# **Unit 02: Chemistry of Life**

Content Area: **Template** 

Course(s): Time Period: Length:

Status: Published

**State Mandated Topics Addressed in this Unit** 

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N/A	N/A

## **Unit 2: Chemistry of Life**

#### **Standards**

9-12.HS-LS2-5 Develop a model to illustrate the role of photosynthesis and cellular respiration in the

cycling of carbon among the biosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere, and geosphere.

9-12.HS-LS1-6 Construct and revise an explanation based on evidence for how carbon, hydrogen, and

oxygen from sugar molecules may combine with other elements to form amino acids

and/or other large carbon-based molecules.

## **Essential Questions**

- How do chemicals combine and break apart inside living things?
- How do organisms use different types of carbon compounds?
- How does structure relate to function in living systems?
- What is the matter in organisms made of?
- · Why are the properties of water important to organisms?

## **Learning Objectives**

- Analyze and explain how cells carry out a variety of chemical transformations that allow conversion of energy from one form to another, the breakdown of molecules into smaller units, and the building of larger molecules from smaller ones
- Create a model of the four major categories of organic molecules (carbohydrates, fats, proteins, and nucleic acids) using unique characteristics and primary functions
- Demonstrate that the activities of enzymes are affected by the temperature, ionic conditions, and the pH of the surroundings

- Determine why each major category of organic molecule is essential to life
- Explain how molecules are used to assemble larger molecules with biological activity (including proteins, DNA, sugars and fats)
- Identify enzymes as proteins, and determine how they catalyze biochemical reactions
- Identify the six elements most common to biological organisms: carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen, phosphorous and sulfur
- Recognize that food molecules are taken into cells and react to provide the chemical constituents needed to synthesize other molecules, and knowing that the breakdown and synthesis are made possible by enzymes
- Recognize that most chemical transformations are made possible by protein catalysts called enzymes

#### **Instructional Tasks/Activities**

- "Toothpickase" Lab Activity: students use their hands to demonstrate the effect of enzymes on a reaction
- 3D models: students create various organic molecules using kits
- · Acid/Base Food Lab: students hypothesize then identify pH of everyday foods
- Affect of CO2 (breath) on Bromythymol blue Solution: students hypothesize then observe the effect of CO2 on solution
- Assemble protons, neutrons, electrons of individual atoms using manipulatives (candy, beads, etc.) as a group & Damp; individually
- Atomic Structure: students determine from periodic table (proton, neutron, electron, energy levels) using candy/ beads/ beans/ coins
- Chapter tests
- · Enzyme-simulation with Amlyase
- Foldables organization of material (atomic structure, chemical vs. physical changes, properties of water)
- H2Olympics Lab: students demonstrate and identify properties of water (cohesion, adhesion, capillary action)
- Identify physical vs. chemical change and mixture vs. solution: students identify whether a chemical or physical change had occurred in various stations
- POGIL: Macromolecules
- Review game
- Vocabulary Quizzes

#### **Assessment Procedure**

- · Assemble structures of molecules in 3 dimensions using kits
- Classroom Total Participation Technique
- Classwork
- DBQ
- Essay
- Exit Ticket/Entrance Ticket/Do Now

- Group discussion
- Journal / Student Reflection
- Kahoot
- Other named in lesson
- Peer Review
- Performance
- PowerPoint presentation of material
- Problem Correction
- Project
- Quiz
- Rubric
- · Teacher Collected Data
- Test
- Think, pair, share (read assigned section of text individually, discuss with a partner, present material in pairs to class use PowerPoint as a reference)
- Worksheet

### **Recommended Technology**

- Appropriate Content Specific Online Resource
- Chromebook
- GoGuardian
- Google Classroom
- Google Docs
- · Google Forms
- Google Slides
- Kahoot
- MagicSchool Al
- Other- Specified in Lesson
- Quiziz

#### **Accommodations & Modifications & Differentiation**

Accommodations and Modifications should be used to meet individual needs. Their IEP and 504 plans should be used in addition to the following suggestions.

#### **Gifted and Talented**

- Compare & Contrast
- Conferencing
- Debates
- Jigsaw
- Peer Partner Learning
- Problem Solving
- Structured Controversy
- Think, Pair, Share
- Tutorial Groups

### **Instruction/Materials**

- alter format of materials (type/highlight, etc.)
- · color code materials
- eliminate answers
- extended time
- large print
- modified quiz
- modified test
- Modify Assignments as Needed
- Modify/Repeat/Model directions
- necessary assignments only
- Other (specify in plans)
- other- named in lesson
- provide assistance and cues for transitions
- provide daily assignment list
- read class materials orally
- reduce work load
- shorten assignments
- study guide/outline
- utilize multi-sensory modes to reinforce instruction

#### **Environment**

- alter physical room environment
- assign peer tutors/work buddies/note takers
- · assign preferential seating
- individualized instruction/small group
- modify student schedule (Describe)

- other- please specify in plans
- provide desktop list/formula

## **Honors Modifications**

N/A

#### Resources

- Resource 1
- Resource 2
- Resource 3
- Resource 4
- Resource 5