

# Ethics and Social Consciousness

Content Area: **English Language Arts**  
Course(s):  
Time Period: **Marking Period 3**  
Length: **5-6 Weeks**  
Status: **Published**

## Brief Summary of Unit

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“The ultimate measure of a man is not where he stands in moments of comfort, but where he stands at times of challenge and controversy.” Martin Luther King Jr.

Reading literary works including *A Raisin in the Sun*, *Of Mice and Men*, and *To Kill a Mockingbird*, and *Inherit the Wind*, students will read, analyze, and discuss works of fiction and non-fiction that present characters with real world ethical dilemmas and illustrate the complexity of ethical choices. Students will be encouraged to explore moral quandries and develop the tools to support or refute current social practices.

This unit is designed to be part of a developmental progression across grade levels and make interdisciplinary connections across content areas including physical and social sciences, technology, career readiness, cultural awareness, and global citizenship. During this course, students are provided with opportunities to develop skills that pertain to a variety of careers. When completing this course, students can make informed choices and pursue electives that further their study and contribute toward the formation of career interest.

Revision Date: July 2023

## Standards

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The identified standards reflect a developmental progression across grades/ levels and make interdisciplinary connections across content areas including social sciences, technology, career readiness, cultural awareness and global citizenship. The standards that follow are relevant to this course in addition to the associated content-based standards listed below.

**Standard 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills:** This standard outline key literacies and technical skills such as critical thinking, global and cultural awareness, and technology literacy that are critical for students to develop to live and work in an interconnected global economy.

### **New Jersey Diversity and Inclusion Law:**

In accordance with New Jersey’s Chapter 32 Diversity and Inclusion Law, this unit includes instructional materials that highlight and promote diversity, including: economic diversity, equity, inclusion, tolerance, and

belonging in connection with gender and sexual orientation, race and ethnicity, disabilities, and religious tolerance.

### **Information Literacy:**

This unit challenges students to locate, evaluate, and use information effectively. Information literacy includes, but is not limited to, digital, visual, media, textual, and technological literacy. Lessons may include the research process and how information is created and produced; critical thinking and using information resources; research methods, including the difference between primary and secondary sources; the difference between facts, points of view, and opinions, accessing peer-reviewed print and digital library resources; the economic, legal, social, and ethical issues surrounding the use of information.

LA.W.9-10.1	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
LA.RI.9-10.1	Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.) and make relevant connections, to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
LA.RI.9-10.2	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze how it is developed and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
LA.RI.9-10.3	Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.
LA.RI.9-10.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).
LA.RI.9-10.5	Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).
LA.RI.9-10.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetorical devices to advance that point of view or purpose.
LA.RI.9-10.9	Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and literary significance, (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail", Declaration of the Rights of Man and Citizen, U.N. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, etc.), including how they relate in terms of themes and significant concepts.
LA.RI.9-10.10b	By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above.
LA.RL.9-10.1	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
LA.RL.9-10.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details and provide an objective summary of the text.
LA.RL.9-10.3	Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.

LA.RL.9-10.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).
LA.RL.9-10.5	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create specific effects (e.g., mystery, tension, or surprise).
LA.RL.9-10.6	Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.
LA.RL.9-10.7	Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each work (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of Icarus).
LA.RL.9-10.8	(Not applicable to literature)
LA.RL.9-10.9	Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from mythology or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare).
LA.RL.9-10.10a	By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.
LA.RL.9-10.10b	By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at grade level or above.
LA.9-10.W.9-10.1	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

## Essential Questions

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- How does one tell right from wrong?
- Can there be a universal understanding of what is right or wrong?
- How do age, culture, race, and other factors affect one's ethical decisions?
- How do background knowledge and context influence how one observes, identifies patterns, and draws conclusions about a subject?
- To what extent do institutions emphasize conformity at the expense of individuality?
- How do literary, historical, and Biblical allusions contribute to the understanding and meaning of a work of literature?
- What is a proverb?
- What is the American Dream? What are the social, educational, economic, political, and religious freedoms associated with the American Dream?
- Historically and currently, what groups of people have had limited access to the American Dream?
- What are some obstacles to achieving the American Dream?
- What role do gender, race, class, and language play in determining the distribution of power in society?

