# **Unit #4 Saving and Investing**

Content Area: Math

Course(s): Time Period:

Length: **6 weeks** Status: **Published** 

**State Mandated Topics Addressed in this Unit** 

| State Mandated Topics Addressed in this Unit |     |
|--|-----|
| N/A  | N/A |

### **Saving and Investing**

### **Learning Objectives**

- Objective 1 Distinguish between situations that can be modeled with linear functions and with exponential functions. Recognize situations in which one quantity changes at a constant rate per unit interval relative to another.
- Objective 10 Represent constraints by equations or inequalities, and by systems of equations and/or inequalities, and interpret solutions as viable or nonviable options in a modeling context. For example, represent inequalities describing nutritional and cost constraints on combinations of different foods.
- Objective 11 Explain the difference between saving and investing.
- Objective 12 Identify types of investments appropriate for different objectives such as liquidity, income, and growth.
- Objective 13 Describe the importance of various sources of income in retirement, including Social Security, employer-sponsored retirement savings plans, and personal investments.
- Objective 2 Distinguish between situations that can be modeled with linear functions and with exponential functions. Recognize situations in which a quantity grows or decays by a constant percent rate per unit interval relative to another.
- Objective 3 Observe using graphs and tables that a quantity increasing exponentially eventually exceeds a quantity increasing linearly, quadratically, or (more generally) as a polynomial function.
- Objective 4 For a function that models a relationship between two quantities, interpret key features of graphs and tables in terms of the quantities, and sketch graphs showing key features given a verbal description of the relationship. Key features include: intercepts; intervals where the function is increasing, decreasing, positive, or negative; relative maximums and minimums; symmetries; end behavior; and periodicity.★
- Objective 5 Relate the domain of a function to its graph and, where applicable, to the quantitative relationship it describes. For example, if the function h(n) gives the number of person-hours it takes to assemble n engines in a factory, then the positive integers would be an appropriate domain for the function.★
- Objective 6 Calculate and interpret the average rate of change of a function (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval. Estimate the rate of change from a graph.★

- Objective 7 Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays.
- Objective 8 Distinguish between situations that can be modeled with linear functions and with exponential functions. Recognize situations in which one quantity changes at a constant rate per unit interval relative to another.
- Objective 9 Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. Include equations arising from linear and quadratic functions, and simple rational and exponential functions.

### **Essential Skills**

- Essential Skill 1 Distinguish between situations that can be modeled with linear functions and with exponential functions.
- Essential Skill 10 Relate the domain of a function its graph
- Essential Skill 11 Relate the domain of a function to the quantitative relationship that it describes
- Essential Skill 12 Calculate the average rate of change of a function from a graph or a function on an interval.
- Essential Skill 13 Interpret the average rate of change.
- Essential Skill 14 Estimate the average rate of change from a graph.
- Essential Skill 15 Apply scales to graphs, origin of graph and data displays.
- Essential Skill 16 Use units to make sense of solutions.
- Essential Skill 17 Apply scales to multi-step problems and formulas.
- Essential Skill 18 Interpret units in formulas.
- Essential Skill 19 Choose units in formulas.
- Essential Skill 2 Recognize situations where one quantity changes at a constant rate relative to another.
- Essential Skill 20 Distinguish between situations that can be modeled with linear functions and with exponential functions.
- Essential Skill 21 Recognize situations where one quantity changes at a constant rate relative to another.
- Essential Skill 22 Create and solve equations.
- Essential Skill 23 Create and solve inequalities.
- Essential Skill 24 Represent solutions of equations, inequalities, and systems to real-world applications.
- Essential Skill 25 Interpret solutions as viable based on the constraints of the application.
- Essential Skill 26 Explain the difference between saving and investing.
- Essential Skill 27 • Apply criteria for choosing a saving or investment instrument (e.g. market risk, inflation risk, interest rate risk, liquidity, and minimum amount needed for investment).
- Essential Skill 28 Describe the advantages provided by employer-sponsored retirement savings plans including 401K and related plans.
- Essential Skill 29 Describe why and how people save.
- Essential Skill 3 Distinguish between situations that can be modeled with linear and exponential functions.

