Where in The World...?

Volume 3



Directions: Read each statement below. Each statement describes a natural or manmade landmark someplace in the world. As you read each statement, ask *yourself What are the key words in the statement?* Use library or Internet resources -- and those key words -- to help you figure out which landmark each statement desribes. Write the name of the correct landmark on the line next to the statement.

1. This ancient Mayan city in Mexico was mostly	
uninhabited by the time Columbus arrived in the New World.	
2. Nearly 2,000 years ago, this deadly volcano in Ita buried the city of Pompeii.	ly
3. Built more than 4,000 years ago as a tomb for an Egyptian pharaoh, this is the largest of the great pyramids.	
4. This huge natural landmark marks the entrance to the Mediterranean Sea.)
5. In the 1600s, India's Emperor Shah Jahan built thomb that has an onion-shaped dome.	is
6. These famous waterfalls in Zimbabwe, Africa, are almost a mile wide.	!
7. This royal palace in France, home of the famous Hall of Mirrors, was built for King Louis XIV; the palace had more than 1,400 fountains.	
8. Bordered by St. Basil's Cathedral and the Kremlin balaces, this bricked area is in the heart of Moscow.	1
9. This most famous volcano crater in the world is ocated on the island of Oahu in the state of Hawaii.	
10. In East London, this fortress was built by William the Conqueror more than a century ago.	1
BONUS!	
Norway is famous for these natural "landmarks." Wa	ıter
passes through these cliffs formed by glaciers.	