

## Unit 4 Equations and Inequalities/Polynomials/Factoring 45 Instructional School Days

## **Targeted Standards**

HS.A-CED.A.1 Create equations that describe numbers or relationships 1. Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. Include equations arising from linear and quadratic functions, and simple rational and exponential functions.

HS.A-REI.A.1 Understand solving equations as a process of reasoning and explain the reasoning 1. Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method.

HS.A-REI.B.3 Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters.

HS.A-APR.A.1 Perform arithmetic operations on polynomials 1. Understand that polynomials form a system analogous to the integers, namely, they are closed under the operations of addition, subtraction, and multiplication; add, subtract, and multiply polynomials.

HS.A-APR.B.2 Understand the relationship between zeros and factors of polynomials 2. Know and apply the Remainder Theorem: For a polynomial p(x) and a number a, the remainder on division by x - a is p(a), so p(a) = 0 if and only if (x - a) is a factor of p(x).

#### Rationale and Transfer Goals:

Students will learn how to apply the strategies of creating and solving one step equations. Following the one step equations they will learn how to create multiple step equations and how to solve them. Next they will do the same thing with one step and multiple step inequalities. The students will then apply those skills to graphing basic lines and inequalities. The students will learn how to use addition, subtraction, multiplication, division and exponents with respect to polynomials. Students will learn how to factor a trinomial using various methods including the quadratic formula. Students will learn how to complete the square of a trinomial.



#### **Enduring Understandings:**

- Real world problems may be represented by the formation and solution of linear equations.
- Equations and inequalities may be used as models to solve mathematical and real world problems.
- An inequality is another way to describe a relationship between expressions; instead of showing that the values of two expressions are equal, inequalities indicate that the value of one expression is greater than (or greater than or equal to) the value of the other expression.
- The properties of integers apply to polynomials.
- Multiplying and factoring polynomials are related.
- Multiplying and factoring polynomials are related.
- Solving polynomials involves the reversal of operations, the distributive property and rules of exponents.

#### Essential Questions:

- What is the first step when converting real world situations into equations?
- How can we simplify equations, using the number properties, before looking for a solution?
- How should we deal with negative coefficients, when solving inequalities?
- How can polynomials be simplified and applied to solve problems?
- Can two algebraic expressions that appear to be different be equivalent?
- How are the properties of real numbers related to polynomials?
- How can polynomials be simplified and applied to solve problems?
- Can two algebraic expressions that appear to be different be equivalent?
- How are the properties of real numbers related to polynomials?

Content/Objectives		Instructional Actions	
Content	Skills	Activities/Strategies	Evidence (Assessments)



What students will know	What students will be able to do	How we teach content and skills	How we know students have learned
-Evaluating Algebraic Expressions	-Determine whether a given	Math practice individually, whole	Formative
	number is a solution for an	group, and small group.	Teacher observation and
-Solving Equations by the addition	equation	Peer group leadership	questioning
property	-Identify expressions and		
	equations	Student presentations of concepts	Seat and or group work
-Solving equations by the	-Use the addition and distributive	and demonstration of skills	
multiplication property	property to solve an equation	Арр	Fist to five/ Thumbs up, thumbs
	-Use the multiplication property	Partners or group work (groups	down
-Combining the rules to solve	to solve equations	formed heterogeneously	
equations	-Solve an application involving the	according to ability)	Homework
	multiplication property		
-Formulas and problem solving	-Combine the addition and	Students given access to Google	Student participation at board
	multiplication property to solve	Classroom	
-Applications of linear equations	an equation		Summative
	-Solve equations containing	Students given access to	
-Exponents and Polynomials	parentheses and fractions	Screencastify	Edpuzzle pro quizzes
	-Solve a literal equation for one of		
-Negative exponents and scientific	its variables	Edpuzzle	Notebook Quiz
notation	-Solve an application involving a		
	literal equation	Khan Academy	Homework Checks
-Adding and subtracting	-Translate a word phrase to an		
polynomials	expression or an equation	Illustrative Mathematics	Regular Quizzes and tests
	-Use an equation to solve an		
-Multiplying polynomials	application		Unit 3 Benchmark Assessment
	-Solve mixture and motion		
-Dividing polynomials	problems		Camden County Final
	-Solve applications involving		
-Factoring trinomials in standard	percents		
form	-Use inequality notation		



	-Graph the solution set of an	
-Difference of squares and perfect	inequality	
square trinomials	-Solve an inequality and graph the	
	solution set	
-Strategies for factoring	-Solve an application using	
	inequalities	
-Solving quadratic equations by	-Identify types of polynomials	
factoring	-Find the degree of a polynomial	
	-Evaluate a polynomial	
	-Evaluate and Simplify	
	expressions involving a zero or a	
	negative exponent	
	-Solve applications involving	
	scientific notation	
	-Add and subtract polynomials	
	-Find the product of two	
	binomials and polynomials	
	-Square a binomial	
	-Divide polynomials	
	-Factor out the GCF	
	-Factor out a binomial	
	-Factor a polynomial by grouping	
	-Factor a trinomial	
	-Factor a trinomial in standard	
	form	
	-Completely factor a trinomial	
	-Use the ac test to determine	
	factorability	
	-Factor a binomial that is the	
	difference of squares	



-Factor a pe -Recognize 1 -Apply appr strategies	erfect square trinomial factoring patterns ropriate factoring					
Spiraling for Mastery						
Content or Skill for this Unit	Spiral Focus from Previous Unit	Instructional Activity				
Evaluating and solving algebraic expressions	-Adding, Subtracting, Multiplying and Dividing Fractions -Exponential Notation and the order of operations -Ratios and Proportions -Percents -Percent increase and decrease -Percents with respect to loans	Students given handouts of powerpoint notes   Students provided with google slide presentations   Students given access to online help from multiple locations   Partners or group work (groups formed heterogeneously according to ability)   IXL   https://www.ixl.com/inspiration/get-started   Khan Academy   What is an equation?   How can we solve multi-step equations?   How can we graph solutions to multi-step inequalities?   Open Source activities below from Illustrative Math				



	Coupon versus discount
	The sign of solutions
	<u>Cell phone plans</u>
	Kimi and Jordan
	Summer swimming
	Introducing functions
	Mixing Fertilizer
	The bank account
	A cubic identity
	Building a general quadratic function
	Identifying guadratic function (Standard form)
	Buying a car
	Paying rent
	Throwing a ball
	Two squares are equal

#### 21st Century Skills:

CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.

CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.

## **Career and Technical Education**

9.2.12.C.1 Review career goals and determine steps necessary for attainment.

9.2.12.C.3 Identify transferable career skills and design alternate career plans.

## Key resources:

9.2.12.CAP.2: Develop college and career readiness skills by participating in opportunities such as structured learning experiences,

apprenticeships, and dual enrollment programs.

9.2.12.CAP.3: Investigate how continuing education contributes to one's career and personal growth

# Interdisciplinary Connections

NJSLS ELA



NJSLSA.R7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

## NJSLA Science

HS-PS4-1. Use mathematical representations to support a claim regarding relationships among the frequency, wavelength,

and speed of waves traveling in various media.

HS-PS3-1. Create a computational model to calculate the change in the energy of one component in a system when the

change in energy of the other component(s) and energy flows in and out of the system are known.