## **Students Will Know/Be Skilled At**

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- How to determine the central idea of a text and how it is developed and refined by specific details.
  - How to determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative, to analyze the cumulative impact of word choice on meaning and tone.
  - How to analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature.
  - How age, culture, race and other factors affect ethical decisions.
  - The cultural and literary impact of the historical Harlem Renaissance.
  - The authors, musicians and poets of the Harlem Renaissance.
  - How to sort information and select evidence to support a claim.
  - How to use logos, pathos, and ethos to make an effective argument to support a position.
  - How to develop claims and counter claims, how to select evidence to support a point of view, how to refute counterclaims in a discussion of ethics and values in both speaking and writing.
  - How to attempt to determine right from wrong.
  - How moral and ethical questions can be ambiguous and complex.
  - The connections between tolerance, understanding, empathy and developing a social conscience.
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- Reading and understanding the plot of the literary work.
  - Analyzing rhetorical strategies an author uses to convey his message.
  - Citing strong textual and through textual evidence to support a position or point of view.
  - Making connections among the themes of literary works, poetry and non-fiction selections such as speeches and political essays.
  - Thinking and writing critically about social issues and moral dilemmas.

## **Evidence/Performance Tasks**

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Developmental progression across years in both reading and writing is evidenced by multiple benchmark assessment screeners, administered three times per year. Follow up diagnostic assessments are used to target skill remediation. Student proficiency allows for additional or alternative assessment based on demonstration or absence of skill.

Students demonstrate differentiated proficiency through both formative and summative assessments in the classroom. Based on individual student readiness and performance, assessments can be implemented as formative and/or summative.

The performance tasks listed below are examples of the types of assessments teachers may use in the classroom and the data collected by the district to track student progress.

**Formative:**

- Teacher Observations
- Accountable Talk, Socratic Seminars/Fish Bowls
- Analysis of multimodal text sets
- Analysis of critical commentary, literary criticism
- Writers Notebook (quick writes/drafts/prewrites), emphasizing author's craft
- Close reading analysis of text using evidence as substantiation
- Conferences: Individual and small group, accompanying conference notes
- Reflective exercises and assessments
- Oral Reading and Interpretation
- Peer and self-evaluations of learning
- Entrance and Exit Tickets
- Open-Ended Responses in Journal

**Summative, including Alternative Assessments:**

- On-demand Writing Assessments, timed and untimed
- Researched Presentations
- Performance Assessments
- Project-based Learning
- Problem-based Learning
- Personalized Learning
- Visual Literacy Prompts
- Digital Portfolios
- Online Discussion Forums

**Benchmark:**

- Benchmark reading and writing assessments scored using rubrics, district-created and standards-aligned; based on NJSLA, reported twice per year- analyze various perspectives as presented in different mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are emphasized in each account. Describe and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and reasoning.
- Engage in text set analysis using visual literacy and close reading analysis strategies to compose a claim and use evidence as support- accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.) and make relevant connections, to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
- Grade-level Standards-based Rubrics
- Common Lit Reading Benchmark Assessments, three times per year (grades 9-11)
- New Jersey Student Learning Assessment
- Midterm and Final Exams

## Learning Plan

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Instructional time for reading will be divided into thirds; one-third of the time will be dedicated to whole class text instruction; one-third will include literature circles; one-third, independent reading. The intent is for student-readers to have clear modeling through whole-class instruction. These strategies are practiced through literature circles in a group setting of peers and through independent practice monitored through teacher conferencing with students. An emphasis will be based on the transfer of skills instruction, teaching the reader, not merely the content of the text. The text complexity and rigor of reading will be appropriate for grade 9; materials selection for whole-class and literature circles will be from the book list approved by the Board of Education. Classrooms will house rich and diverse independent reading libraries of both contemporary and canonical works.

The reading of text during the ninth grade targets not only comprehension but also analysis. Students will read both long-and short-form, excerpted and full-length, print and electronic, fiction and nonfiction texts. Study will include the analysis of visual texts including film clips, art, infographic, maps, charts, graphs, cartoons, and graphic novels. Technique and terminology specific to a genre of reading is examined. Research tasks are embedded throughout the year and a minimum of one task is completed during each unit. Vocabulary instruction will be chosen from the reading material.

