Unit 1: Aggression: Intrinsic or Learned?

Content Area: Course(s): Time Period: Length: Status:

Marking Period 1 4 Weeks Published

English Language Arts

Brief Summary of Unit

This unit examines the role of violence in sports and explores whether it is inherent or learned. Human being's aggression will be studied in both competitive team and individual sports. Issues in sports such as concussion protocol, ethics of professional leagues, and use of Performance-Enhancing Drugs (PEDs) will be explored as well.

Interdisciplinary Connections and Career Readiness:

This unit is designed to be part of a developmental progression across grade levels and make interdisciplinary connections across content areas including physical and social sciences, technology, career readiness, cultural awareness, and global citizenship. During this course, students are provided with opportunities to develop skills that pertain to a variety of careers. When completing this course, students can make informed choices and pursue electives that further their study and contribute toward the formation of career interest.

Revision: June 2023

Standards

The identified standards reflect a developmental progression across grades/ levels and make interdisciplinary connections across content areas including social sciences, technology, career readiness, cultural awareness and global citizenship. The standards that follow are relevant to this course in addition to the associated content-based standards listed below.

LA.RI.11-12.1	Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
LA.RI.11-12.2	Determine two or more central ideas of a text, and analyze their development and how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.
LA.RI.11-12.3	Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
LA.RI.11-12.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).
LA.RI.11-12.5	Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing,

and engaging.

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LA.RI.11-12.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.
LA.RI.11-12.7	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
LA.RI.11-12.10a	By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text- complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.
LA.RI.11-12.10b	By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text- complexity or above.
LA.W.11-12.1.A	Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
LA.W.11-12.1.B	Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
LA.W.11-12.1.C	Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
LA.W.11-12.1.D	Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
LA.W.11-12.1.E	Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
LA.W.9-10.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
LA.W.11-12.2.A	Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
LA.W.11-12.2.B	Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
LA.W.11-12.2.D	Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
LA.W.11-12.2.E	Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
LA.W.11-12.2.F	Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
LA.W.9-10.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
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LA.W.9-10.5	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
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LA.W.9-10.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.
LA.W.11-12.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.
LA.W.11-12.7	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
LA.W.9-10.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation (MLA or APA Style Manuals).
LA.W.11-12.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
LA.L.11-12.4.C	Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.
LA.L.11-12.4.D	Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
LA.L.11-12.5.B	Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.
LA.L.11-12.6	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
LA.11-12.CCSS.ELA- Literacy.CCRA.RL.6	Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.
LA.11-12.CCSS.ELA- Literacy.CCRA.RL.7	Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.
LA.11-12.CCSS.ELA- Literacy.CCRA.RL.9	Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.
LA.11-12.CCSS.ELA- Literacy.CCRA.RL.10	Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.
CRP.K-12.CRP4	Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
CRP.K-12.CRP5	Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.
CRP.K-12.CRP6	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
CRP.K-12.CRP11	Use technology to enhance productivity.

Essential Questions

- • How does an increase in media awareness impact sports?
- • How does profit influence the ethics and rules of the game?
- • How does the presence of violence in sports reflect society?

• • In what way is the use of Performance-Enhancing Drugs (PEDs) condoned? Should players be forgiven for cheating?

- • Why are war metaphors apt in sports?
- Why do athletes known as "bad boys" have large fan-followings?
- Why do fans forgive their "heroes" for crimes?
- • Why does violence play a part in sports?
- • Why should professional leagues act ethically?

Essential Understandings

- • Analyze the media's impact on sports culture.
- • Question the use of violence in professional sports.
- • Reflect on the cultural values of a society that cheers the violence.
- • Understand how Performance-Enhancing Drugs (PEDs) impact sports and cause health issues.

Students Will Know

- • Appropriate methods for attributing sources responsibly.
- • Media influences the culture of sports.
- • Professional teams operate to earn a profit.
- • Risks of using Performance-Enhancing Drugs (PEDs).

Students Will Be Skilled At

- • Developing personal inquiry and thought in journals.
- • Discussing cogent ideas in a cooperative setting.
- • Evaluating effectiveness of texts based on intended purpose.
- • Manipulating digital media.
- • Writing thought-provoking essays.