- Essential Skill 30 Identify the opportunity costs of saving.
- Essential Skill 31 Distinguish between simple and compound interest.
- Essential Skill 32 Explain why a savings and investing plan changes as one proceeds through the life cycle.
- Essential Skill 33 Explain how and why the stock market works.
- Essential Skill 34 Identify the risk/return trade-offs for saving and investing.
- Essential Skill 35 Analyze the power of compounding and the importance of starting early in implementing a plan for saving and investing.
- Essential Skill 36 Develop financial goals for the future based on one's lifestyle expectations and career choices.
- Essential Skill 37 Calculate and apply the Rule of '72.
- Essential Skill 38 Examine the fundamental workings of the Social Security System and the system's effects on retirement planning.
- Essential Skill 4 Recognize situations where a quantity grows or decays by a constant percent rate.
- Essential Skill 5 Observe using graphs that a quantity increasing exponentially eventually exceeds a quantity increasing linearly, quadratically, or a polynomial)
- Essential Skill 6 Observe using tables that a quantity increasing exponentially eventually exceeds a quantity increasing linearly, quadratically, or a polynomial
- Essential Skill 7 Sketch a graph using the key features of a function.
- Essential Skill 8 Interpret key features from a graph or a table of values.
- Essential Skill 9 Key features include: intercepts; intervals where the function is increasing, decreasing, positive, or negative; relative maximums and minimums; symmetries; end behavior; and periodicity.

### **Standards**

| MATH.9-12.N.Q.A.1    | Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays.      |
|----------------------|--|
| MATH.9-12.A.CED.A.1  | Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. Include equations arising from linear and quadratic functions, and simple rational and exponential functions.                                  |
| MATH.9-12.A.CED.A.3  | Represent constraints by equations or inequalities, and by systems of equations and/or inequalities, and interpret solutions as viable or nonviable options in a modeling context.   |
| MATH.9-12.F.IF.B.4   | For a function that models a relationship between two quantities, interpret key features of graphs and tables in terms of the quantities, and sketch graphs showing key features given a verbal description of the relationship. |
| MATH.9-12.F.IF.B.5   | Relate the domain of a function to its graph and, where applicable, to the quantitative relationship it describes.   |
| MATH.9-12.F.IF.B.6   | Calculate and interpret the average rate of change of a function (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval. Estimate the rate of change from a graph.   |
| MATH.9-12.F.LE.A.1.b | Recognize situations in which one quantity changes at a constant rate per unit interval relative to another.   |
| MATH.9-12.F.LE.A.1.c | Recognize situations in which a quantity grows or decays by a constant percent rate per unit interval relative to another.   |

| MATH.9-12.F.LE.A.3 | Observe using graphs and tables that a quantity increasing exponentially eventually exceeds a quantity increasing linearly, quadratically, or (more generally) as a polynomial function. |
|--------------------|--|
| PFL.9.1.12.PB.1    | Explain the difference between saving and investing.   |
| PFL.9.1.12.RM.1    | Describe the importance of various sources of income in retirement, including Social Security, employer-sponsored retirement savings plans, and personal investments.                    |
| PFL.9.1.12.RM.2    | Identify types of investments appropriate for different objectives such as liquidity, income, and growth.  |

# **Instructional Tasks/Activities**

- http://financeintheclassroom.org/teacher/standard3.shtml
- http://www.umsl.edu/~wpockets/Clubhouse/library/WillSavesForTheStars/01.htm
- https://www.practicalmoneyskills.com/teach/lesson\_plans/grades\_9\_12

### **Assessment Procedure**

- Classroom Total Participation Technique
- Classwork
- DBQ
- Essay
- Exit Ticket/Entrance Ticket/Do Now
- Journal / Student Reflection
- Kahoot
- Other named in lesson
- Peer Review
- Performance
- Problem Correction
- Project
- Quiz
- Rubric
- Teacher Collected Data
- Teacher Observation
- Test
- Verbal Assessment
- Worksheet

# **Recommended Technology Activities**

• Appropriate Content Specific Online Resource

- Chromebook
- Gimkit
- GoGuardian
- Google Classroom
- Google Docs
- Google Forms
- Google Slides
- Kahoot
- MagicSchool Al
- · Other-Specified in Lesson
- Quiziz
- Screencastify

# **Accommodations & Modifications & Differentiation**

Accommodations and Modifications should be used to meet individual needs. Their IEP and 504 plans should be used in addition to the following suggestions.

### **Gifted and Talented**

- Compare & Contrast
- Conferencing
- Debates
- Jigsaw
- Peer Partner Learning
- Problem Solving
- Structured Controversy
- Think, Pair, Share
- Tutorial Groups

# **Instruction/Materials**

- alter format of materials (type/highlight, etc.)
- color code materials
- · eliminate answers
- · extended time
- extended time
- large print

- modified quiz
- modified test
- Modify Assignments as Needed
- Modify/Repeat/Model directions
- necessary assignments only
- Other (specify in plans)
- other- named in lesson
- provide assistance and cues for transitions
- provide daily assignment list
- · read class materials orally
- reduce work load
- shorten assignments
- study guide/outline
- · utilize multi-sensory modes to reinforce instruction

### **Environment**

- alter physical room environment
- assign peer tutors/work buddies/note takers
- · assign preferential seating
- individualized instruction/small group
- modify student schedule (Describe)
- other- please specify in plans
- provide desktop list/formula

### **Honors Modifications**

#### **Resources**

- https://www.ixl.com
- https://www.khanacademy.org/