Students write in all modes of rhetoric including narration/description, argument/persuasion, and exposition. Various forms of writing including digital writing are emphasized as well. Grammar instruction is embedded in writing instruction through mini-lessons, holding students accountable for skills taught and practiced; modeling is done through mentor texts, both published and student-crafted. Teachers focus on process in addition to product with an emphasis on synthesizing texts with nuanced understanding; teacher-created multi-modal text sets will be used as materials. High-and low-stakes, timed and untimed pieces are all important.

Teachers may personalize instruction during this unit and address the distinct learning needs, interests, aspirations, or cultural backgrounds of individual students.

Students will be taught how to speak and listen in addition to being assessed on these skills.

This unit of study focuses on "Ethics and Social Consciousness" and is centered on the quotation by Martin Luther King Jr.: "The ultimate measure of a man is not where he stands in moments of comfort, but where he stands in moments of challenge and controversy." This unit is designed to examine iniquities in social, political, and economic structures. We will discuss the American Dream and the obstacles marginalized groups face in trying to obtain this dream. The goal of the unit is for students to consider how we might update the American dream in the 21st century, to make it more inclusive and communal. As students read whole class texts, they may also explore texts on their own based on their interests in certain topics.

For this particular unit, teachers should . . .

- Build a text set for discussion, writing, and synthesis
- Select common reading and literature circle texts
- Prepare for conferences with students
- Generate a list of skills students will master throughout the unit (focusing specifically on a few in each area)
- Create a summative assessment (backward design)

## **Materials**

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The materials used in this course integrate a variety of leveled instructional, enrichment, and intervention materials that support student learners at all levels in the school and home environments. Associated web content and media sources are infused into the unit as applicable and available.

Teachers must refer to the district-approved [Core Book List](#) while selecting whole-class or small-group leveled resources.

## **Instructional Materials**

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### **Instructional Materials**

Common Reading:

- *Of Mice and Men*- Steinbeck
- *A Raisin in the Sun* - Hansberry
- *Inherit the Wind* - Lawrence and Lee
- *To Kill A Mockingbird* - Harper Lee

Fictional Text (Novel, Short Story, Poetry)

- "Harlem" Langston Hughes
- "We Real Cool" - Gwendolyn Brooks
- "My City" - James Weldon Johnson
- "I Hear America Singing" - Walt Whitman

- "I Too, Sing America" - Langston Hughes
- "Mother To Son" - Langston Hughes
- "The Black Mammy" - James Weldon Johnson
- "Strange Fruit" - Abe Meeropol
- "Saturday's Child" - Countee Cullen
- Selection of poetry related to the themes of inequality, injustice, and ethical behavior
- Short Story: "The Lottery" - Shirley Jackson
- "The Minister's Black Veil" - Nathaniel Hawthorne

#### NonFiction Text (Short, Long)

- "Cheating Upwards" -Robert Kolker, *New York* magazine
- "Why We Look the Other Way" - Chuck Klosterman, *ESPN the Magazine*
- Exerpts from "An Ideal for Which I Am Prepared to Die," Nelson Mandella
- Excerpts from speeches of Gloria Steinem
- Political cartoons alligned with the themes of the literature: descrimination, inequality, intolerance
- Photograpy from Jacob Riis' compilation *How the Other Half Lives*

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#### Visual Text (Art, Photography, Infographic, Film)

- <https://www.guggenheim.org/collection-online/> The online Guggenheim Museum, NYC
- <https://nmaahc.si.edu/> The National Museum of African American History and Culture, Washinton DC
- <http://hispanicsociety.org/museum/> The Hispanic Society Museum, NYC
- <https://asiasociety.org/new-york/> Asian Society Museum, New York
- <https://www.metmuseum.org/> Metropolitan Museum of Art, NYC
- <https://www.moma.org/> Museum of Modern Art, NYC
- <https://www.amnh.org/> American Museum of Natural History, NYC
- [https://www.nyhistory.org](https://www.nyhistory.org/) NY Historical Society, NYC
- <https://whitney.org/> Whitney Museum of American Art, NYC
- <https://thejewishmuseum.org/> The Jewish Museum, NYC
- <https://www.themorgan.org/> The Morgan Museum, NYC
- <https://nmai.si.edu/visit/newyork/> National Museum of the American Indian, NYC