Evidence/Performance Tasks

Developmental progression across years in both reading and writing is evidenced by multiple benchmark assessment screeners, administered two times per year. Follow up diagnostic assessments are used to target skill remediation. Student proficiency allows for additional or alternative assessment based on demonstration or absence of skill.

Students demonstrate differentiated proficiency through both formative and summative assessments in the classroom. Based on individual student readiness and performance, assessments can be implemented as formative and/or summative.

The performance tasks listed below are examples of the types of assessments teachers may use in the classroom and the data collected by the district to track student progress.

Formative:

- Teacher Observations
- Accountable Talk, Socratic Seminars/Fish Bowls
- Analysis of multimodal text sets
- Analysis of critical commentary, literary criticism
- Writers Notebook (quick writes/drafts/prewrites), emphasizing author's craft
- Close reading analysis of text using evidence as substantiation
- Conferences: Individual and small group, accompanying conference notes
- Reflective exercises and assessments
- Oral Reading and Interpretation
- Peer and self-evaluations of learning
- Entrance and Exit Tickets
- Open-Ended Responses in Journal
- Textual Analysis Reading Responses
- Dialectical Journal
- Rhetorical Precis
- SOAPSTone Analysis

Summative, including Alternative Assessments:

- On-demand Writing Assessments, timed and untimed
- Researched Presentations
- Performance Assessments
- Project-based Learning
- Problem-based Learning
- Personalized Learning
- Visual Literacy Prompts
- Digital Portfolios
- Online Discussion Forums
- Analytical and Expository Essay

Benchmark:

- Benchmark reading and writing assessments, scored using rubrics, district-created and standardsaligned; based on NJSLA, reported twice per year
- Engage in text set analysis using visual literacy and close reading analysis strategies to compose a claim and use evidence as support
- Grade-level Standards-based Rubrics
- Common Lit Reading Benchmark Assessments, three times per year (grades 9-11)

- Advanced Placement tests (grades 11-12)
- NJGPA (grade 11)
- NJSLA (grade 9)
- PSAT (grades 10-11)
- SAT (grades 11-12)
- Final Exam
- IXL

• • Choose and research a current controversial ruling (such as the ban of Russian track athletes) and write an informed informational essay.

• • Develop a portfolio of selected current articles and critique each through reflection and synthesis.

• • Write a position paper discussing use of PED's in athletics.

• • Write journal entries reacting to violent clips in sports. Consider how to write a legal analysis identifying the attack as assault.

Learning Plan

Instructional time will be dedicated to whole class text instruction, collaborative learning, and independent and personalized learning. The intent is for student-readers to have clear modelling through whole-class instruction. These strategies are practiced in a group setting of peers and through independent practice monitored through teacher conferencing with students. An emphasis will be based on the transfer of skills instruction, teaching the reader, not merely the content of the text. The text complexity and rigor of reading will be appropriate for grade 9-12; materials selection for whole-class and literature circles will be from the book list approved by the Board of Education. Classrooms will house rich and diverse independent reading libraries of both contemporary and canonical works.

The reading of text during this class targets not only comprehension, but also analysis. Students may read both long-and short-form, excepted and full-length, print and electronic, fiction and nonfiction texts. Study will include the analysis of visual texts including film clips, art, infographic, maps, charts, graphs, cartoons, graphic novel. Technique and terminology specific to a genre of reading is examined. Research tasks are embedded throughout the year and a minimum of one task is completed during each unit. Vocabulary instruction will be chosen from the reading material.

Students write in all modes of rhetoric including narration/description, argument/persuasion, and exposition. Various forms of writing including digital writing are emphasized as well. Grammar instruction is embedded in writing instruction through mini-lessons, holding students accountable for skills taught and practiced; modelling is done through mentor texts, both published and student-crafted. Teachers focus on process in addition to product with an emphasis on synthesizing texts with nuanced understanding; teacher-created multi-modal text sets will be used as materials. High-and low-stakes, timed and untimed pieces are all important.

Students will be taught how to speak and listen in addition to being assessed on these skills.

