# Unit 1: The Evolution of Law and the American Quest for Freedom and Justice

Content Area: Social Studies
Course(s): Law Enforcement

Time Period: **8 weeks**Length: **8 weeks**Status: **Published** 

#### **Unit Overview**

Students will be able to demonstrate knowledge of the history of the criminal justice system and analyze the evolution of law enforcement and the role of the criminal justice system in American society.

#### **Transfer**

Students will be able to compare and contrast the pros and cons of the justice system from the United States and other parts of the world.

For more information, read the following article by Grant Wiggins.

http://www.authenticeducation.org/ae bigideas/article.lasso?artid=60

#### Meaning

## **Understandings**

Students will understand that...

- Different systems of justice in the past have effected our current justice system.
- Technology and other advances have helped us fight crime better.
- Past practice impacts the current status of laws today.
- Different laws take precedence if two laws conflict.
- It is necessary to prove a crime has been committed.

#### **Essential Questions**

Students will keep considering...

- The overall impact of the 3 eras of policing.
- Why the justice system has evolved throughout history.
- Why techniques of fighting crime have changed.

# **Application of Knowledge and Skill**

#### Students will know...

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- The significance of the impact of the Bill of Rights on the Justice System.
- The different roles of federal, state, and local agencies.
- The 3 different eras of policing.

#### Students will be skilled at...

Students will be skilled at...

- Comparing and contrasting past and present justice systems.
- Analyzing the different eras in policing.
- Evaluating the effectiveness of the four major phases in the development of the Juvenile Justice system.
- Comparing and contrasting federal, state, and local agencies.

## **Academic Vocabulary**

constable, lex talionis, parens patriae, rattle watch, shire-reeve, tithing, vigilante, asset forfeiture, code of silence, corpus delicti, double jeopardy

#### Target 2

CRP.K-12.CRP4.1

Determine the importance of knowing the difference between federal, state, and local agencies

CRP.K-12.CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.

CRP.K-12.CRP1.1 Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a

> member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.

CRP.K-12.CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and

> others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas.

They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome. CRP.K-12.CRP8 Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. CRP.K-12.CRP8.1 Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others. CRP.K-12.CRP11.1 Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent riskspersonal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks. SOC.6.1.12.A.2.a Assess the importance of the intellectual origins of the Foundational Documents (i.e., Declaration of Independence, the Constitution, and Bill of Rights) and assess their importance on the spread of democracy around the world. SOC.6.1.12.A.4.b Analyze how ideas found in key documents (i.e., the Declaration of Independence, the Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments and Resolution, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the Gettysburg Address) contributed to demanding equality for TECH.8.1.12.B.CS1 Apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes. TECH.8.1.12.D.CS2 Demonstrate personal responsibility for lifelong learning.

#### Target 1

Determine the difference between a felony and a misdemeanor.

CRP.K-12.CRP1	Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
CRP.K-12.CRP1.1	Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.
CRP.K-12.CRP4	Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
CRP.K-12.CRP4.1	Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with

clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and

others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.

CRP.K-12.CRP6 Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

CRP.K-12.CRP6.1 Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and

different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring

innovation to an organization.

CRP.K-12.CRP8 Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

CRP.K-12.CRP8.1 Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand

the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is

solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.

SOC.6.1.12.A.16.a Examine the impact of media and technology on political and social issues in a

global society.

SOC.6.2.12 World History/Global Studies: All students will acquire the knowledge and skills to

think analytically and systematically about how past interactions of people, cultures, and the environment affect issues across time and cultures. Such knowledge and skills enable students to make informed decisions as socially and

ethically responsible.

TECH.8.1.12.B.CS1 Apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes.

TECH.8.1.12.D.CS2 Demonstrate personal responsibility for lifelong learning.

#### **Summative Assessment**

All assessments are differentiated and aligned to the social studies standards and curriculum.

Alternate assessments may include problem based learning, projects or presentations, or a common paper/pencil assessment or combination of any of these.

Common summative assessments will be devised by the teachers teaching this course during a common planning time.

## **21st Century Life and Careers**

CRP.K-12.CRP2	Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
CRP.K-12.CRP4	Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
CRP.K-12.CRP6	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
CRP.K-12.CRP8	Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
Formative Assessme	ent and Performance Opportunities
Do Nows	
Teacher observation	
Q and A	
Cooperative learning	opportunities
Surveys	
Guided notes	
Benchmark	
Accommodations/M	Iodifications
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Differentiation: 504 ac  All assessments are differentiation, but is not line.  - Graphic Organize	ties: extra credit for those who choose to do outside the classroom work  commodations and IEP modifications are met as required  fferentiated and aligned to the Social Studies standards and curriculum. Differentiation mited to:

- Layered Curriculum/Tiered Assignments
- Academic Games to practice skills and deepen understanding of topics
- Think-Pair-Share Activities
- Stations and Learning Centers
- Utilizing Pre-tests to reteach complex content before summative assessment
- Providing additional resources for indpendent study (videos, study guides, teacher notes, web-based resources)
Alternate assessments may include, but are not limited to Project Based Learning, projects or presentations, or a common paper/pencil assessment or combination of any of these. Some example alternative assessment can include:
- Compare and Contrast Foldable
- Online Practice Game
- Graphic Organizer
- Perspectives Journal Writing
- Timelines

- Debate
- Play Re-Enactment and Song Analysis
- Research Activity http://www.loc.gov/teachers/classroommaterials/lessons/tinker/procedure.html
Online Resources:
Text to Speech: Natural Readers - <a href="https://www.naturalreaders.com/">https://www.naturalreaders.com/</a>
Content Vocabulary: Academic Word Finder - <a href="http://achievethecore.org/academic-word-finder/">http://achievethecore.org/academic-word-finder/</a>
Unit Resources
Internet
Power Points

Surveys
Supplemental text/teacher resources
Videos
Student notebook/journal
Interdisciplinary Connections