#### Writing (Narrative, Informational, Argument):

- Argumentative short answer responses defending, refuting, or quallifying author's claims
- Literary analysis of themes, figurative language, style of class literaturre
- Written support of literary criticism
- Short analysis and interpretation of poetry selections

Research: Individual projects for class presentation



## The Who, What, When, Where, Why, and How of

- The Scottsboro Boys and Trial
- The Murder of Emmet Till
- The Education of Aurtherine Lucy
- The Marriage of Mildred and Richard Loving
- The Central Park Five
- The Montgomery Bus Boycott
- The Birmingham Church Bombing

## Research:

- Journal Storage (JStor)
- Evaluation of sources used in classroom discussions
- Cranford Public Media Center Online Subscription Databases: <http://cranford.com/library/>
- Ebsco Host
- Facts on File
- Follet Fiction Ebooks
- Gale Reference Ebooks
- *New York Times*
- Goodreads
- Reading Rants
- History Channel
- MLA Format online: <https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/747/08/>
- Purdue Owl: <https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/>

## Additional Resources:

- Chromebooks/laptops
- SORA
- Digital Theatre+
- Swank Streaming
- Newsela
- Common Lit
- Google Classroom or other LMS
- Writing Portfolios
- Writer's Notebook/Journal
- Google Suite
- Audible
- Padlet
- Jamboard
- Socrative.com
- Remind.com
- YouTube

## Teacher Resources

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- *Readicide*, Kelly Gallagher
- *A Novel Approach*, Kate Roberts
- *When Kids Can't Read*, Kyleene Beers
- *Beyond Literary Analysis*, Allison Marchetti & Rebekah O'Dell
- *Writing with Mentors*, Allison Marchetti & Rebekah O'Dell
- *Argument in the Real World*, Kristen Hawley Turner and Troy Hicks
- *Writing Instruction that Works: Proven Methods for Middle and High School Classrooms*, Arthur Applebee and Judith Langer
- *Teaching Adolescent Writers*, Kelly Gallagher
- *Write Like This*, Kelly Gallagher
- *Book Love*, Penny Kittle
- *The Journey is Everything*, Katherine Bomer
- *How to Read Literature Like a Professor*, Thomas C. Foster
- *The Digital Writing Workshop*, Troy Hicks
- *Crafting Original Writing*, Troy Hicks
- *Fearless Writing: Multigenre to Motivate and Inspire*, Tom Romano
- *Understanding Comics*, Scott McCloud
- *Making Comics*, Scott McCloud
- *The Art of Styling Sentences*, Ann Longknife and K.D. Sullivan
- *The Well-Crafted Sentence*, Nora Bacon

## Strategies for Accommodation and Modification

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[Content specific accommodations and modifications as well as Career Ready Practices are listed here](#) for all students, including: Special Education, English Language Learners, At Risk of School Failure, Gifted and Talented, Students with 504.

Possible accommodations include:

- Access speech-to-text function on computer
- Use visual presentations of all materials to include organizers, charts
- Allow students to set individual goals for writing/reading
- Offer graphic organizers, note-taking models, strategies for summarizing, and questioning techniques
- Offer oral assessments
- Supply study guide questions and access to class notes
- Work in partnerships
- Give responses in a form (verbal or written) that is easier for the student
- Take additional time to complete a task or project
- Scaffold by chunking material and texts
- Individualize reading choices based on ability and level

- Take frequent breaks
- Use an alarm to help with time management
- Small group and one on one assessment
- Mark text with a highlighter or other manipulative such as a post-it
- Receive help coordinating assignments
- Answering fewer questions or completing shorter tasks
- Modify the length and quantity of assignments to fit individual
- Differentiate roles in discussion groups
- Use digital technology, eBooks,, audio version of printed text
- Create alternate assignments or homework
- Provide distinct steps in a process; eliminate unnecessary steps, as needed
- Use art, music, and film to convey alternate interpretation of literature and assessment
- Manage executive function by scaffolding process and amending deadlines

Adhere to all modifications and accommodations as prescribed in IEP and 504 plan