# **Unit 2: Measurement and Geometry**

Content Area: Mathematics
Course(s): College Math I
Time Period: November
Length: 8 weeks
Status: Published

#### **Unit Overview**

This unit investigates the different ways that things are measured in our world with an emphasis on the differents units used. This unit also investigates Euclidian Geometry and Right Triangle Trigonometry.

#### **Transfer**

Students will be able to independently use their learning to...

Convert and calculate within the different measurement systems in our world.

Use Euclidian Geometry and Right triangle trigonometry to assist with everyday things like projects around the home.

For more information, read the following article by Grant Wiggins.

http://www.authenticeducation.org/ae bigideas/article.lasso?artid=60

### Meaning

## **Understandings**

Students will understand that...

- Converting measurements is an essential life skill.
- Euclidian Geometry can help in real world problems solving involving household projects.
- Triangles can be used to solve many practical problems.

### **Essential Questions**

- What are the basic units of length, capacity and weight in the English measurement system?
- What importance do prefixes play in different units of measure in the metric system?
- What is the conncetion between the base units of length and capacity in the metric system?
- What does it mean for a geometric figure to be closed?
- How can you find the sum of the angle measures for a polygon?
- What is the connection betweenthe number *pi* and the dimensions of a circle?
- What is the difference between volume and surface area?

### **Application of Knowledge and Skill**

#### Students will know...

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- Converting measurements is an essential life skill.
- Euclidian Geometry can help in real world problems solving involving household projects.
- Triangles can be used to solve many practical problems.

#### Students will be skilled at...

Students will be skilled at...

- Converting and computing within the different measurement systems
- Identify types of triangles.
- Using the Pythagorean Theorem.
- Finding perimeter/area/volume/capacity.
- Using trigonometric ratios to solve real world problems.

### **Academic Vocabulary**

dimensional analysis	meter	liter	
gram	linear unit	square unit	
cubic unit	Fahrenheit	Celsius	
point	line	plane	
angle	vertex	degree	
acute angle	obtuse angle	complementary	
supplementary	parallel	transversal	
isosceles triangle	equilateral triangle	scalene triangle	
theorem	hypotenuse	perimeter	
radius	diameter	circumference	

#### ===> LEARNING GOAL 2.1 - Measurement

Convert and computate within the metric system and the english system of measurement.

### Objective 2.1.1 (Length) (level of difficulty: Retrieval - executing)

SWBAT:

(9.1)

- Convert measurements of lenght in the english system
- Convert measurements in the metric system
- Convert between english and metric units of length.

MA.K-12.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

MA.N-Q.A Reason quantitatively and use units to solve problems.

MA.N-Q.A.3 Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting

quantities.

## Objective 2.1.2 (Area and Volume) (level of difficulty: Retrieval - executing)

SWBAT:

- Convert units of area
- convert units of volume

MA.G-GMD.A.1 Give an informal argument for the formulas for the circumference of a circle, area of a

circle, volume of a cylinder, pyramid, and cone.

MA.G-MG.A.2 Apply concepts of density based on area and volume in modeling situations (e.g., persons

per square mile, BTUs per cubic foot).

## Objective 2.1.3 (Weight and Temperature) (level of difficulty: Retrieval - executing)

#### SWBAT:

(9.3)

- Converting weight within the metric system
- Converting weights within the english system
- Converting temperature
- Converting betweenthe metric and english systems od measures.

MA.K-12.2

Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

### ===> LEARNING GOAL 2.2 - Geometry

Use Euclidian Geometry to solve real world problems

## Objective 2.2.1 (Points/Lines/Planes/Angles) (level of difficulty: Comprehension)

SWBAT

- Write names for angles
- Use vertical angles to find angle measures
- Find measures of angles formed by a transversal.

MA.G-CO.A.1

Know precise definitions of angle, circle, perpendicular line, parallel line, and line segment, based on the undefined notions of point, line, distance along a line, and distance around a circular arc.

## Objective 2.2.2 (Triangles) (level of difficulty: Comprehension)

#### **SWBAT**

(10.2)

- Identify types of triangles
- Find missing angles in a triangle

- Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find side lengths
- Use similar triangles to find side lengths

MA.G-CO.B.7	Use the definition of congruence in terms of rigid motions to show that two triangles are
	congruent if and only if corresponding pairs of sides and corresponding pairs of angles are

congruent if and only if corresponding pairs of sides and corresponding pairs of angles are

congruent.