- • Discuss "payback" in sports. Consider why some fans enjoy watching people hit each other; consider how many fans enter into a physical confrontation.
- • Discuss concussion protocol for high school athletes. Consider the long term health risk of playing sports while injured.
- • Discuss the use of Performance-Enhancing Drugs in sports at various levels and the health effects of steroid-use.
- • Identify who is responsible for the health of athletes.
- • Read "The Rate of Domestic Violence Arrests Among NFL Players." Are players held to different standards than the average person? Discuss Ray Rice and Adrian Peterson.
- • Read articles: "After a Life of Punches, Ex-N.H.L. Enforcer Is a Threat to Himself, "In Emails, N.H.L. Officials Conceded Concussion Risks of Fights," and "On C.T.E. and Athletes, Science Remains in its Infancy." Students develop a plan to make games safer while still being exciting and competitive.
- • Read excerpts from Boys Will Be Boys. Discuss whether violence in intrinsic or learned.
- • Show Top 10 series from Youtube. Discuss how each play affects the way the sport is played and the attitude of the fans.
- • Show Top Ten Controversial Calls. Consider fans' reactions.
- • Students read one literature circle selection (see materials section) and discuss violence and dishonesty in sports.
- • Students watch clips from The Last Gladiators which shows hockey enforcers. Write reactions to the fight scenes considering the impact on the game.
- • Through a series of journal entries, students write about the ethics and morality of cheating.
- • Watch 30 for 30: Playing for the Mob. Discuss cheating in sports and its impact on society.
- • Watch Eight Men Out clips. Discuss how athletes influence society by the choices they make. Write an analysis of how the media influences public perception of controversial issues.
- • Compare and contrast two issues in sports.
- • Read "Parental Violence in Youth Sports," and "Violence in Youth Sports." Discuss why violence exists. Explain how money/consumerism affects behavior.

Materials

The materials used in this course integrate a variety of leveled instructional, enrichment, and intervention materials that support student learners at all levels in the school and home environments. Associated web content and media sources are infused into the unit as applicable and available.

Teachers must refer to the district-approved <u>Core Book List</u> while selecting whole-class or small-group leveled resources.

ISBN-13: 978-1933060378

• • Benedict, Jeff. Out of Bounds: Inside the NBA's Culture of Rape, Violence, and Crime—ISBN-10: 0060726040, ISBN-13: 978-0060726041

• • Branch, John. Boy On Ice—ISBN-10: 0393351912, ISBN-13: 978-0393351910

• Fainaru-Wada, Mark.League of Denial: The NFL, Concussions, and the Battle for Truth-ISBN-10: 0770437567, ISBN-13: 978-0770437565

• • Gottschall, Jonathan. The Professor in the Cage: Why Men Fight and Why We Like to Watch — ISBN-10: 0143108050, ISBN-13: 978-0143108054

• • Porter, David. Fixed: How Goodfellas Bought Boston College Basketball-ISBN-10: 0878331468, ISBN-13: 978-0878331468

• The Last Gladiators- DVD/ Eight Men Out DVD

Suggested Strategies for Accommodation and Modification

<u>Content specific accommodations and modifications as well as Career Ready Practices are listed here</u> for all students, including: Special Education, English Language Learners, At Risk of School Failure, Gifted and Talented, Students with 504.

Possible accommodations include:

- Access speech-to-text function on computer
- Use visual presentations of all materials to include organizers, charts
- Allow students to set individual goals for writing/reading
- Offer graphic organizaers, note-taking models, strategies for summarizing, and questioning techniques
- Offer oral assessments
- Supply study guide questions and access to class notes
- Work in partnerships
- Give responses in a form (verbal or written) that is easier for the student
- Take additional time to compete a task or project
- Scaffold by chunking material and texts
- Individualize reading choices based on ability and level
- Take frequent breaks
- Use an alarm to help with time management
- Small group and one on one assessment
- Mark text with a highlighter or other manipulative such as a post-it
- Receive help coordinating assignments
- Answering fewer questions or completing shorter tasks
- Modify the length and quantity of assignments to fit individual
- Differentiate roles in discussion groups
- Use digital technology, eBooks,, audio version of printed text
- Create alternate assignments or homework
- Provide distinct steps in a process; elminate unnecessary steps, as needed
- Use art, music, and film to convey alternate interpretation of literature and assessment
- Manage executive function by scaffolding process and amending deadlines

Adhere to all modifications and accommodations as prescribed in IEP and 504 plan