS.9–10.4 & ELA.RL.PP.9–10.5):

- **Previous Unit Focus:** Analyzing authors' structural choices and rhetorical devices.
- Current Unit Application: Students will evaluate how authors' choices impact the effectiveness of their arguments and narrative strategies in new texts.

#### 7. Evaluating Arguments (ELA.RI.AA.9–10.7):

- **Previous Unit Focus:** Evaluating the validity of arguments and evidence in informational texts.
- Current Unit Application: Students will practice assessing the reasoning and evidence in current texts to develop their critical thinking and analytical skills.

- Skill: Assess and integrate different interpretations and formats of a text.
- Standards: ELA.RL.MF.9– 10.6, ELA.RI.MF.9–10.6

## 6. Describe and Evaluate Arguments and Claims

- Skill: Analyze and evaluate arguments and claims in informational texts for validity, relevance, and sufficiency of evidence.
- Standard: ELA.RI.AA.9-10.7

### **Writing Skills**

## 1. Write Arguments to Support Claims

- Skill: Construct wellsupported arguments using valid reasoning and relevant evidence.
- Standard: ELA.W.AW.9– 10.1

#### 2. Develop and Strengthen Writing

- Skill: Improve writing through planning, revising, editing, and seeking feedback.
- Standard: ELA.W.WP.9–10.4

#### 3. Write Routinely

- Skill: Write effectively over extended and shorter time frames for various purposes and audiences.
- Standard: ELA.W.RW.9– 10.7

### **Speaking and Listening Skills**

## 1. Participate in Collaborative Discussions

 Skill: Engage effectively in discussions, building on others' ideas and expressing

# 8. Informative/Explanatory Writing (ELA.W.IW.9–10.2):

- **Previous Unit Focus:** Writing informative/explanatory texts to convey complex ideas.
- Current Unit Application: Students will apply their skills in writing to effectively organize and present information and analysis in their new assignments.

# 9. Writing Process and Revision (ELA.W.WP.9–10.4):

- **Previous Unit Focus:** Developing and strengthening writing through revision and feedback.
- Current Unit Application: Students will continue to refine their writing processes, focusing on integrating feedback and making revisions to improve their work.

# 10. Collaborative Discussions and Presentation (ELA.SL.PE.9–10.1 & ELA.SL.PI.9–10.4):

- Previous Unit Focus: Participating in discussions and presenting information clearly.
- Current Unit Application: Students
  will engage in collaborative
  discussions and presentations,
  applying their previous skills to
  articulate and support their ideas
  effectively.

one's own ideas clearly.

• Standard: ELA.SL.PE.9–10.1

## 2. Integrate Multiple Sources of Information

 Skill: Combine information from various sources and evaluate their credibility and accuracy.

• Standard: ELA.SL.II.9–10.2

#### 3. Evaluate Speaker's Point of View

 Skill: Assess the reasoning, evidence, and rhetoric used by a speaker, identifying any logical flaws or distortions.

■ Standard: ELA.SL.ES.9–10.3

#### 4. Present Information Clearly

 Skill: Present information and findings clearly and logically, with appropriate content, organization, and style.

• Standard: ELA.SL.PI.9-10.4

## 5. Adapt Speech for Contexts and Tasks

 Skill: Modify speech based on different contexts and tasks, using formal English as needed.

• Standard: ELA.SL.AS.9-10.6

### **Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills**

Please tag the appropriate **2020 NJSLS-CLKS** standards that align with the grade band and content/skills of this unit. This is done by clicking "actions" and then "add standards".

TECH.9.4.12.IML.1 Compare search browsers and recognize features that allow for filtering of information.

TECH.9.4.12.IML.2 Evaluate digital sources for timeliness, accuracy, perspective, credibility of the source, and

relevance of information, in media, data, or other resources (e.g., NJSLSA.W8, Social

Studies Practice: Gathering and Evaluating Sources.

TECH.9.4.12.IML.7 Develop an argument to support a claim regarding a current workplace or societal/ethical

	issue such as climate change (e.g., NJSLSA.W1, 7.1.AL.PRSNT.4).
TECH.9.4.12.IML.8	Evaluate media sources for point of view, bias, and motivations (e.g., NJSLSA.R6, 7.1.AL.IPRET.6).
TECH.9.4.12.IML.9	Analyze the decisions creators make to reveal explicit and implicit messages within information and media (e.g., 1.5.12acc.C2a, 7.1.IL.IPRET.4).
	Solutions to the problems faced by a global society require the contribution of individuals

with different points of view and experiences.

Advanced search techniques can be used with digital and media resources to locate information and to check the credibility and the expertise of sources to answer questions, solve problems, and inform the decision-making.

### **Interdisciplinary Connections**

How does this unit connect to standards in other disciplines? Add the appropriate **NJ SLS** here, keeping grade bands in mind. This is done by clicking "actions" and then "add standards".

SOC.6.1.12.CivicsPD.1.a	Use multiple sources to analyze the factors that led to an increase in the political rights and participation in government.
SOC.6.1.12.CivicsDP.4.a	Compare and contrast historians' interpretations of the impact of the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments on African American's ability to participate in influencing governmental policies.
SOC.6.1.12.CivicsDP.4.b	Analyze how ideas found in key documents contributed to demanding equality for all (i.e., the Declaration of Independence, the Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments and Resolutions, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the Gettysburg Address).
SOC.6.1.12.HistoryCC.8.c	Identify the conditions that gave rise to the Harlem Renaissance and assess the impact of artists, writers, and musicians on American culture.
SOC.6.1.12.CivicsDP.13.a	Analyze the effectiveness of national legislation, policies, and Supreme Court decisions in promoting civil liberties and equal opportunities (i.e., the Civil Rights Act, the Voting Rights Act, the Equal Rights Amendment, Title VII, Title IX, Affirmative Action, Brown v. Board of Education, and Roe v. Wade).
SOC.6.1.12.EconEM.13.a	Explain how individuals and organizations used economic measures as weapons in the struggle for civil and human rights (e.g., the Montgomery Bus Boycott, sit downs).
SOC.6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.c	Determine the impetus for the Civil Rights Movement and generate an evidence-based argument that evaluates the federal actions taken to ensure civil rights for African Americans.