MA.G-SRT.A.2 Given two figures, use the definition of similarity in terms of similarity transformations to

decide if they are similar; explain using similarity transformations the meaning of similarity for triangles as the equality of all corresponding pairs of angles and the proportionality of

all corresponding pairs of sides.

MA.G-SRT.A.3 Use the properties of similarity transformations to establish the AA criterion for two

triangles to be similar.

MA.G-SRT.B.4 Prove theorems about triangles.

MA.G-SRT.B.5 Use congruence and similarity criteria for triangles to solve problems and to prove

relationships in geometric figures.

MA.G-SRT.C.8 Use trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean Theorem to solve right triangles in applied

problems.

### **Objective 2.2.3 (Polygons and Perimeter) (level of difficulty: Comprehension)**

**SWBAT** 

(10.3)

- Find the sum of angle measures of a polygon
- Find the angle measures of a regular polygon
- Find the perimeter of a polygon.

MA.G-GPE.B.7 Use coordinates to compute perimeters of polygons and areas of triangles and rectangles,

e.g., using the distance formula.

### Objective 2.2.4 (Polygons and Circles) (level of difficulty: Comprehension)

SWBAT

(10.4)

- Find areas of rectangles, parallelograms, triangles and trapezoids
- Find circumference and area of circles.

MA.G-C.A.1 Prove that all circles are similar.

MA.G-GPE.B.7 Use coordinates to compute perimeters of polygons and areas of triangles and rectangles,

e.g., using the distance formula.

## **Objective 2.2.5 (Volume and Surface Area) (level of difficulty: Comprehension)**

SWBAT:

• Find the volumes and surface areas of solid figures

MA.G-GMD.A.1	Give an informal argument for the formulas for the circumference of a circle, area of a circle, volume of a cylinder, pyramid, and cone.
MA.G-GMD.A.3	Use volume formulas for cylinders, pyramids, cones, and spheres to solve problems.
MA.G-MG.A.2	Apply concepts of density based on area and volume in modeling situations (e.g., persons

## **Objective 2.2.6 (Trigonometry) (level of difficulty: Comprehension)**

#### SWBAT:

#### (10.6)

- Find basic trigonometric ratios
- Use trigonometric ratios to find sides and angles of a right triangle
- Solve problems using trigonometric ratios

MA.G-SRT.C.6	Understand that by similarity, side ratios in right triangles are properties of the angles in the triangle, leading to definitions of trigonometric ratios for acute angles.
MA.G-SRT.C.7	Explain and use the relationship between the sine and cosine of complementary angles.
MA.G-SRT.C.8	Use trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean Theorem to solve right triangles in applied problems.

### **Summative Assessment**

Tests, quizzes, End of Unit Benchmark, Projects

## **21st Century Life and Careers**

CRP.K-12.CRP1	Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
CRP.K-12.CRP2	Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
CRP.K-12.CRP4	Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
CRP.K-12.CRP6	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
CRP.K-12.CRP8	Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
CRP.K-12.CRP10	Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.
CRP.K-12.CRP11	Use technology to enhance productivity.
CRP.K-12.CRP12	Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.3	Identify transferable career skills and design alternate career plans.

Formative Assessment and Performance Opportunities
Classroom discussion
class/homework
class closure
class openers
group work
presentations
projects
student teacher discussions
Accommodations and Modifications
504 Accomodations
IEPs
challenge problems
heterogeneous grouping
Problems of the week
projects
small group instruction
technology
Unit Resources
• Textbook: Math in Our World, 2nd Edition (McGraw Hill, 2011)
Kuta Software

- Examview Software

### Additional Websites:

- Dan Meyer's 3-Act Math Tasks:  $\underline{https://docs.google.com/spreadsheet/pub?key=0AjIqyKM9d7ZYdEhtR3BJMmdBWnM2YWxWYVM}$ 1UWowTEE&output=html
- NCTM Illuminations Website: Resources for Teaching Math:

## $\underline{http://illuminations.nctm.org/Default.aspx}$

- PARCC Educator Resources: <a href="http://www.parcconline.org/for-educators">http://www.parcconline.org/for-educators</a>
- The Geometer's Sketchpad Resource Center: <a href="http://www.dynamicgeometry.com/">http://www.dynamicgeometry.com/</a>
- Khan Academy: <a href="https://www.khanacademy.org/">https://www.khanacademy.org/</a>