Unit 3: Community and policing

Content Area: Social Studies
Course(s): Law Enforcement

Time Period: **8 weeks**Length: **8 weeks**Status: **Published**

Unit Overview

Students will be able to demonstrate knowledge of the importance of community policing and patrol function.

Transfer

Students will be able to compare and contrast the impact of community policing in conjunction with the daily duties of police patrol.

For more information, read the following article by Grant Wiggins.

http://www.authenticeducation.org/ae bigideas/article.lasso?artid=60

Meaning

Understandings

Students will understand that...

- Community policing is an essential part of policing both historically and currently.
- Their are new challenges to community policing as cultural changes occur in our society.
- Crime mapping and patrol duties work in conjunction with each other.

- Patrol is the backbone of all police work.						
Essential Questions						
Students will keep considering						
- The importance of the community and the police working together to improve the community.						
- The challenges that different sub-groups cause for police.						
- The different roles and responsibilities of patrol officers.						
- How police officers use discretion daily to evaluate different situations.						
Application of Knowledge and Skill						
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Students will be skilled at...

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- Evaluating what things in community policing work versus what things do not work.
- Effectively implementing a community policing plan in our community.
- Identifying hot spots and implementing a solutions to prevent crime.
- Analyzing how to use discretion properly.
- Comparing and contrasting the advantages and disadvantatges of different types of patrol.

Academic Vocabulary

Broken-windows theory, demographers, ghetto syndrome, hot spots, problem-oriented policing, SARA model, social capital, integrated patrol, cold crimes, directed patrol, incident-driven policing, racial profiling, random patrol, pretext stops, saturation patrol, aggressive patrol

Target 2

Determine the importance of having an effective community policing plan in place to address challenges in a community.

CRP.K-12.CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.

CRP.K-12.CRP1.1 Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a

member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.

CRP.K-12.CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.

CRP.K-12.CRP2.1 Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections

between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct

insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a

workplace situation.

CRP.K-12.CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

CRP.K-12.CRP4.1 Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with

clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.

CRP.K-12.CRP11 Use technology to enhance productivity.

TECH.8.1.12.B.CS1 Apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes.

TECH.8.1.12.D.CS2 Demonstrate personal responsibility for lifelong learning.

Target 1

Determine the importance of patrol and the role they play in policing.

CRP.K-12.CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.

CRP.K-12.CRP1.1 Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a

member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.

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Employ valid and reliable research strategies.

CRP.K-12.CRP7

CRP.K-12.CRP7.1	Career-ready individuals are discerning in accepting and using new information to make decisions, change practices or inform strategies. They use reliable research process to search for new information. They evaluate the validity of sources when considering the use and adoption of external information or practices in their workplace situation.
CRP.K-12.CRP8	Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
CRP.K-12.CRP8.1	Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.
SOC.6.2.12	World History/Global Studies: All students will acquire the knowledge and skills to think analytically and systematically about how past interactions of people, cultures, and the environment affect issues across time and cultures. Such knowledge and skills enable students to make informed decisions as socially and ethically responsible.
TECH.8.1.12.B.CS1	Apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes.
TECH.8.1.12.D.CS2	Demonstrate personal responsibility for lifelong learning.

Summative Assessment

All assessments are differentiated and aligned to the social studies standards and curriculum.

Alternate assessments may include problem based learning, projects or presentations, or a common paper/pencil assessment or combination of any of these.

Common summative assessments will be devised by the teachers teaching this course during a common planning time.

21st Century Life and Careers

CRP.K-12.CRP2	Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
CRP.K-12.CRP4	Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
CRP.K-12.CRP6	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
CRP.K-12.CRP8	Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

Formative Assessment and Performance Opportunities

Do Nows
Teacher observation
Q and A
Cooperative learning opportunities
Surveys
Guided notes
Benchmark
Accommodations/Modifications
Enrichment opportunities: extra credit for those who choose to do outside the classroom work
Differentiation: 504 accommodations and IEP modifications are met as required
All assessments are differentiated and aligned to the Social Studies standards and curriculum. Differentiation can include, but is not limited to:
- Graphic Organizers
- Chunked Readings
- RAFT Activites (Role, Audience, Format, Topic)
- Layered Curriculum/Tiered Assignments
- Academic Games to practice skills and deepen understanding of topics

- Think-Pair-Share Activities
- Stations and Learning Centers
- Utilizing Pre-tests to reteach complex content before summative assessment
- Providing additional resources for indpendent study (videos, study guides, teacher notes, web-based resources)
Alternate assessments may include, but are not limited to Project Based Learning, projects or presentations, or a common paper/pencil assessment or combination of any of these. Some example alternative assessment can include:
- Compare and Contrast Foldable
- Online Practice Game
- Graphic Organizer
- Perspectives Journal Writing
- Timelines
- Debate
- Play Re-Enactment and Song Analysis

- Research Activity http://www.loc.gov/teachers/classroommaterials/lessons/tinker/procedure.html
Online Resources:
Text to Speech: Natural Readers - https://www.naturalreaders.com/
Content Vocabulary: Academic Word Finder - http://achievethecore.org/academic-word-finder/
Unit Resources
Internet
Power Points
Surveys
Supplemental text/teacher resources
Videos
Student notebook/journal

Interdisciplinary Connections		